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- (c) $Related\ tolerances.$ See §556.350 of this chapter.
- (d) Conditions of use. It is used for swine as follows:
- (1) Amount. The equivalent of 8 milligrams of levamisole hydrochloride per kilogram of body weight, as a single dose.
- (2) Indications for use. See §520.1242a(f)(3)(ii).
- (3) Limitations. Withholding water from pigs before treatment is not necessary. Add one tablet for each 2½ gallons of water; mix thoroughly. Allow 1 gallon of medicated water for each 100 pounds body weight of pigs to be treated. No other source of water should be offered. After pigs have consumed medicated water, resume use of regular water. Pigs maintained under conditions of constant worm exposure may require re-treatment within 4 to 5 weeks. Consult your veterinarian before administering to sick swine. Consult your veterinarian for assistance in the diagnosis, treatment, and control of parasitism. Do not administer within 72 hours of slaughter for food.
- [45 FR 6087, Jan. 25, 1980, as amended at 67 FR 63055, Oct. 10, 2002]

§ 520.1242f Levamisole hydrochloride gel.

- (a) *Specifications*. The drug is a gel containing 11.5 percent levamisole hydrochloride.
- (b) Sponsor. See No. 053501 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) $Related\ tolerances.$ See §556.350 of this chapter.
- (d) Conditions of use—(1) Cattle—(i) Amount. Eight milligrams of levamisole hydrochloride per kilogram of body weight, as a single oral dose.
- (ii) Indications for use. Anthelmintic effective against the following nematode infections: Stomach worms (Haemonchus. Trichostrongylus, Ostertagia). intestinal worms (Trichostrongylus, Cooperia, Nematodirus. Bunostomum. Oesophagostomum), and lungworms (Dictyocaulus).
- (iii) Limitations. Conditions of constant helminth exposure may require re-treatment within 2 to 4 weeks after the first treatment; do not administer to cattle within 6 days of slaughter for food; do not administer to dairy ani-

- mals of breeding age; consult veterinarian before using in severely debilitated animals.
- (2) Breeding swine—(i) Amount. Eight milligrams per kilogram of body weight (3.6 milligrams per pound) as a single oral dose.
- (ii) Conditions of use. For treating breeding swine infected with the following nematodes: Large roundworms (Ascaris suum),nodular worms (Oesophagostomum spp.), lungworms (Metastrongylus spp.), intestinal threadworms (Strongyloides ransomi), and kidnev worms (Stephanurus dentatus).
- (iii) Limitations. May require retreatment in 4 to 5 weeks. Do not use within 11 days of slaughter for food. Consult your veterinarian for assistance before using in severely debilitated animals and in the diagnosis, treatment, and control of parasitism.
- [47 FR 22517, May 25, 1982; 47 FR 30242, July 13, 1982, as amended at 48 FR 11429, Mar. 18, 1983; 51 FR 29215, Aug. 15, 1986; 67 FR 63055, Oct. 10, 2002]

§520.1242g Levamisole resinate and famphur paste.

- (a) Chemical name of famphur. O, O-Dimethyl O-[p-(dimethylsulfamoyl) phenyl] phosphorothioate.
- (b) Specifications. The drug is a paste containing 11.6 percent levamisole resinate (50 percent potency) and 23.6 percent famphur.
- (c) Sponsor. See 000061 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (d) Special considerations. Do not use any cholinesterase-inhibiting drugs, pesticides, insecticides, or chemicals on cattle simultaneously or within a few days before or after treatment with this product.
- (e) Related tolerances. See §556.350 of this chapter for levamisole and §556.273 of this chapter for famphur.
- (f) Conditions of use in cattle—(1) Amount. 8 milligrams of levamisole hydrochloride (equivalent) and 30 milligrams of famphur activity per kilogram of body weight.
- (2) Indications for use. For treatment of cattle infected with the following parasites: Stomach worms (Haemonchus, Trichostrongylus, Ostertagia), intestinal worms (Trichostrongylus, Cooperia,

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Nematodirus, Bunostomum, Oesophagostomum), lungworms (Dictyocaulus), cattle grubs (Hypoderma), biting lice (Bovicola), and sucking lice (Linognathus, Solenoptes).

