§ 575.104 Eligible categories of employees.

(a) Except as provided in §575.104, an Executive agency may pay a recruitment incentive to an employee appointed or placed in the following categories of positions:

(1) A General Schedule position paid under 5 U.S.C. 5332 or 5305 (or similar special rate authority);

(2) A senior-level or scientific or professional position paid under 5 U.S.C. 5376;

(3) A Senior Executive Service position paid under 5 U.S.C. 5383 or a Federal Bureau of Investigation and Drug Enforcement Administration Senior Executive Service position paid under 5 U.S.C. 3151;

(4) A position as a law enforcement officer, as defined in 5 CFR 550.103;

(5) A position under the Executive Schedule paid under 5 U.S.C. 5311–5317 or a position the rate of pay for which is fixed by law at a rate equal to a rate for the Executive Schedule;

(6) A prevailing rate position, as defined in 5 U.S.C. 5342(a)(3); or

(7) Any other position in a category for which payment of recruitment incentives has been approved by OPM at the request of the head of an executive agency.

(b) Except as provided in §575.104, a legislative agency may pay a recruitment incentive to an employee appointed or placed in a General Schedule position paid under 5 U.S.C. 5332 or 5305 (or similar special rate authority).

§ 575.104 Ineligible categories of employees.

An agency may not pay a recruitment incentive to an employee in—

(a) A position to which an individual is appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate;

(b) A position in the Senior Executive Service as a noncareer appointee (as defined in 5 U.S.C. 3132(a)(7));

(c) A position excepted from the competitive service by reason of its confidential, policy-determining, policymaking, or policy-advocating character; or

Service agreement means a written agreement between an agency and an employee under which the employee agrees to a specified period of employment of not less than 6 months or more than 4 years with the agency in return for payment of a recruitment incentive.

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(d) A position not otherwise covered by the exclusions in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this section—

1. To which an individual is appointed by the President without the advice and consent of the Senate;

2. Designated as the head of an agency, including an agency headed by a collegial body composed of two or more individual members; or

3. In which the employee is expected to receive an appointment as the head of an agency.

§ 575.105 Applicability to employees.

(a) A recruitment incentive may be paid under the conditions prescribed in this subpart to an employee who is newly appointed to a position listed in §575.103 that is likely to be difficult to fill, as determined under §575.106.

(b) An agency may target groups of similar positions (excluding positions covered by §575.103(b), (c), or (e) or those in similar categories approved by OPM under §575.103(g)) that have been difficult to fill in the past or that may be difficult to fill in the future and make the required determination to offer a recruitment incentive to newly-appointed employees on a group basis.

(c) An agency may not commence a recruitment incentive service agreement during—

1. A period of employment established under any service agreement required for a relocation incentive under 5 CFR part 575, subpart B, or

2. A period of employment established under any service agreement required for a retention incentive or for which an employee receives retention incentive payments without a service agreement under 5 CFR part 575, subpart C.


§ 575.106 Authorizing a recruitment incentive.

(a) Authority of authorized agency official. An authorized agency official retains sole and exclusive discretion, subject only to OPM review and oversight, to—

1. Determine when a position is likely to be difficult to fill under paragraph (b) of this section;

2. Approve a recruitment incentive for an employee under §575.105;

3. Establish the criteria for determining the amount of a recruitment incentive and the length of a service period under §§575.109(a) and 575.110(a), respectively;

4. Request a waiver from OPM of the limitation on the maximum amount of a recruitment incentive under §575.109(c); and

5. Establish the criteria for terminating a service agreement under §575.111.

(b) Factors for determining when a position is likely to be difficult to fill. An agency in its sole and exclusive discretion, subject only to OPM review and oversight, may determine that a position is likely to be difficult to fill if the agency is likely to have difficulty recruiting candidates with the competencies required for the position (or group of positions) in the absence of a recruitment incentive. An agency must consider the following factors, as applicable to the case at hand, in determining whether a position (or group of positions) is likely to be difficult to fill in the absence of a recruitment incentive and in documenting this determination as required by §575.106:

1. The availability and quality of candidates possessing the competencies required for the position, including the success of recent efforts to recruit candidates for the position or similar positions using indicators such as offer acceptance rates, proportion of positions filled, and the length of time required to fill similar positions;

2. The salaries typically paid outside the Federal Government for similar positions;

3. Recent turnover in similar positions;

4. Employment trends and labor-market factors that may affect the agency’s ability to recruit candidates for similar positions;

5. Special or unique competencies required for the position;

6. Agency efforts to use non-pay authorities, such as special training and work scheduling flexibilities, to resolve difficulties alone or in combination with a recruitment incentive;

7. The desirability of the duties, work or organizational environment,