§ 648.60 Sea scallop area access program requirements.

(a) A limited access scallop vessel may only fish in the Sea Scallop Access Areas specified in § 648.59, subject to the seasonal restrictions specified in § 648.59, when fishing under a scallop DAS, provided the vessel complies with the requirements specified in paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(9), and (b) through (f) of this section. An LAGC scallop vessel may fish in the Sea Scallop Access Areas specified in § 648.59, subject to the seasonal restrictions specified in § 648.59, provided the vessel complies with the requirements specified in paragraph (g) of this section.

(1) VMS. Each vessel participating in the Sea Scallop Access Area Program must have installed on board an operational VMS unit that meets the minimum performance criteria specified in §§ 648.9 and 648.10, and paragraph (e) of this section.

(2) Vessels participating in the Sea Scallop Access Area Program must comply with the trip declaration requirements specified in § 648.10(f) and vessel notification requirements specified in § 648.11(g) for observer deployment.

(3) Number of Sea Scallop Access Area trips—(i) Limited access vessel trips. (A) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, paragraphs (a)(3)(i)(B) through (E) of this section specify the total number of trips that a limited access scallop vessel may take into Sea Scallop Access Areas during applicable seasons specified in § 648.59. The number of trips per vessel in any one Sea Scallop Access Area may not exceed the maximum number of trips allocated for such Sea Scallop Access Area as specified in § 648.59, unless the vessel
owner has exchanged a trip with another vessel owner for an additional
Sea Scallop Access Area trip, as specified in paragraph (a)(3)(i) of this sec-
tion, or has been allocated a compensa-
tion trip pursuant to paragraph (c) of
this section.

(B) Full-time scallop vessels. A full-
time scallop vessel may take two trips
in the Elephant Trunk Access Area,
and one trip in the Delmarva access area,
and one trip in the Nantucket Lightship Access Area, subject to the
following seasonal trip restrictions.

(i) A full-time scallop vessel may not
take more than two of its three allo-
crated scallop access area trips during the period June 15 through August 31,
or may not fish for, possess, or retain
more than a combined total of 36,000 lb
(16,329 kg) of scallops, the equivalent of
two full trip possession limits specified
in §648.60(a)(5)(i)(A), during this time
period from the Delmarva and Ele-
phant Trunk Access Areas specified in
§648.59(a) and (e). For example, a full-
time vessel may declare up to two trips
in the Elephant Trunk Access Area or
up to one trip in the Elephant Trunk
Access Area and one trip in Delmarva
Access Area during June 15 through August 31. The remaining access area
trips may be taken during the remain-
der of the fishing year, subject to the seasonal closures described under
§648.59(a)(3) and (e)(3). This restriction
does not include the additional posses-
sion allowance to defray the cost of
fishing with an observer as specified in
§648.60(d) that occur during observed
trips between June 15 through August
31.

(ii) [Reserved]

(C) Part-time scallop vessels. A part-
time scallop vessel is allocated two
trips that may be distributed between access areas as follows: Two trips in
the Elephant Trunk Access Area; one
trip in the Elephant Trunk Access Area
and one trip in the Nantucket Lightship Access Area; one trip in the
Elephant Trunk Access Area and one
trip in the Delmarva Access Area; or
one trip in the Nantucket Lightship
Access Area and one trip in the Del-
marva Access Area.

(D) Occasional scallop vessels. An occa-
sional scallop vessel may take one trip
in the Elephant Trunk Access Area, or
one trip in the Nantucket Lightship
Access Area, or one trip in the Del-
marva Access Area.

(E) [Reserved]

