or limitations set forth in the approval, authority for the variation from requirements is automatically terminated and the brewer is required to comply with prescribed requirements of regulations.

(d) Withdrawal of approval. The appropriate TTB officer may withdraw approval of an alternate method or procedure, approved under paragraph (a) or (b) of this section, if the appropriate TTB officer finds that the revenue is jeopardized or the effective administration of this part is hindered by the approval.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85-859, 72 Stat. 1395, as amended, 1396, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5552, 5556))

[T.D. ATF-224, 51 FR 7673, Mar. 5, 1986, as amended by T.D. ATF-437, 66 FR 5479, Jan. 19, 2001]

SAMPLES

SOURCE: Sections 25.53 and 25.55 through 25.58 appear at 70 FR 235, Jan. 3, 2005, unless otherwise noted.

§ 25.53 Submissions of samples of fermented products.

The appropriate TTB officer may, at any time, require you to submit samples of:

- (a) Cereal beverage, saké, or any fermented product produced at the brewery,
- (b) Materials used in the production of cereal beverage, saké, or any fermented product; and
- (c) Cereal beverage, saké, or any fermented product, in conjunction with the filing of a formula.

(26~U.S.C.~5415,~5555,~7805(a))

FORMULAS

§ 25.55 Formulas for fermented products.

- (a) For what fermented products must a formula be filed? You must file a formula for approval by TTB if you intend to produce:
- (1) Any fermented product that will be treated by any processing, filtration, or other method of manufacture that is not generally recognized as a traditional process in the production of a fermented beverage designated as "beer," "ale," "porter," "stout,"

"lager," or "malt liquor." For purposes of this paragraph:

- (i) Removal of any volume of water from beer, filtration of beer to substantially change the color, flavor, or character, separation of beer into different components, reverse osmosis, concentration of beer, and ion exchange treatments are examples of non-traditional processes for which you must file a formula
- (ii) Pasteurization, filtration prior to bottling, filtration in lieu of pasteurization, centrifuging for clarity, lagering, carbonation, and blending are examples of traditional processes for which you do not need to file a formula.
- (iii) If you have questions about whether or not use of a particular process not listed in this section requires the filing of a formula, you may request a determination from TTB in accordance with paragraph (f) of this section.
- (2) Any fermented product to which flavors or other nonbeverage ingredients (other than hop extract) containing alcohol will be added.
- (3) Subject to paragraph (f) of this section, any fermented product to which coloring or natural or artificial flavors will be added.
- (4) Subject to paragraph (f) of this section, any fermented product to which fruit, fruit juice, fruit concentrate, herbs, spices, honey, maple syrup, or other food materials will be added.
- (5) Saké, including flavored saké and sparkling saké.
- (b) Are separate formulas required for different products? (1) You must file a separate formula for approval for each different fermented product for which a formula is required.
- (2) You may file a formula for a beer base to be used in the production of one or more other fermented products. The beer base must conform to the standards set forth in §25.15.
- (c) When must I file a formula? (1) Except as provided in paragraph (c)(2) of this section, you may not produce a fermented product for which a formula is required until you have filed and received approval of a formula for that product.