Food and Drug Administration, HHS

- (iv) Grams per ton. 227 carbarsone, plus 1 or 4 grams per ton bambermycins.
- (a) Indications for use. As an aid in the prevention of blackhead; and for increased rate of weight gain (4 grams per ton bambermycins) or improved feed efficiency (1 gram per ton bambermycins).
- (b) Limitations. Feed continuously 2 weeks before blackhead is expected and continue as long as prevention is needed. Withdraw 5 days before slaughter. As sole source of organic arsenic. Bambermycins provided by No. 046573 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (2) Carbarsone (not U.S.P.) may be used in accordance with the provisions of this section in the combinations provided as follows:
- (i) Zoalene in accordance with §558.680.
 - (ii) Amprolium as in §558.55.

[41 FR 10995, Mar. 15, 1976, as amended at 42 FR 18617, Apr. 8, 1977; 46 FR 46797, Sept. 22, 1981; 48 FR 2758, Jan. 21, 1983; 51 FR 7396, Mar. 3, 1986; 52 FR 2687, Jan. 26, 1987; 53 FR 20848, June 7, 1988; 57 FR 7652, Mar. 4, 1992; 61 FR 515, Jan. 8, 1996; 61 FR 18082, Apr. 24, 1996; 62 FR 61011, Nov. 14, 1997; 63 FR 27845, May 21, 1998; 66 FR 46706, Sept. 7, 2001; 71 FR 27956, May 15, 2006]

§ 558.128 Chlortetracycline.

(a) Specifications. Type A medicated articles containing either chlortetracycline calcium complex equivalent to

- chlortetracycline hydrochloride or, for products intended for use in milk replacer, chlortetracycline hydrochloride.
- (b) Approvals. See sponsors in \$510.600(c) of this chapter for use as in paragraph (e) of this section.
- (1) Nos. 046573, 048164, and 066104: 50 to 100 grams per pound (g/lb) of Type A medicated article.
- (2) No. 012286: 50, 90, or 100 grams per pound of Type A medicated article.
- (c) Related tolerances. See §556.150 of this chapter.
- (d) Special considerations. (1) In milk replacers or starter feed; include on labeling the warning: "A withdrawal period has not been established for this product in preruminating calves. Do not use in calves to be processed for veal."
- (2) Manufacture for use in free-choice feeds as in paragraph (e)(4)(iii) of this section must conform to §510.455 of this chapter.
- (3) When manufactured for use as in paragraph (e)(5)(iv) of this section, include on labeling the warning: "Psittacosis, avian chlamydiosis, or ornithosis is a reportable communicable disease, transmissible between wild and domestic birds, other animals, and man. Contact appropriate public health and regulatory officials."
- (e) Conditions of use—(1) *Chickens*. It is used as follows:

Chlortetracycline amount	Indications for use	Limitations	Sponsor
(i) 10 to 50 g/ton	Chickens: For increased rate of weight gain and improved feed efficiency		046573.
		Do not feed to chickens producing eggs	012286,
		for human consumption	046573, 048164.
			066104.
(ii) 100 to 200 g/ton	Chickens: For control of infectious synovitis caused by Mycoplasma synoviae	1. Feed continuously for 7 to 14 d	046573.
	susceptible to chlortetracycline	Feed continuously for 7 to 14 d; do not feed to chickens producing eggs for human consumption	012286, 046573, 048164, 066104.
(iii) 200 to 400 g/ton	Chickens: For the control of chronic respiratory disease (CRD) and air sac infection caused by <i>M. gallisepticum</i> and <i>Escherichia coli</i> susceptible to chlor-	1. Feed continuously for 7 to 14 d	046573.
		2. Feed continuously for 7 to 14 d; do not	012286,
		feed to chickens producing eggs for	046573,
	tetracycline	human consumption	048164, 066104.

§558.128

21 CFR Ch. I (4-1-11 Edition)

Chlortetracycline amount	Indications for use	Limitations	Sponsor
(iv) 500 g/ton	Chickens: For the reduction of mortality due to <i>E. coli</i> infections susceptible to chlortetracycline		046573. 012286, 046573, 048164, 066104.

(2) Turkeys. It is used as follows:

Chlortetracycline amount	Indications for use	Limitations	Sponsor
(i) 10 to 50 g/ton	Growing turkeys: For increased rate of weight gain and improved feed efficiency	Do not feed to turkeys producing eggs for human consumption	012286, 046573, 048164, 066104.
(ii) 200 g/ton	Turkeys: For control of infectious synovitis caused by <i>M. synoviae</i> susceptible to chlor-tetracycline	Feed continuously for 7 to 14 d; do not feed to turkeys producing eggs for human consumption	012286, 046573, 048164, 066104.
(iii) 400 g/ton	Turkeys: For control of hexamitiasis caused by <i>Hexamita meleagridis</i> susceptible to chlortetracycline	Feed continuously for 7 to 14 d; do not feed to turkeys producing eggs for human consumption	012286, 046573, 048164, 066104.
	Turkey poults not over 4 weeks of age: For reduction of mortality due to paratyphoid caused by Salmonella typhimurium susceptible to chlortetracycline		012286, 046573, 048164, 066104.
(iv) 25 mg/lb of body weight.	Turkeys: For control of complicating bacterial organisms associated with bluecomb (transmissible enteritis; coronaviral enteritis) susceptible to chlorletracycline	Feed continuously for 7 to 14 d; do not feed to turkeys producing eggs for human consumption	012286, 046573, 048164, 066104.