(ii) One-for-one area access trip ex-
changes. If the total number of trips al-
located to a vessel into all Sea Scallop
Access Areas combined is more than
one, the owner of a vessel issued a lim-
ited access scallop permit may ex-
change, on a one-for-one basis, unutil-
lized trips into one access area for an-
other vessel’s unutilized trips into an-
other Sea Scallop Access Area. One-for-
one exchanges may be made only be-
tween vessels with the same permit
category. For example, a full-time ves-
sel may not exchange trips with a part-
time vessel, and vice versa. Vessel own-
ers must request the exchange of trips
by submitting a completed Trip Ex-
change Form at least 15 days before the
date on which the applicant desires the
exchange to be effective. Trip exchange
forms are available from the Regional
Administrator upon request. Each ves-
sel owner involved in an exchange is re-
quired to submit a completed Trip Ex-
change Form. The Regional Adminis-
trator shall review the records for each
vessel to confirm that each vessel has
unutilized trips remaining to exchange.
The exchange is not effective until the
vessel owner(s) receive a confirmation
in writing from the Regional Adminis-
trator that the trip exchange has been
made effective. A vessel owner may ex-
change trips between two or more ves-
sels under his/her ownership. A vessel
owner holding a Confirmation of Per-
mit History is not eligible to exchange
trips between another vessel and the
vessel for which a Confirmation of Per-
mit History has been issued.

(iii) [Reserved]

(4) Area fished. While on a Sea Scallop
Access Area trip, a vessel may not fish
for, possess, or land scallops in or from
areas outside the Sea Scallop Access
Area in which the vessel operator has
declared the vessel will fish during that
trip, and may not enter or exit the spe-
cific declared Sea Scallop Access Area
more than once per trip. A vessel on a
Sea Scallop Access Area trip may not
enter or be in another Sea Scallop Ac-
cess Area on the same trip except such
vessel may transit another Sea Scallop
Access Area provided its gear is stowed in accordance with §648.23(b).

(i) Reallocation of trips into open areas. If the yellowtail flounder TAC allocated for a Scallop Access Area specified in §648.59(b) through (d) has been harvested and such area has been closed, a vessel with trips remaining to be taken in such Access Areas may fish the remaining DAS associated with the unused trip(s) in Open Areas, up to the maximum DAS specified in §648.53(b)(4)(i) through (iii).

(ii) Possession and landing limits—(i) Scallop possession limits. Unless authorized by the Regional Administrator, as specified in paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section, after declaring a trip into a Sea Scallop Access Area, a vessel owner or operator of a limited access scallop vessel may fish for, possess, and land, per trip, scallops, up to the maximum amounts specified in the table in this paragraph (a)(5). A part-time or occasional limited access vessel that lawfully fishes for, possesses, and lands an amount of scallops greater than specified in this section in the 2010 fishing year shall have the excess pounds landed above the possession limit specified in this paragraph (a)(5) deducted from that vessel’s 2011 possession limit. A full-time vessel shall not fish for, possess, or retain more than 36,000 lb (16,329 kg) of scallops from the Elephant Trunk and Delmarva Access Areas, combined, from trips taken between June 15 and August 31. This landing restriction does not include the additional possession allowance to defray the cost of carrying an observer as specified in §648.60(d) that occur during observed trips between June 15 through August 31. No vessel declared into the Access Areas as described in §648.59(a) through (e) may possess more than 50 bu (17.62 hL) of in-shell scallops outside of the Access Areas described in §648.59(a) through (e).

(ii) NE multispecies possession limits and yellowtail flounder TACs. A limited access scallop vessel that is declared into a trip and fishing within the Sea Scallop Access Areas described in §648.59(b) through (d), and issued a valid NE multispecies permit as specified in §648.4(a)(1), may fish for, possess, and land, per trip, up to the maximum of 1,000 lb (453.6 kg) of all NE multispecies combined, excluding yellowtail flounder, subject to the minimum commercial fish size restrictions specified in §648.83(a)(1), and the additional restrictions for Atlantic cod, haddock, and yellowtail flounder specified in paragraphs (a)(5)(i)(A) and (C) of this section. Such vessel is subject to the seasonal restriction established under the Sea Scallop Access Program and specified in §648.59(b)(4), (c)(4), and (d)(4).

(A) Atlantic cod. Such vessel may bring onboard and possess only up to 100 lb (45.4 kg) of Atlantic cod per trip, provided such fish is intended for personal use only and cannot be sold, traded, or bartered.

(B) Haddock. Such vessels may possess and land haddock up to the overall possession limit of all NE multispecies combined, except that such vessels are prohibited from possessing or landing haddock from January 1 through June 30.

(C) Yellowtail flounder. Such vessel must retain all yellowtail flounder that meet the minimum size restrictions specified under §648.83(a)(1).

