§ 520.2611 Trimethoprim and sulfadiazine paste.
(a) Specifications. Each gram (g) of paste contains 67 milligrams (mg) trimethoprim and 333 mg sulfadiazine.
(b) Sponsors. See sponsors in § 510.600(c) of this chapter:
(1) No. 000856 for product administered as in paragraph (c)(1)(i) of this section.
(2) No. 000061 for product administered as in paragraph (c)(1)(ii) of this section.
(c) Conditions of use in horses—(1) Amount. Administer orally as a single daily dose for 5 to 7 days:
(i) 5 g of paste (335 mg trimethoprim and 1,665 mg sulfadiazine) per 150 pounds (68 kilograms) of body weight per day.
(ii) 3.75 g of paste (250 mg trimethoprim and 1,250 mg sulfadiazine) per 110 pounds (50 kilograms) of body weight per day.
(2) Indications for use. For use where systemic antibacterial action against sensitive organisms is required during treatment of acute strangles, respiratory infections, acute urogenital infections, and wound infections and abscesses.
(3) Limitations. For oral use only. Administer the recommended dose once daily or one-half the recommended daily dose every 12 hours. Administer for 2 to 3 days after symptoms have subsided. If no improvement is seen in 3 days, discontinue therapy and re-evaluate diagnosis. Do not treat for more than 14 consecutive days. During long-term treatment, a complete blood count is recommended. The drug should not be used in patients showing marked liver parenchymal damage or blood dyscrasia, nor in those with a history of sulfonamide sensitivity. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

§ 520.2612 Trimethoprim and sulfadiazine oral suspension.
(a) Specifications. Each milliliter of oral suspension contains 60 milligrams of drug (10 milligrams of trimethoprim and 50 milligrams of sulfadiazine).
(b) Sponsor. See No. 000061 in § 510.600 of this chapter.
(c) Conditions of use. Dogs—(1) Dosage. 1 milliliter (10 milligrams of trimethoprim and 50 milligrams of sulfadiazine) per 5 pounds of body weight.
(2) Indications for use. The drug is used in dogs where systemic antibacterial action against sensitive organisms is required, either alone or as an adjunct to surgery or debridement with associated infection. The drug is indicated where control of bacterial infection is required during the treatment of acute urinary tract infections, acute bacterial complications of distemper, acute respiratory tract infections, acute alimentary tract infections, wound infections, and abscesses.
(3) Limitations. For oral use only. Administer the recommended dose once daily or one-half the recommended daily dose every 12 hours. Administer for 2 to 3 days after symptoms have subsided. If no improvement is seen in 3 days, discontinue therapy and re-evaluate diagnosis. Do not treat for more than 14 consecutive days. During long-term treatment, a complete blood count is recommended. The drug should not be used in patients showing marked liver parenchymal damage or blood dyscrasia, nor in those with a history of sulfonamide sensitivity. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

§ 520.2613 Trimethoprim and sulfadiazine powder.
(a) Specifications. Each gram of powder contains 67 milligrams of trimethoprim and 333 milligrams of sulfadiazine.
(b) Sponsor. See No. 000009 and 058711 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.
(c) Conditions of use: Horses—(1) Dosage. 3.75 grams of powder per 110 pounds (50 kilograms) of body weight per day.
(2) Indications for use. For control of bacterial infections of horses during