(3) Swine. It is used as follows:

Chlortetracycline amount	Indications for use	Limitations	Sponsor
(i) 10 to 50 g/ton	Growing swine: For increased rate of weight gain and improved feed efficiency		012286, 046573, 048164,
(ii) 50 to 100 g/ton	Swine: For reducing the incidence of cervical lymphadenitis (jowl abscesses) caused by Group <i>E. Streptococci</i> susceptible to chlor-		066104. 012286, 046573, 048164,
(iii) 400 g/ton	tetracycline. Breeding swine: For the control of lepto- spirosis (reducing the incidence of abortion and shedding of leptospirae) caused by Leptospira pomona susceptible to chlor-	Feed continuously for not more than 14 d	066104. 012286, 046573, 048164, 066104.
(iv) 10 mg/lb of body weight.	tetracycline. 1. Swine: For the treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by <i>E. coli</i> and <i>S. choleraesuis</i> and bacterial pneumonia caused by <i>Pasteurella multocida</i> susceptible to chlortetracycline.	Feed approximately 400 g/t, varying with body weight and feed consumption to provide 10 mg/lb per day. Feed for not more than 14 d; withdraw 5 d prior to slaughter for sponsor 012286	012286, 046573, 048164, 066104.
	Swine: For the control of porcine proliferative enteropathies (ileitis) caused by Lawsonia intracellularis susceptible to chlortetracycline	Feed for not more than 14 d	046573.

(4) Cattle. It is used as follows:

Food and Drug Administration, HHS

Chlortetracycline amount	Indications for use	Limitations	Sponsor	
(i) 0.1 mg/lb of body weight daily	Calves (up to 250 lb): For increased rate of weight gain and improved feed efficiency	See paragraph (d)(1) of this section	012286, 046573, 048164, 066104.	
(ii) 0.5 mg/lb of body weight daily	Beef cattle (over 700 lb); control of active in- fection of anaplasmosis caused by Anaplasma marginale susceptible to chlor- tetracycline	Withdraw 48 h prior to slaughter. To sponsor Nos. 046573 and 048164: zero withdrawal time	012286, 046573, 048164, 066104.	
(iii) 0.5 to 2.0 mg/lb of body weight daily	Beef cattle and nonlactating dairy cattle: As an aid in the control of active infection of anaplsmosis caused by <i>A. marginale</i> susceptible to chlortetracycline	In free-choice cattle feeds such as feed blocks or salt-mineral mixes manufactured from approved Type A articles. See paragraph (d)(2) of this section.	046573.	
(iv) 10 mg/lb of body weight daily.	Calves, beef and nonlactating dairy cattle; treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by E. coli and bacterial pneumonia caused by P. multocida organisms susceptible to chlortetracycline	Feed approximately 400 g/ton, varying with body weight and feed consumption to provide 10 mg/lb per day. Treat for not more than 5 d; in feed including milk replacers; withdraw 10 d prior to slaughter. To sponsor No. 048164: zero withdrawal time. See paragraph (d)(1) of this section.	012286, 048164, 066104.	
	 Calves (up to 250 lb): For the treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by E. coli sus- ceptible to chlortetracycline 	See paragraph (d)(1) of this section	012286, 046573, 048164, 066104.	
(v) 500 to 4,000 g/ton	Calves, beef and nonlactating dairy cattle; treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by <i>E. coli</i> and bacterial pneumonia caused by <i>P. multocida</i> organisms susceptible to chlortetracycline.	Feed continuously for not more than 5 days to provide 10 mg/lb body weight per day. To sponsor No. 046573 under NADA 046-699: 24-h withdrawal time. To sponsor No. 046573 under NADA 048-761: zero withdrawal time.	046573.	
(vi) 4,000 to 20,000 g/ton	Calves, beef and nonlactating dairy cattle; treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by <i>E. coli</i> and bacterial pneumonia caused by <i>P. multocida</i> organisms susceptible to chlortetracycline	As a top dress, varying with body weight and feed consumption, to provide 10 mg/lb per day. Treat for not more than 5 days. See para- graph (d)(1) of this section.	046573.	
(vii) 25 to 70 mg/head/day	Calves (250 to 400 lb): For increased rate of weight gain and improved feed efficiency.	See paragraph (d)(1) of this section	012286, 046573, 048164, 066104.	
(viii) 70 mg/head/day	Growing cattle (over 400 lb): For increased rate of weight gain, improved feed efficiency, and reduction of liver condemnation due to liver abscesses	See paragraph (d)(1) of this section	012286, 046573, 048164, 066104.	
(ix) 350 mg/head/day	Beef cattle: For control of bacterial pneumonia associated with shipping fever complex caused by <i>Pasteurella</i> spp. susceptible to chlortetracycline	Withdraw 48 h prior to slaughter. To sponsor No. 046573 under NADA 046–699: 48-h withdrawal time. To sponsor No. 046573 under NADA 048–761 and No. 048164: zero withdrawal time.	012286, 046573, 048164, 066104.	
	Beef cattle (under 700 lb): For control of active infection of anaplasmosis caused by A. marginale susceptible to chlortetracycline	Withdraw 48 h prior to slaughter. To sponsor No. 046573 under NADA 046-699: 48-h withdrawal time. To sponsor No. 046573 under NADA 048-761 and No. 048164: zero withdrawal time	012286, 046573, 048164, 066104.	