(1) Scallop Access Area TAC Availability. After declaring a trip into and fishing within the Closed Area I, Closed Area II, or Nantucket Lightship Scallop Access Areas described in §648.59(b), (c), and (d), respectively, a scallop vessel that has a valid NE multispecies permit, as specified in §648.4(a)(1), may possess and land yellowtail flounder, provided the Regional Administrator has not issued a notice that the scallop fishery portion of the TACs specified in §648.85(c) for the respective Closed Area
I. Closed Area II, or Nantucket Lightship Scallop Access Areas have been harvested. The Regional Administrator shall publish notification in the Federal Register, in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, to notify scallop vessel owners that the scallop fishery portions of the TAC for a yellowtail flounder stock has been or is projected to be harvested by scallop vessels in any Access Area. Upon notification in the Federal Register that a TAC has been or is projected to be harvested, scallop vessels are prohibited from fishing in, and declaring and initiating a trip to the Access Area(s), where the TAC applies, for the remainder of the fishing year, unless the yellowtail flounder TAC is increased, as specified in paragraph (a)(5)(ii)(C)(3) of this section.

(2) U.S./Canada Area TAC availability. After declaring a trip into and fishing in the Closed Area I or Closed Area II Access Area described in §648.59(b) and (c), a scallop vessel that has a valid NE multispecies permit, as specified in §648.4(a)(1), may possess and land yellowtail flounder, provided that the Regional Administrator has not issued a notice that the U.S./Canada yellowtail flounder TAC specified in §648.85(a)(2) has been harvested. If the yellowtail flounder TAC established for the U.S./Canada Management Area pursuant to §648.85(a)(2) has been or is projected to be harvested, as described in §648.85(a)(3)(iv)(C)(3), scallop vessels are prohibited from possessing or landing yellowtail flounder in or from the Closed Area I and Closed Area II Access Areas.

(3) Modification to yellowtail flounder TACs. The yellowtail flounder TACs allocated to scallop vessels may be increased by the Regional Administrator, after December 1 of each year pursuant to §648.85(c)(2).

(iii) NE multispecies possession limits and yellowtail flounder TAC. Subject to the seasonal restriction established under the Sea Scallop Area Access Program and specified in §648.59(b)(4), (c)(4), and (d)(4), and provided the vessel has been issued a scallop multispecies possession limit permit as specified in §648.4(a)(1)(ii), after declaring a trip into a Sea Scallop Access Area and fishing within the Access Areas described in §648.59(b) through (d), a vessel owner or operator of a limited access scallop vessel may fish for, possess, and land, per trip, up to a maximum of 1,000 lb (453.6 kg) of all NE multispecies combined, subject to the minimum commercial fish size restrictions specified in §648.83(a)(3), and the additional restrictions for Atlantic cod, haddock, and yellowtail flounder specified in paragraphs (a)(5)(iii)(A) through (C) of this section.

(iv) [Reserved]

(6) Gear restrictions. (i) The minimum ring size for dredge gear used by a vessel fishing on a Sea Scallop Access Area trip is 4 inches (10.2 cm) in diameter. Dredge or trawl gear used by a vessel fishing on a Sea Scallop Access Area trip must be in accordance with the restrictions specified in §648.51(a) and (b).

(ii) Vessels fishing in the Closed Area I, Closed Area II, and Nantucket Lightship Closed Area Sea Scallop Access Areas described in §648.59(b) through (d) are prohibited from fishing with trawl gear as specified in §648.51(f)(1).

(7) Transiting. While outside a Sea Scallop Access Area on a Sea Scallop Access Area trip, the vessel must have all fishing gear stowed in accordance with §648.23(b), unless there is a compelling safety reason to be transiting the area without gear stowed.

(8) Off-loading restrictions. The vessel may not offload its catch from a Sea Scallop Access Area trip at more than one location per trip.

(9) Reporting. The owner or operator must submit reports through the VMS, in accordance with instructions to be provided by the Regional Administrator, for each day fished when declared in the Sea Scallop Area Access Program, including trips accompanied by a NMFS-approved observer. The reports must be submitted in 24-hour intervals, for each day beginning at 0000 hours and ending at 2400 hours. The reports must be submitted by 0900 hours of the following day and must include the following information:

(i) Total pounds of scallop meats kept, total number of tows, and the Fishing Vessel Trip Report log page number.
(ii) Total pounds of yellowtail flounder kept and total pounds of yellowtail flounder discarded.