(3) Limitations. Drug is not effective against lice eggs. Conditions of constant helminth and ectoparasitic exposure may require retreatment within 2 to 4 weeks after first treatment. Do not administer to cattle within 19 days of slaughter. Do not administer to dairy animals of breeding age. Do not use in calves less than 3 months old, or in debilitated animals. Do not treat Brahman bulls. Consult your veterinarian for assistance in the diagnosis, treatment, and control of parasitism.

[53 FR 23757, June 24, 1988, as amended at 54 FR 1353, Jan. 13, 1989; 57 FR 7652, Mar. 4, 1992; 62 FR 55160, Oct. 23, 1997; 62 FR 61625, Nov. 19, 1997]

§ 520.1263 Lincomycin hydrochloride monohydrate oral dosage forms.

§ 520.1263a Lincomycin hydrochloride monohydrate tablets and sirup.

- (a) Specifications. The sirup contains lincomycin hydrochloride equivalent to either 25 milligrams or 50 milligrams of lincomycin.
- (b) *Sponsor*. See No. 000009 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Conditions of use. (1) The drug is indicated in infections caused by grampositive organisms which are sensitive to its action, particularly streptococci and staphylococci.
- (2) It is administered orally to dogs and cats at a dosage level of 10 mgs per pound of body weight every 12 hours, or 7 mgs per pound of body weight every 8 hours. Treatment may be continued for periods as long as 12 days if clinical judgment indicates.
- (3) Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[40 FR 13838, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 44 FR 7130, Feb. 6, 1979; 64 FR 403, Jan. 5, 1999]

§ 520.1263b [Reserved]

§ 520.1263c Lincomycin hydrochloride soluble powder.

(a) Specifications. Each gram of soluble powder contains lincomycin hydro-

chloride equivalent to 0.4 grams of lincomycin.

- (b) Sponsors. See Nos. 000009, 046573, 054925, 059130, and 061623 in §510.600(c) of this chapter for use as in paragraph (d) of this section.
- (c) Tolerances. See §556.360 of this chapter.
- (d) Conditions of use—(1) Swine—(i) Amount. 250 milligrams per gallon of drinking water to provide 3.8 milligrams per pound of body weight per day.
- (ii) Indications for use. For the treatment of swine dysentery (bloody scours).
- (iii) Limitations. Discard medicated drinking water if not used within 2 days. Prepare fresh stock solution daily. Do not use for more than 10 days. If clinical signs of disease have not improved within 6 days, discontinue treatment and reevaluate diagnosis. The safety of lincomycin has not been demonstrated in pregnant swine or swine intended for breeding. For No. 051259: Do not slaughter swine for 6 days following last treatment.
- (2) Chickens—(i) Amount. 64 milligrams per gallon of drinking water.
- (ii) *Indications for use*. For the control of necrotic enteritis caused by *Clostridium perfringens* susceptible to lincomycin in broiler chickens.
- (iii) Limitations. Discard medicated drinking water if not used within 2 days. Prepare fresh stock solution daily. Administer for 7 consecutive days. Do not allow rabbits, hamsters, guinea pigs, horses, or ruminants access to water containing lincomycin. Not for use in layer and breeder chick-

[48 FR 3966, Jan. 28, 1983, as amended at 55 FR 3209, Jan. 31, 1990; 60 FR 14217, Mar. 16, 1995; 62 FR 65020, Dec. 10, 1997; 64 FR 13341, Mar. 18, 1999; 64 FR 13508, Mar. 19, 1999; 64 FR 66382, Nov. 26, 1999; 65 FR 10705, Feb. 29, 2000; 67 FR 17284, Apr. 10, 2002; 67 FR 71819, Dec. 3, 2002; 67 FR 78356, Dec. 24, 2002; 68 FR 3817, Jan. 27, 2003; 70 FR 1818, Jan. 11, 2005]

§ 520.1265 Lincomycin and spectinomycin powder.

(a) Specifications. The following salts of lincomycin and spectinomycin are present in a soluble powder in the ratio of 1 to 2 on the basis of equivalency of lincomycin base to equivalency of spectinomycin base: