- (f) Providing technical assistance to local areas that fail to meet local performance measures.
- (g) Assisting in the establishment and operation of One-Stop delivery systems, in accordance with the strategy described in the State workforce investment plan. (WIA sec. 112(b)(14).)
- (h) Providing additional assistance to local areas that have high concentrations of eligible youth.
- (i) Operating a fiscal and management accountability information system, based on guidelines established by the Secretary after consultation with the Governors, chief elected officials, and One-Stop partners, as required by WIA section 136(f). (WIA secs. 129(b)(2), 134(a)(2), and 136(e)(2).)

§ 665.210 What are allowable Statewide workforce investment activities?

Allowable Statewide workforce investment activities include:

- (a) State administration of the adult, dislocated worker and youth workforce investment activities, consistent with the five percent administrative cost limitation at 20 CFR 667.210(a)(1).
- (b) Providing capacity building and technical assistance to local areas, including Local Boards, One-Stop operators, One-Stop partners, and eligible providers, which may include:
- (1) Staff development and training; and
- (2) The development of exemplary program activities.
- (c) Conducting research and demonstrations.
- (d) Establishing and implementing:
- (1) Innovative incumbent worker training programs, which may include an employer loan program to assist in skills upgrading; and
- (2) Programs targeted to Empowerment Zones and Enterprise Communities.
- (e) Providing support to local areas for the identification of eligible training providers.
- (f) Implementing innovative programs for displaced homemakers, and programs to increase the number of individuals trained for and placed in nontraditional employment.
- (g) Carrying out such adult and dislocated worker employment and training activities as the State determines

- are necessary to assist local areas in carrying out local employment and training activities.
- (h) Carrying out youth activities Statewide.
- (i) Preparation and submission to the Secretary of the annual performance progress report as described in 20 CFR 667.300(e). (WIA secs. 129(b)(3) and 134(a)(3).)

§ 665,220 Who is an "incumbent worker" for purposes of Statewide workforce investment activities?

States may establish policies and definitions to determine which workers, or groups of workers, are eligible for incumbent worker services under this subpart. An incumbent worker is an individual who is employed, but an incumbent worker does not necessarily have to meet the eligibility requirements for intensive and training services for employed adults and dislocated workers at 20 CFR 663.220(b) and 663.310. (WIA sec. 134(a)(3)(A)(iv)(I).)

Subpart C—Rapid Response Activities

§ 665.300 What are rapid response activities and who is responsible for providing them?

- (a) Rapid response activities are described in §§ 665.310 through 665.330. They encompass the activities necessary to plan and deliver services to enable dislocated workers to transition to new employment as quickly as possible, following either a permanent closure or mass layoff, or a natural or other disaster resulting in a mass job dislocation.
- (b) The State is responsible for providing rapid response activities. Rapid response is a required activity carried out in local areas by the State, or an entity designated by the State, in conjunction with the Local Board and chief elected officials. The State must establish methods by which to provide additional assistance to local areas that experience disasters, mass layoffs, plant closings, or other dislocation events when such events substantially increase the number of unemployed individuals.
- (c) States must establish a rapid response dislocated worker unit to carry