(b) [Reserved]

(c) Compensation for Sea Scallop Access Area trips terminated early. If a Sea Scallop Access Area trip is terminated before catching the allowed possession limit, the vessel may be authorized to fish an additional trip in the same Sea Scallop Access Area based on the following conditions and requirements.

1. The vessel owner/operator has determined that the Sea Scallop Access Area trip should be terminated early for reasons deemed appropriate by the operator of the vessel;

2. The amount of scallops landed by the vessel for the trip must be less than the maximum possession limit specified in paragraph (a)(5) of this section;

3. The vessel owner/operator must report the termination of the trip prior to leaving the Sea Scallop Access Area by VMS email messaging, with the following information: Vessel name, vessel owner, vessel operator, time of trip termination, reason for terminating the trip (for NMFS recordkeeping purposes), expected date and time of return to port, and amount of scallops on board in pounds;

4. The vessel owners/operator must request that the Regional Administrator authorize an additional trip as compensation for the terminated trip by submitting a written request to the Regional Administrator within 30 days of the vessel’s return to port from the terminated trip; and

5. The Regional Administrator shall authorize the vessel to take an additional trip and shall specify the amount of scallops that the vessel may land on such trip pursuant to the calculation specified in paragraph (c)(5)(i) of this section. Such authorization shall be made within 10 days of receipt of the formal written request for compensation.

(i) The amount of scallops that can be landed on an authorized additional compensation Sea Scallop Access Area trip shall equal the possession limit specified in paragraph (a)(5) of this section minus the amount of scallops landed on the terminated trip. For example, if the possession limit for a full-time vessel is 18,000 lb (8,165 kg) per trip, and the vessel lands 6,500 lb (2,948.4 kg) of scallops and requests compensation for the terminated trip, the possession limit for the additional trip is 11,500 lb (5,216.3 kg) or 18,000 lb (8,165 kg) minus 6,500 lb (2,948.4 kg).

(ii) If a vessel is authorized more than one additional compensation trip into any Sea Scallop Access Area as the result of more than one terminated trip in the same Access Area, the possession limits for the authorized trips may be combined, provided the total possession limit on a combined additional compensation trip does not exceed the possession limit for a trip as specified in paragraph (a)(5) of this section. For example, a vessel that has two broken trips with corresponding additional compensation trip authorizations of 10,000 lb (4,536 kg) and 8,000 lb (3,629 kg) may combine the authorizations to allow one compensation trip with a possession limit of 18,000 lb (8,165 kg).

(A) Pursuant to §648.60(a)(3)(i)(B)(1), a full-time vessel may not take a compensation trip based on a single or multiple terminated trip(s) during the period June 15 through August 31 if the compensation trip would allow a vessel to land more than 36,000 lb (16,329 kg), the equivalent of two full access area trips, during the period June 15 through August 31, in the Elephant Trunk Access Area and Delmarva Access Area combined. For example, a vessel that terminated a trip in the Delmarva Access Area on June 1, 2010, and intends to declare two full trips in the Elephant Trunk Access Area access area from June 15 through August 31, must wait to fish its compensation trip in the Delmarva Access Area Access Area until November 1, 2010.

(B) [Reserved]

(iii) A vessel operator must comply with all notification requirements prior to taking an additional compensation trip, and for each such trip, must enter a trip identification number by entering the number in the VMS for each such trip. The trip identification number will be included in the Regional Administrator’s authorization for each additional compensation trip.
Fishery Conservation and Management § 648.60

identification numbers from each authorization must be entered into VMS.

