

**§ 864.7825 Sickle cell test.**

(a) *Identification.* A sickle cell test is a device used to determine the sickle cell hemoglobin content of human blood to detect sickle cell trait or sickle cell diseases.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

[45 FR 60627, Sept. 12, 1980]

**§ 864.7875 Thrombin time test.**

(a) *Identification.* A thrombin time test is a device used to measure fibrinogen concentration and detect fibrin or fibrinogen split products for the evaluation of bleeding disorders.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

[45 FR 60628, Sept. 12, 1980]

**§ 864.7900 Thromboplastin generation test.**

(a) *Identification.* A thromboplastin generation test is a device used to detect and identify coagulation factor deficiencies and coagulation inhibitors.

(b) *Classification.* Class I (general controls). This device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in § 864.9.

[45 FR 60628, Sept. 12, 1980, as amended at 59 FR 63007, Dec. 7, 1994; 66 FR 38790, July 25, 2001]

**§ 864.7925 Partial thromboplastin time tests.**

(a) *Identification.* A partial thromboplastin time test is a device used for primary screening for coagulation abnormalities, for evaluation of the effect of therapy on procoagulant disorders, and as an assay for coagulation factor deficiencies of the intrinsic coagulation pathway.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

[45 FR 60629, Sept. 12, 1980]

**Subpart I—Hematology Reagents****§ 864.8100 Bothrops atrox reagent.**

(a) *Identification.* A Bothrops atrox reagent is a device made from snake venom and used to determine blood fibrinogen levels to aid in the evaluation of disseminated intravascular co-

agulation (nonlocalized clotting in the blood vessels) in patients receiving heparin therapy (the administration of the anticoagulant heparin in the treatment of thrombosis) or as an aid in the classification of dysfibrinogenemia (presence in the plasma of functionally defective fibrinogen).

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

[45 FR 60629, Sept. 12, 1980]

**§ 864.8150 Calibrator for cell indices.**

(a) *Identification.* A calibrator for cell indices is a device that approximates whole blood or certain blood cells and that is used to set an instrument intended to measure mean cell volume (MCV), mean corpuscular hemoglobin (MCH), and mean corpuscular hemoglobin concentration (MCHC), or other cell indices. It is a suspension of particles or cells whose size, shape, concentration, and other characteristics have been precisely and accurately determined.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

[45 FR 60631, Sept. 12, 1980]

**§ 864.8165 Calibrator for hemoglobin or hematocrit measurement.**

(a) *Identification.* A calibrator for hemoglobin or hematocrit measurement is a device that approximates whole blood, red blood cells, or a hemoglobin derivative and that is used to set instruments intended to measure hemoglobin, the hematocrit, or both. It is a material whose characteristics have been precisely and accurately determined.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

[45 FR 60632, Sept. 12, 1980]

**§ 864.8175 Calibrator for platelet counting.**

(a) *Identification.* A calibrator for platelet counting is a device that resembles platelets in plasma or whole blood and that is used to set a platelet counting instrument. It is a suspension of particles or cells whose size, shape, concentration, and other characteristics have been precisely and accurately determined.