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into the marketing area described in §1131.2 of this chapter of three million pounds or more during the current month, such producer-handler shall be subject to the provisions described in §1131.7 of this chapter or §1000.76(a).

[64 FR 47966, Sept. 1, 1999, as amended at 71 FR 25498, May 1, 2006]

§ 1006.11 [Reserved]

§ 1006.12 Producer.

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, producer means any person who produces milk approved by a duly constituted regulatory agency for fluid consumption as Grade A milk and whose milk (or components of milk) is:

(1) Received at a pool plant directly from the producer or diverted by the plant operator in accordance with §1006.13; or

(2) Received by a handler described in §1000.9(c).

(b) Producer shall not include:

(1) A producer-handler as defined in any Federal order;

(2) A dairy farmer whose milk is re-

ceived at an exempt plant, excluding producer milk diverted to the exempt plant pursuant to §1006.13(d);

(3) A dairy farmer whose milk is re-

ceived by diversion at a pool plant from a handler regulated under another Federal order if the other Federal order designates the dairy farmer as a pro-

ducer under that order and that milk is allocated by request to a utilization other than Class I; and

(4) A dairy farmer whose milk is re-

ported as diverted to a plant fully regu-

lated under another Federal order with respect to that portion of the milk so diverted that is assigned to Class I under the provisions of such other order.

§ 1006.13 Producer milk.

Producer milk means the skim milk (or the skim equivalent of components of skim milk) and butterfat contained in milk of a producer that is:

(a) Received by the operator of a pool plant directly from a producer or a handler described in §1000.9(c). All milk received pursuant to this paragraph shall be priced at the location of the plant where it is first physically re-

ceived;

(b) Received by a handler described in §1000.9(c) in excess of the quantity delivered to pool plants;

(c) Diverted by a pool plant operator to another pool plant. Milk so diverted shall be priced at the location of the plant to which diverted; or

(d) Diverted by the operator of a pool plant or a handler described in §1000.9(c) to a nonpool plant, subject to the following conditions:

(1) In any month, not less than 10 days’ production of the producer whose milk is diverted is physically received at a pool plant during the month;

(2) The total quantity of milk so di-

verted during the month by a coopera-

tive association shall not exceed 20 per-

cent during the months of July through November, 25 percent during the months of December through February, and 40 percent during all other months, of the producer milk that the cooperative association caused to be delivered to, and physically received at, pool plants during the month;

(3) The operator of a pool plant that

is not a cooperative association may divert any milk that is not under the control of a cooperative association that diverts milk during the month pursuant to paragraph (d) of this sec-

tion. The total quantity of milk so di-

verted during the month shall not ex-

ceed 20 percent during the months of July through November, 25 percent during the months of December through February, and 40 percent during all other months, of the producer milk physically received at such plant (or such unit of plants in the case of plants that pool as a unit pursuant to §1006.7(d)) during the month, excluding the quantity of producer milk received from a handler described in §1000.9(c);

(4) Any milk diverted in excess of the limits prescribed in paragraphs (d) (3) and (4) of this section shall not be pro-
ducer milk. If the diverting handler or cooperative association fails to designate the dairy farmers’ deliveries that will not be producer milk, no milk diverted by the handler or cooperative association shall be producer milk;

(5) Diverted milk shall be priced at the location of the plant to which di-

verted; and

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§ 1006.31 Payroll reports.

(a) On or before the 20th day after the end of each month, each handler that operates a pool plant pursuant to §1006.7 and each handler described in §1000.9(c) shall report to the market administrator its producer payroll for the month, in detail prescribed by the market administrator, showing for each producer the information specified in §1006.73(e).

(b) Each handler operating a partially regulated distributing plant who elects to make payment pursuant to §1000.76(b) shall report for each dairy farmer who would have been a producer if the plant had been fully regulated in

§ 1006.30 Reports of receipts and utilization.

Each handler shall report monthly so that the market administrator’s office receives the report on or before the 7th day after the end of the month, in the detail and on prescribed forms, as follows:

(a) With respect to each of its pool plants, the quantities of skim milk and butterfat contained in or represented by:

(1) Receipts of producer milk, including producer milk diverted by the reporting handler, from sources other than handlers described in §1000.9(c);

(2) Receipts of milk from handlers described in §1000.9(c);

(3) Receipts of fluid milk products and bulk fluid cream products from other pool plants;

(4) Receipts of other source milk;

(5) Inventories at the beginning and end of the month of fluid milk products and bulk fluid cream products; and

(6) The utilization or disposition of all milk and milk products required to be reported pursuant to this paragraph.

(b) Each handler operating a partially regulated distributing plant shall report with respect to such plant in the same manner as prescribed for reports required by paragraph (a) of this section. Receipts of milk that would have been producer milk if the plant had been fully regulated shall be reported in lieu of producer milk. The report shall show also the quantity of any reconstituted skim milk in route disposition in the marketing area.

(c) Each handler described in §1000.9(c) shall report:

(1) The quantities of all skim milk and butterfat contained in receipts of milk from producers; and

(2) The utilization or disposition of all such receipts.

(d) Each handler not specified in paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section shall report with respect to its receipts and utilization of milk and milk products in such manner as the market administrator may prescribe.