(iv) [Reserved]

(v) Additional compensation trip carry-over. If an Access Area trip conducted during the last 60 days of the open period or season for the Access Area is terminated before catching the allowed possession limit, and the requirements of paragraph (c) of this section are met, the vessel operator shall be authorized to fish an additional trip as compensation for the terminated trip in the following fishing year. The vessel owner/operator must take such additional compensation trips, complying with the trip notification procedures specified in paragraph (a)(2)(iii) of this section, within the first 60 days of that fishing year the Access Area first opens in the subsequent fishing year. For example, a vessel that terminates an Elephant Trunk Access Area trip on December 29, 2010, must declare that it is beginning its additional compensation trip during the first 60 days that the Elephant Trunk Access Area is open (March 1, 2011, through April 29, 2011). If an Access Area is not open in the subsequent fishing year, then the additional compensation trip authorization would expire at the end of the Access Area Season in which the trip was broken. For example, a vessel that terminates a Closed Area II trip on December 10, 2009, may not carry its additional compensation trip into the 2010 fishing year because Closed Area II is not open during the 2010 fishing year, and must complete any compensation trip by January 31, 2010.

(d) Possession limit to defray costs of observers—(1) Observer set-aside limits by area—(i) Nantucket Lightship Access Area. For the 2010 fishing year, the observer set-aside for the Nantucket Lightship Access Area is 58,910 lb (27 mt).

(ii) [Reserved]

(iii) Elephant Trunk Access Area. For the 2010 fishing year, the observer set-aside for the Elephant Trunk Access Area is 113,530 lb (52 mt).

(iv) Delmarva Access Area. For the 2010 fishing year, the observer set-aside for the Delmarva Access Area is 58,850 lb (27 mt).

(e) Possession limits and/or number of trips to defray the costs of sea scallop research—(1) Research set-aside limits and number of trips by area—(i) Nantucket Lightship Access Area. For the 2010 fishing year, the research set-aside for the Nantucket Lightship Access Area is 117,820 lb (53 mt).

(ii) [Reserved]

(iii) Elephant Trunk Access Area. For the 2010 fishing year, the research set-aside for the Elephant Trunk Access Area is 277,060 lb (126 mt).

(iv) Delmarva Access Area. For the 2010 fishing year, the research set-aside for the Delmarva Access Area is 117,700 lb (53 mt).

(2) Increase of possession limit to defray the costs of sea scallop research. The Regional Administrator may increase the sea scallop possession limit specified in paragraph (a)(5) of this section to defray costs for at-sea observers deployed on area access trips subject to the limits specified in paragraph (d)(1) of this section. An owner of a scallop vessel shall be notified of the increase in the possession limit through a permit holder letter issued by the Regional Administrator. If the observer set-aside is fully utilized prior to the end of the fishing year, the Regional Administrator shall notify owners of scallop vessels that, effective on a specified date, the increase in the possession limit is no longer available to offset the cost of observers. Unless otherwise notified by the Regional Administrator, vessel owners shall be responsible for paying the cost of the observer, regardless of whether the vessel lands or sells sea scallops on that trip, and regardless of the availability of set-aside for an increased possession limit.

(f) Possession limits and/or number of trips to defray the costs of sea scallop research—(1) Research set-aside limits and number of trips by area—(i) Nantucket Lightship Access Area. For the 2010 fishing year, the research set-aside for the Nantucket Lightship Access Area is 117,820 lb (53 mt).

(ii) [Reserved]

(iii) Elephant Trunk Access Area. For the 2010 fishing year, the research set-aside for the Elephant Trunk Access Area is 277,060 lb (126 mt).

(iv) Delmarva Access Area. For the 2010 fishing year, the research set-aside for the Delmarva Access Area is 117,700 lb (53 mt).

(2) Increase of possession limit to defray the costs of sea scallop research. The Regional Administrator may increase the sea scallop possession limit specified in paragraph (a)(5) of this section or allow additional trips into a Sea Scallop Access Area to defray costs for approved sea scallop research up to the amount specified in paragraph (e)(1) of this section.

(3) Yellowtail flounder research TAC set-aside. Vessels conducting research approved under the process described in §648.56, and in the Access Areas specified in §648.59(b) through (d) may harvest cumulative yellowtail flounder up
to a total amount that equals 0.2 per-
cent of the yellowtail flounder TACs
established annually, according to the
specification procedure described in
§ 648.85(a)(2), and subject to the posses-
sion limits specified in paragraph
(a)(5)(ii)(C) of this section. Once 0.2 per-
cent of the yellowtail flounder TACs
established according to the specifica-
tion procedure described in § 648.85(a)(2)
has been harvested by research vessels,
research may no longer be authorized
in the applicable Access Area.

