National Indian Gaming Commission, Interior § 547.9

(ix) Progressive prize parameters and current values;
(x) The five most recent financial instruments accepted by type, excluding coins and tokens;
(xi) The five most recent financial instruments dispensed by type, excluding coins and tokens; and
(xii) The five most recent cashless transactions paid and the five most recent cashless transactions accepted.

(2) Critical memory shall be maintained using a methodology that enables errors to be identified and acted upon. All accounting and recall functions shall be verified as necessary to ensure their ongoing integrity.

(3) The validity of affected data stored in critical memory shall be checked after each of the following events:
   (i) Every restart;
   (ii) Each attendant paid win;
   (iii) Each attendant paid progressive win;
   (iv) Each sensed door closure; and
   (v) Every reconfiguration, download, or change of prize schedule or denomination requiring operator intervention or action.

(1) Secured access. Class II gaming systems that use a logon or other means of secured access shall include a user account lockout after a predetermined number of consecutive failed attempts to access system.

§547.9 What are the minimum technical standards for Class II gaming system accounting functions?

This section provides standards for accounting functions used in Class II gaming systems.

(a) Required accounting data. The following minimum accounting data, however named, shall be maintained by the Class II gaming system.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1) Amount In</td>
<td>The total value of all financial instruments and cashless transactions accepted by the Class II gaming system. Each type of financial instrument accepted by the Class II gaming system shall be tracked independently per financial instrument acceptor, and as required by applicable requirements of any Commission and tribal gaming regulatory authority regulations governing minimum internal control standards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) Amount Out</td>
<td>The total value of all financial instruments and cashless transactions paid by the Class II gaming system, plus the total value of attendant pay. Each type of financial instrument paid by the Class II Gaming System shall be tracked independently per financial instrument dispenser, and as required by applicable requirements of any Commission and tribal gaming regulatory authority regulations governing minimum internal control standards.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) Accounting data storage. If the Class II gaming system electronically maintains accounting data:

(1) Accounting data shall be stored with at least eight decimal digits.
(2) Credit balances shall have sufficient digits to accommodate the design of the game.
(3) Accounting data displayed to the player may be incremented or decremented using visual effects, but the internal storage of this data shall be immediately updated in full.
(4) Accounting data shall be updated upon the occurrence of the relevant accounting event.
(5) Modifications to accounting data shall be recorded, including the identity of the person(s) making the modifications, and be reportable by the Class II gaming system.

(c) Rollover. Accounting data that rolls over to zero shall not corrupt data.

(d) Credit balance display and function.
(1) Any credit balance maintained at the player interface shall be prominently displayed at all times except:
   (i) In audit, configuration, recall and test modes; or
   (ii) Temporarily, during entertaining displays of game results.
(2) Progressive prizes may be added to the player’s credit balance provided:
   (i) The player credit balance is maintained in dollars and cents;
   (ii) The progressive accounting data is incremented in number of credits; or
   (iii) The prize in dollars and cents is converted to player credits or transferred to the player’s credit balance in a manner that does not mislead the player or cause accounting imbalances.
§ 547.10 What are the minimum standards for Class II gaming system critical events?

This section provides standards for events such as system critical faults, deactivation, door open or other changes of states, and lockup within the Class II gaming system.

(a) Fault events. (1) The following events are to be treated as described below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Events</th>
<th>Definition and action to be taken</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(i) Component fault ...</td>
<td>Reported when a fault on a component is detected. When possible, this event message should indicate what the nature of the fault is.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii) Financial storage component full ...</td>
<td>Reported when a financial instrument acceptor or dispenser includes storage, and it becomes full. This event message should indicate what financial storage component is full.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iii) Financial output component empty ...</td>
<td>Reported when a financial instrument dispenser is empty. The event message should indicate which financial output component is empty.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iv) Financial component fault ...</td>
<td>Reported when an occurrence on a financial component results in a known fault state.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(v) Critical memory error ...</td>
<td>Some critical memory error has occurred. When a non-correctable critical memory error has occurred, the data on the Class II gaming system component can no longer be considered reliable. Accordingly, any game play on the affected component shall cease immediately, and an appropriate message shall be displayed, if possible.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(vi) Progressive communication fault ...</td>
<td>If applicable: when communications with a progressive controller component is in a known fault state.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(vii) Program storage medium fault ...</td>
<td>The software has failed its own internal security check or the medium itself has some fault. Any game play on the affected component shall cease immediately, and an appropriate message shall be displayed, if possible.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(2) The occurrence of any event identified in paragraph (a)(1) of this section shall be recorded.

(3) Upon clearing any event identified in paragraph (a)(1) of this section, the Class II gaming system shall:

(i) Record that the fault condition has been cleared;

(ii) Ensure the integrity of all related accounting data; and

(iii) In the case of a malfunction, return a player’s purchase or wager according to the rules of the game.

(b) Door open/close events. (1) In addition to the requirements of paragraph (a)(1) of this section, the Class II gaming system shall perform the following for any component affected by any sensored door open event:

(i) Indicate that the state of a sensored door changes from closed to open or opened to closed;

(ii) Disable all financial instrument acceptance, unless a test mode is entered;

(iii) Disable game play on the affected player interface;

(iv) Disable player inputs on the affected player interface, unless test mode is entered; and

(v) Disable all financial instrument disbursement, unless a test mode is entered.

(2) The Class II gaming system may return the component to a ready to play state when all sensored doors are closed.

(c) Non-fault events. (1) The following non-fault events are to be treated as described below, if applicable:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Definition and action to be taken</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(i) Player interface power off during play ...</td>
<td>This condition is reported by the affected component(s) to indicate power has been lost during game play.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii) Player interface power on ...</td>
<td>This condition is reported by the affected component(s) to indicate it has been turned on.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>