(5) Minor species. It is used as follows:

Chlortetracycline amount	Indications for use	Limitations	Sponsor
(i) 20 to 50 g/ton	Growing sheep; increased rate of weight gain and improved feed efficiency		046573, 048164, 066104.
(ii) 80 mg/head/day	Breeding sheep; reducing the incidence of (vibrionic) abortion caused by Campylobacter fetus infection susceptible to chlortetracycline		046573, 048164, 066104.

§558.140

Chlortetracycline amount	Indications for use	Limitations	Sponsor
(iii) 200 to 400 g/ton	Ducks: For the control and treatment of fowl cholera caused by <i>P. multocida</i> susceptible to chlortetracycline	Feed in complete ration to provide from 8 to 28 mg/lb of body weight per day depending upon age and severity of disease, for not more than 21 d. Do not feed to ducks producing eggs for human consumption.	046573.
(iv) 10 mg/g of finished feed daily	Psittacine birds (cockatoos, macaws, and parrots) suspected or known to be infected with psittacosis caused by <i>Chlamydia psittaci</i> sensitive to chlortetracycline	Feed continuously for 45 d; each bird should consume daily an amount of medicated feed equal to one fifth of its body weight See paragraph (d)(3) of this section.	046573.

- (6) It is used as a free-choice, loose mineral Type C feed as follows:
 - (i) Specifications.

Ingredient	Percent	International Feed No.
Dicalcium Phosphate Sodium Chloride (Salt) Magnesium Oxide Cottonseed Meal Trace Mineral/Vitamin Premix¹ Calcium Carbonate Dried Cane Molasses Potassium Chloride Mineral Oil Iron Oxide Chlortetracycline Type A medi-	46.20 15.00 10.67 10.00 3.80 3.50 3.00 2.00 2.00 0.50 3.33	6-26-335 6-04-152 6-02-756 5-01-625 6-01-069 4-04-695 6-03-755 8-03-123 6-02-431
cated article (90 gram/lb)	0.00	

¹Content of vitamin and trace mineral premixes may be varied. However, they should be comparable to those used for other free-choice feeds. Formulation modifications require FDA approval prior to marketing. Selenium must comply with 21 CFR 573.920. Ethylenediamine dihydroiodide (EDDI) should comply with FDA Compliance Policy Guides Sec. 651.100 (CPG 7125.18).

- (ii) Amount. 6,000 grams per ton.
- (iii) Indications for use. Beef and non-lactating dairy cattle: As an aid in the control of active infection of anaplasmosis caused by Anaplasma marginale susceptible to chlortetracycline.
- (iv) *Limitations*. Feed continuously on a free-choice basis at a rate of 0.5 to 2.0 mg chlortetracycline per head per day.
- (v) *Sponsor*. See No. 046573 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (7) Chlortetracycline. It may be used in accordance with this section in combinations as follows:
- (i) Amprolium in accordance with §558.55.
- (ii) Amprolium plus ethopabate in accordance with §558.58.
- (iii) Bacitracin methylene disalicy-late in accordance with §558.76.
- (iv) Clopidol in accordance with §558.175.

- (v) Decoquinate in accordance with §558.195.
- (vi) Hygromycin B in accordance with §558.274.
- (vii) Laidlomycin in accordance with §558.305.
- (viii) Lasalocid in accordance with §558.311.
- (ix) Monensin in accordance with §558.355.
- (x) Robenidine hydrochloride in accordance with §558.515.
- (xi) Roxarsone in accordance with $\S558.530$.
- (xii) Salinomycin alone or with roxarsone in accordance with §558.550.
- (xiii) Tiamulin in accordance with §558.600.
- (xiv) Zoalene in accordance with §558.680.

[41 FR 10995, Mar. 15, 1976]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting §558.128, see the List of CFR Sections Affected, which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and at www.fdsys.gov.

§ 558.140 Chlortetracycline and sulfamethazine.

- (a) Approvals. Type A medicated articles: 35 grams of chlortetracycline per pound with 7.7 percent (35 grams) of sulfamethazine to Nos. 046573 and 048164 in \$510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (b) Related tolerances. See §§ 556.150 and 556.670 of this chapter.
- (c) It is used in feed for beef cattle as follows:
- (1) Amount per head per day. Chlor-tetracycline, 350 milligrams plus sulfamethazine, 350 milligrams.
- (2) *Indications for use*. Aid in the maintenance of weight gains in the presence of respiratory disease such as shipping fever.