(f) VMS polling. For the duration of
the Sea Scallop Area Access Program,
as described in this section, all sea
scallop vessels equipped with a VMS
unit shall be polled at a minimum of
twice per hour, regardless of whether
the vessel is enrolled in the Sea Scal-
llop Area Access Program. Vessel own-
ers shall be responsible for paying the
costs of polling twice per hour.

(g) Limited Access General Category
Vessels. (1) An LAGC scallop vessel may
only fish in the scallop access areas
specified in § 648.59(a) through (e), sub-
ject to the seasonal restrictions speci-
fied in § 648.59(a)(4), (b)(4), (c)(4), (d)(4),
and (e)(3), and subject to the possession
limit specified in § 648.52(a), and pro-
vided the vessel complies with the re-
quirements specified in paragraphs
(a)(1), (a)(2), (a)(6) through (a)(9), (d),
(e), (f), and (g) of this section, and
§ 648.85(c)(3)(ii). A vessel issued both a
NE multispecies permit and an LAGC
scallop permit may fish in an approved
SAP under § 648.85 under multispecies DAS,
and that has not enrolled in the LAGC
Access Area fishery, is prohibited from
possessing scallops. An LAGC scallop
vessel authorized to fish in the Access
Areas specified in § 648.59(a) through (e)
may possess scallops up to the posses-
sion limit specified in § 648.52(a).

(2) Gear restrictions. An LAGC IFQ
scallop vessel authorized to fish in the
Access Areas specified in § 648.59(a)
through (e) must fish with dredge gear
only. The combined dredge width in use
by, or in possession on board of, an
LAGC scallop vessel fishing in the Ac-
cess Areas described in § 648.59(a)
through (e) may not exceed 10.5 ft (3.2
m), measured at the widest point in the
ball of the dredge.

(3) LAGC IFQ Access Area Trips. An
LAGC scallop vessel authorized to fish
in the Access Areas specified in
§ 648.59(a) through (e) may land scal-
llops, subject to the possession limit
specified in § 648.52(a), unless the Re-

gional Administrator has issued a not-
ice that the number of LAGC IFQ ac-
cess area trips specified in
§ 648.59(a)(3)(ii), (b)(5)(ii), (c)(5)(ii),
(d)(5)(ii), and (e)(4)(ii) have been or are
projected to be taken. Upon a deter-
rmination from the Regional Adminis-
trator that the total number of LAGC
IFQ trips in a specified Access Area
have been or are projected to be taken,
the Regional Administrator shall pub-
lish notification of this determination in
the FEDERAL REGISTER, in accor-
dance with the Administrative Proce-
dure Act. Once this determination has
been made, an LAGC IFQ scallop vessel
may not fish for, possess, or land scal-
llops in or from the specified Access
Area after the effective date of the noti-

cification published in the FEDERAL
REGISTER.

(4) Possession Limits—(i) Scallops. A
vessel issued a NE multispecies permit
and a general category scallop permit
that is fishing in an approved SAP
under § 648.85 under multispecies DAS,
and that has not enrolled in the LAGC
Access Area fishery, is prohibited from
possessing scallops. An LAGC scallop
vessel authorized to fish in the Access
Areas specified in § 648.59(a) through (e)
may possess scallops up to the posses-
sion limit specified in § 648.52(a).

(ii) Other species. Unless issued an
LAGC scallop permit and fishing under
an approved NE multispecies SAP
under NE multispecies DAS, an LAGC
IFQ vessel fishing in the Access Areas
specified in § 648.59(a) through (e) is
prohibited from possessing any species
of fish other than scallops and
monkfish, as specified in § 648.94(c)(8).

