

§ 3015.202

report from the consultant, the information must be shown in a memorandum or other document prepared by the recipient or contractor for its files, or noted in handwriting on the consultant's invoice by the recipient or contractor. The memorandum, other document, or handwritten notation must be signed by an official of the recipient or contractor and show:

- (i) The name of the consultant;
- (ii) The nature of the services provided (such as statistical analysis of data, participation on project advisory committee, or specified medical services to eligible beneficiaries);
- (iii) The relevance of the services to the project or program, if not apparent from the nature of the services; and
- (iv) Whichever of the following is applicable:
 - (A) (If the fee was based on a rate per day or hours worked) the rate and the dates and/or hours worked;
 - (B) (If the fee was based on a rate per unit of service provided, such as the number of patients examined by a physician) the rate, the number of units of service provided, and the beginning and ending dates of the overall period of service; or
 - (C) (If the fee was determined on some other basis) the basis for determining the fee and the beginning and ending dates of the period in which services were provided.

§ 3015.202 Limits on total payments to the recipient.

- (a) This section summarizes the four most widely applicable limits on the total amount of money the recipient is entitled to receive from USDA as a result of a grant. It is permissible for the terms of a grant to provide one or more additional limits.
- (b) For each grant, the lowest of the applicable limits is the one that governs the final settlement upon expiration or termination of the grant.
- (c) The following two limits apply to every grant:
 - (1) The amount of Federal funds authorized.
 - (2) The Federal share of the allowable costs incurred by the recipient.
- (d) Grants that require a specified percentage of cost-sharing or matching

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are subject to the limit described in Subpart G.

(e) For each budget period of an incrementally funded discretionary grant, the Federal share of that period's approved budget is a limit.

§ 3015.203 [Reserved]

§ 3015.204 Federal Register publications.

(a) *Program regulations.* Most grant programs have program-specific regulations, which are published in the FEDERAL REGISTER and codified in the Code of Federal Regulations. In some cases the program-specific regulations are promulgated in the form of agency directives or manuals which may be obtained from the awarding agency.

(b) *Program announcements.* For each program, the awarding agency may publish in the FEDERAL REGISTER one or more program announcements. Program announcements invite applications for one or more stated program objectives. They include at least the following information:

- (1) An estimate of how much money will be available for competing awards, and the expected size of the awards, broken down by subprogram or priority area when appropriate;
- (2) Who is eligible;
- (3) How to obtain application kits;
- (4) Where to submit applications; and
- (5) The deadline for submitting applications.

(c) *Cooperative agreements.* If any or all of the awards are likely to be cooperative agreements rather than grants, the program announcement so states. In that case, if feasible, the program announcement also describes the anticipated substantial Federal involvement in performance. (This paragraph does not prevent the award of cooperative agreements under a program announcement that mentioned only grants. Nor does it prevent the award of grants under a program announcement that mentioned only cooperative agreements.)

(d) *Evaluation criteria.* The awarding agency publishes its criteria for evaluating grant applications either in the program regulations or the program announcement. If the criteria are not all equal in importance, their relative

weights are also published. The criteria cover at least the following factors (except where the nature of the eligible projects makes one or more of these factors irrelevant):

- (1) How well qualified the project's personnel will be;
- (2) The adequacy of the applicant's facilities and resources;
- (3) The adequacy of the project plan or methodology;
- (4) The cost-effectiveness of the project; and
- (5) How closely the project objectives fit the objectives for which applications were invited.

(e) *Funding priorities.* If the awarding agency will give priority to one or more particular kinds of projects, the priority (and how it will be applied in deciding which applications to fund) is described in the program announcement.

(f) *Competing continuations vs. "new" projects.* If the awarding agency will give a preference to competing continuation applications over applications for projects not already receiving support under the program, or vice versa, the preference is described in the program announcement.

(g) *Programs with few potential applicants.* In some programs the number of potential applicants is relatively small. (For example, in some programs only the States are eligible.) In these situations the awarding agency may send a copy of the program announcement directly to every potential applicant instead of publishing it in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

(h) *Register—Other information which is available.* In addition to the items specified above, each awarding Agency makes available to the public the following information and materials for each program:

- (1) A copy of, or reference to, the authorizing statutes for the program;
- (2) All guidelines of general applicability for administration of the program;
- (3) A description of the procedures the awarding agency will use for evaluating applications; and
- (4) Any other information that the awarding agency believes will be helpful.

(i) *Consulting with applicants.* Each awarding agency publishes as much information as practicable to reduce the need for consultation by applicants. If the awarding agency does provide consultation, its staff members try to give consistent interpretations and fair treatment to all requestors.

§ 3015.205 General provisions for grants and cooperative agreements with institutions of higher education, other nonprofit organizations, and hospitals.

(a) *Scope.* This section sets forth general provisions which apply, in whole or in part, to grants and cooperative agreements awarded by USDA to institutions of higher education, other nonprofit organizations, and hospitals. (General provisions applicable to grants and cooperative agreements with State and local governments are set forth in the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-102, Attachment M and are made a condition of each grant or cooperative agreement awarded to such recipients). Any statutory provisions that apply to the particular agreement at hand, that are not included herein, shall be made a part of the award document. All administrative requirements contained in subparts A through U of 7 CFR part 3015 shall apply, as appropriate.

(b) *Assurances and compliance.* It shall be a condition of every USDA grant or cooperative agreement awarded to institutions of higher education, other nonprofit organizations and hospitals that the recipient assure and certify compliance with the following general requirements to the extent applicable:

(1) It will comply with the following provisions regarding the rights and welfare of human subjects:

(i) The recipient organization is responsible for safeguarding the rights and welfare of any human subjects involved in research, development, and related activities supported by this agreement. The recipient organization may conduct research involving human subjects only as described in the proposal and as approved by the recipient organization's cognizant Institutional Review Board. Prior to conducting such research, the recipient organization shall obtain and document a legally sufficient informed consent from