§ 9.32 Los Carneros.

(a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is “Los Carneros”. “Carneros” may also be used as the name of the viticultural area described in this section. For purposes of part 4 of this chapter, “Los Carneros” and “Carneros” are terms of viticultural significance.

(b) Approved maps. The approved maps for the Carneros viticultural area are the following U.S.G.S. maps:

1. “Sonoma Quadrangle, California,” 7.5 minute series (topographic), 1951 (photorevised 1968).
4. “Sears Point Quadrangle, California,” 7.5 minute series (topographic), 1951 (photorevised 1968).
5. “Petaluma River Quadrangle, California—Sonoma Co.,” 7.5 minute series (topographic), 1954 (photorevised 1980).
6. “Glen Ellen Quadrangle, California—Sonoma Co.,” 7.5 minute series (topographic), 1954 (photorevised 1980).

(c) Boundaries. The boundaries of the Carneros viticultural area are located in Napa and Sonoma Counties, California, and are as follows:

1. The point of beginning is the intersection of highway 12/121 and the Napa County-Sonoma County line, near the extreme southeast corner of the Sonoma Quadrangle map.
2. From there, following the Napa County-Sonoma County line generally northwestward for about 1.6 miles to the summit of an unnamed hill with a marked elevation of 685 ft.
3. From there in a straight line northeastward to the summit of Milliken Peak (743 ft.), located on the Napa Quadrangle map.
4. From there due eastward to the 400 ft. contour line.
5. Then following that contour line generally southeastward to Carneros Creek (on the Sonoma Quadrangle map).
6. Then following the same contour line generally southeasterly to the range line R. 5 W/R. 4 W (on the Napa Quadrangle map).
7. Then continuing to follow the same contour line generally northward for about one mile, till reaching a point due west of the summit of an unnamed hill having a marked elevation of 446 ft. (That hill is about .8 mile southwest of Browns Valley School.)
8. From that point due eastward to the summit of that hill.
9. From there in a straight line northward across Buhman Avenue to the summit of an unnamed hill having a marked elevation of 343 ft.
10. From there due eastward to the Napa-Entre Napa land grant boundary.
11. Then northward along that land grant boundary to Browns Valley Road.
(12) Then eastward along Browns Valley Road to Highway 29.

(13) Then southward along Highway 29 to Imola Avenue.

(14) Then eastward along Imola Avenue to the Napa River.

(15) Then generally southward along the west bank of the Napa River to the Southern Pacific Railroad tracks.

(16) Then generally westward and northward along the Southern Pacific Railroad tracks to their intersection with the township line T. 5 N./T. 4 N. (on the Sears Point Quadrangle map).

(17) From there due westward to the Northwestern Pacific Railroad tracks.

(18) Then generally southward along the Northwestern Pacific Railroad tracks to Highway 37.

(19) The westward along Highway 37 to its intersection with Highway 121.

(20) From there northward in a straight line to the summit of Wildcat Mountain (682 ft.).

(21) From there northward, following a straight line toward the summit of Sonoma Mountain (2295 ft.—on the Glenn Ellen Quadrangle map) till reaching a point due west of the intersection of Lewis Creek with the 400-ft. contour line. (That point is about 4 1/2 miles southeast of Sonoma Mountain.)

(22) From that point due eastward to Lewis Creek.

(23) Then generally southeasterward along Lewis Creek to Felder Creek.

(24) Then generally eastward along Felder Creek to Leveroni Road (on the Sonoma Quadrangle map).

(25) Then generally eastward along Leveroni Road to Napa Road.

(26) Then eastward and southeasterward along Napa Road to Highway 12/121.

(27) Then eastward along Highway 12/121 to the starting point.

§ 9.33 Fennville.

(a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is “Fennville.”

(b) Approved maps. The appropriate maps for determining the boundaries of the Fennville Viticultural Area are three U.S.G.S. maps. They are entitled:

(1) “Fennville Quadrangle, Michigan-Allegan County,” 15 minute series;

(2) “Bangor Quadrangle, Michigan,” 15 minute series; and

(3) “South Haven Quadrangle, Michigan,” 15 minute series.

(c) Boundaries. The Fennville viticultural area is primarily located in the southwestern portion of Allegan County, Michigan, with a small finger extending into the northwest corner of Van Buren County, Michigan.

(1) The western boundary is the eastern shore of Lake Michigan, extending from the Black River, at the City of South Haven, north to the Kalamazoo River.

(2) The northern boundary is the Kalamazoo River, extending easterly from Lake Michigan to 86°5′ west longitude.

(3) The eastern boundary is the 86°5′ west longitude meridian, extending from the Kalamazoo River to the intersection of the Middle Fork of the Black River.

(4) The southern boundary is the Middle Fork of the Black River extending westerly from 86°5′ west longitude until it joins the Black River, continuing west along the Black River to the eastern shore of Lake Michigan.


§ 9.34 Finger Lakes.

(a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is “Finger Lakes.”

(b) Approved maps. The appropriate maps for determining the boundaries of the Finger Lakes viticultural area are two U.S.G.S. maps scaled 1:250,000. They are entitled:

(1) “Rochester,” Location diagram NK 18–1, 1961; and

(2) “Elmira,” Location diagram NK 18–4, 1968.

(c) Boundaries. The boundaries of the Finger Lakes viticultural area, based on landmarks and points of reference found on the approved maps, are as follows:

(1) Starting at the most northwest point, the intersection of the Erie Canal and the north/south Conrail line south of the City of Rochester.