only to the persons and for the purposes specified in §1.80 of this chapter.

(b) Bulk spirits for industrial use. If a proprietor withdraws spirits (other than alcohol or neutral spirits) from bond in containers holding more than one wine gallon for industrial use, the proprietor must ship or deliver the spirits directly to the user of the spirits as provided in §1.95 of this chapter.

MARKING REQUIREMENTS FOR SPIRITS

§19.482 General.

A proprietor must mark, identify, and label all containers of spirits or denatured spirits as provided in this part. For information regarding liquor bottle label requirements, see subpart T of this part and part 5 of this chapter.

(26 U.S.C. 5204, 5206)

$\S 19.483$ Specifications for marks.

- (a) Basic requirements. A proprietor must place the marks prescribed by this subpart on cases, encased containers, and packages of spirits and denatured spirits so that they are:
 - (1) Of adequate size to be easily read;
- (2) Of a color in distinct contrast to the color of the background;
 - (3) Legible; and
 - (4) Durably affixed.
- (b) *Use of labels*. A proprietor may use labels as the means for applying prescribed marks if the labels meet the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section.
- (c) Location. A proprietor must place the prescribed marks on one side of the case or encased container, or on the head of the package.

(26 U.S.C. 5206)

§ 19.484 Marks on packages filled in production or storage.

- (a) Packages filled in production or storage. Except as otherwise provided in this part, a proprietor must mark packages of spirits filled in production or storage with:
- (1) The name of the producer, or the producer's trade name, in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section;
- (2) The distilled spirits plant number of the producer, such as "DSP-KY-708";

- (3) The kind of spirits or, in the case of distillates removed under §19.307, the kind of distillate such as "Grape Distillate" or "Peach Distillate";
- (4) The package identification number:
- (5) "BSA" or "OC" when spirits are treated with caramel (burnt sugar) or oak chips, as the case may be:
- (6) The rated capacity of the package in gallons shown as "RC-G"; and
- (7) The name or trade name and the plant number of the packaging proprietor in place of the name or trade name and plant number of the producer if packages of spirits of 190° or more of proof are filled by a proprietor other than the producer.
- (b) Real or trade names. The producer's or other proprietor's real name, or the authorized trade name used in accordance with §19.94 at the time of production, may be placed on any package filled at the time of the production gauge, or at the time of the original packaging of the spirits in wood when, as provided in §19.305, the spirits were not filled into wooden packages at the time of production gauge. When spirits have been mingled in accordance with §19.326, the proprietor may use only a producer name associated with any portion of the mingled spirits on packages filled with such mingled spirits.

(26 U.S.C. 5206)

§ 19.485 Package identification numbers in production and storage.

- (a) General. A proprietor must mark with a lot identification number each package of spirits filled during production or storage operations. The lot identification number must show when the package was filled and must consist of, in order, the following:
- (1) The last two digits of the calendar year;
- (2) An alphabetical designation for the month from "A" through "L", representing, in order, January through December;
- (3) Two digits corresponding to the day of the month; and
- (4) When more than one lot is filled into packages during the same day, for successive lots after the first lot, a letter suffix sequence starting with "A" representing the second lot, with "B"