§ 23.1199 Extinguishing agent containers.
For commuter category airplanes, the following applies:
(a) Each extinguishing agent container must have a pressure relief to prevent bursting of the container by excessive internal pressures.
(b) The discharge end of each discharge line from a pressure relief connection must be located so that discharge of the fire extinguishing agent would not damage the airplane. The line must also be located or protected to prevent clogging caused by ice or other foreign matter.
(c) A means must be provided for each fire extinguishing agent container to indicate that the container has discharged or that the charging pressure is below the established minimum necessary for proper functioning.
(d) The temperature of each container must be maintained, under intended operating conditions, to prevent the pressure in the container from—
   (1) Falling below that necessary to provide an adequate rate of discharge; or
   (2) Rising high enough to cause premature discharge.
(e) If a pyrotechnic capsule is used to discharge the extinguishing agent, each container must be installed so that temperature conditions will not cause hazardous deterioration of the pyrotechnic capsule.

§ 23.1201 Fire extinguishing systems materials.
For commuter category airplanes, the following apply:
(a) No material in any fire extinguishing system may react chemically with any extinguishing agent so as to create a hazard.
(b) Each system component in an engine compartment must be fireproof.

§ 23.1203 Fire detector system.
(a) There must be means that ensure the prompt detection of a fire in—
   (1) An engine compartment of—
      (i) Multiengine turbine powered airplanes;
      (ii) Multiengine reciprocating engine powered airplanes incorporating turbochargers;
      (iii) Airplanes with engine(s) located where they are not readily visible from the cockpit; and
      (iv) All commuter category airplanes.
   (2) The auxiliary power unit compartment of any airplane incorporating an auxiliary power unit.
   (b) Each fire detector must be constructed and installed to withstand the vibration, inertia, and other loads to which it may be subjected in operation.
   (c) No fire detector may be affected by any oil, water, other fluids, or fumes that might be present.
   (d) There must be means to allow the crew to check, in flight, the functioning of each fire detector electric circuit.
   (e) Wiring and other components of each fire detector system in a designated fire zone must be at least fire resistant.

Subpart F—Equipment

§ 23.1301 Function and installation.
Each item of installed equipment must—
(a) Be of a kind and design appropriate to its intended function.
(b) Be labeled as to its identification, function, or operating limitations, or any applicable combination of these factors;
(c) Be installed according to limitations specified for that equipment; and
(d) Function properly when installed.