- (5) Define the hydraulic fluids approved for use with the propeller, including grade and specification, related operating pressure, and filtration levels: and
- (6) State the assumptions made to comply with the requirements of this part.
- (b) Instructions for operating the propeller which must specify all procedures necessary for operating the propeller within the limitations of the propeller type design.

[Amdt. No. 35-8, 73 FR 63346, Oct. 24, 2008]

## § 35.4 Instructions for Continued Airworthiness.

The applicant must prepare Instructions for Continued Airworthiness in accordance with appendix A to this part that are acceptable to the Administrator. The instructions may be incomplete at type certification if a program exists to ensure their completion prior to delivery of the first aircraft with the propeller installed, or upon issuance of a standard certificate of airworthiness for an aircraft with the propeller installed, whichever occurs later.

[Amdt. 35-5, 45 FR 60181, Sept. 11, 1980]

## § 35.5 Propeller ratings and operating limitations.

- (a) Propeller ratings and operating limitations must:
- (1) Be established by the applicant and approved by the Administrator.
- (2) Be included directly or by reference in the propeller type certificate data sheet, as specified in §21.41 of this chapter.
- (3) Be based on the operating conditions demonstrated during the tests required by this part as well as any other information the Administrator requires as necessary for the safe operation of the propeller.
- (b) Propeller ratings and operating limitations must be established for the following, as applicable:
  - (1) Power and rotational speed:
  - (i) For takeoff.
  - (ii) For maximum continuous.
- (iii) If requested by the applicant, other ratings may also be established.
  - (2) Overspeed and overtorque limits.

[Amdt. No. 35-8, 73 FR 63346, Oct. 24, 2008]

#### §35.7 Features and characteristics.

- (a) The propeller may not have features or characteristics, revealed by any test or analysis or known to the applicant, that make it unsafe for the uses for which certification is requested.
- (b) If a failure occurs during a certification test, the applicant must determine the cause and assess the effect on the airworthiness of the propeller. The applicant must make changes to the design and conduct additional tests that the Administrator finds necessary to establish the airworthiness of the propeller.

[Amdt. No. 35-8, 73 FR 63346, Oct. 24, 2008]

# Subpart B—Design and Construction

§35.11 [Reserved]

§ 35.13 [Reserved]

### §35.15 Safety analysis.

- (a)(1) The applicant must analyze the propeller system to assess the likely consequences of all failures that can reasonably be expected to occur. This analysis will take into account, if applicable:
- (i) The propeller system in a typical installation. When the analysis depends on representative components, assumed interfaces, or assumed installed conditions, the assumptions must be stated in the analysis.
- (ii) Consequential secondary failures and dormant failures.
- (iii) Multiple failures referred to in paragraph (d) of this section, or that result in the hazardous propeller effects defined in paragraph (g)(1) of this section.
- (2) The applicant must summarize those failures that could result in major propeller effects or hazardous propeller effects defined in paragraph (g) of this section, and estimate the probability of occurrence of those effects.
- (3) The applicant must show that hazardous propeller effects are not predicted to occur at a rate in excess of that defined as extremely remote (probability of 10<sup>-7</sup> or less per propeller