(5) Number of trips. An LAGC IFQ
scallop vessel may not fish for, possess,
or land scallops in or from the Access
Areas specified in § 648.59(a) through (e)
after the effective date of the notifica-
tion published in the FEDERAL
REGISTER, stating that the total number of
trips specified in
§ 648.59(a)(3)(ii), (b)(5)(ii), (c)(5)(ii),
(d)(5)(ii), and
§ 648.61 EFH closed areas.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, the following areas identified in paragraphs (a) through (e) of this section are closed to scallop fishing to protect EFH from adverse effects of scallop fishing (copies of charts depicting these areas are available from the Regional Administrator upon request):

(a) Closed Area I EFH Closure. No vessel may fish for scallops in, or possess or land scallops from, the area known as the Closed Area I EFH Closure. No vessel may possess scallops in the Closed Area I EFH Closure, unless such vessel is only transiting the area as provided in paragraph (e) of this section. The Closed Area I EFH Closure consists of two sections, defined by straight lines connecting the points in the order stated in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section 1</th>
<th>Point</th>
<th>Latitude</th>
<th>Longitude</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CAIE1</td>
<td>41°30' N.</td>
<td>69°23' W.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAIE2</td>
<td>41°30' N.</td>
<td>68°35' W.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAIE3</td>
<td>41°08' N.</td>
<td>69°4.2' W.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAIE4</td>
<td>41°30' N.</td>
<td>69°23' W.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) Closed Area II EFH Closure. No vessel may fish for scallops in, or possess or land scallops from, the area known as the Closed Area II EFH Closure. No vessel may possess scallops in the Closed Area II EFH Closure, unless such vessel is only transiting the area as provided in paragraph (e) of this section. The Closed Area II EFH Closure is defined by straight lines connecting the points in the order stated in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section 2</th>
<th>Point</th>
<th>Latitude</th>
<th>Longitude</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CAIE5</td>
<td>41°04.5' N.</td>
<td>69°1.2' W.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAIE6</td>
<td>41°09' N.</td>
<td>68°30' W.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAIE7</td>
<td>40°45' N.</td>
<td>68°30' W.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAIE8</td>
<td>40°45' N.</td>
<td>68°45' W.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAIE9</td>
<td>41°04.5' N.</td>
<td>69°1.2' W.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(c) Nantucket Lightship Closed Area EFH Closure. No vessel may fish for scallops in, or possess or land scallops from, the area known as the Nantucket Lightship Closed Area EFH Closure. No vessel may possess scallops in the Nantucket Lightship Closed Area EFH Closure, unless such vessel is only transiting the area as provided in paragraph (e) of this section. The Nantucket Lightship Closed Area EFH Closure is defined by straight lines connecting the points in the order stated in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Point</th>
<th>Latitude</th>
<th>Longitude</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NLSE1</td>
<td>40°50' N.</td>
<td>70°20' W.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NLSE2</td>
<td>40°50' N.</td>
<td>69°29.5' W.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NLSE3</td>
<td>40°30' N.</td>
<td>69°14.5' W.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NLSE4</td>
<td>40°30' N.</td>
<td>69°00' W.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NLSE5</td>
<td>40°20' N.</td>
<td>70°20' W.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NLSE6</td>
<td>40°20' N.</td>
<td>70°20' W.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NLSE1</td>
<td>40°50' N.</td>
<td>70°20' W.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(d) Western Gulf of Maine EFH Closure. No vessel may fish for scallops in, or possess or land scallops from, the area known as the Western Gulf of Maine EFH Closure. No vessel may possess scallops in the Western Gulf of Maine EFH Closure, unless such vessel is only transiting the area as provided in paragraph (e) of this section. The Western Gulf of Maine EFH Closure is defined by straight lines connecting the points in the order stated in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Point</th>
<th>Latitude</th>
<th>Longitude</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WGOM1</td>
<td>43°15' N.</td>
<td>70°15' W.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WGOM2</td>
<td>43°15' N.</td>
<td>69°55' W.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WGOM3</td>
<td>42°15' N.</td>
<td>69°55' W.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WGOM4</td>
<td>42°15' N.</td>
<td>70°15' W.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WGOM1</td>
<td>43°15' N.</td>
<td>70°15' W.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(e) Transiting. A vessel may transit the area(s) specified in paragraphs (a), (c), and (d) of this section, provided that its gear is stowed in accordance with the provisions of §648.23(b). A vessel may transit the area specified in paragraph (b) of this section, in accordance with §648.81(b)(2)(iv).