- (E) With respect to a disaster relief worker, an employee of the agency (if it is described in the Act, at 42 U.S.C. 3796b(9)(B) or (C));
- (2) Of the public agency's acknowledgment that there are no eligible payees other than those identified in the certification; and
  - (3) That the public safety officer—
- (i) Sustained a line of duty injury in connection with public safety activity (or, otherwise, with efforts described in the Act, at 42 U.S.C. 3796c-1 or Public Law 107-37) related to a terrorist attack (under the former statute) or to the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001 (under the latter statute); and
- (ii) As a direct and proximate result of such injury, was (as applicable)—
- (A) Killed (with respect to a claim under subpart B of this part); or
- (B) Totally and permanently disabled (with respect to a claim under subpart C of this part).
- (g) In determining a claim, the PSOB determining official shall have, in addition to the hearing-examiner powers specified at 42 U.S.C. 3787 (hearings, subpoenas, oaths, witnesses, evidence), and to the authorities specified at 42 U.S.C. 3788(b)–(d) (experts, consultants, government resources) and in the Act and this part, the authority otherwise and in any reasonable manner to conduct his own inquiries, as appropriate.
- (h) Acceptance of payment (by a payee (or on his behalf)) shall constitute *prima facie* evidence that the payee (or the pay agent)—
- (1) Endorses as his own (to the best of his knowledge and belief) the statements and representations made, and the evidence and information provided, pursuant to the claim; and
- (2) Is aware (in connection with the claim) of no—
  - (i) Fraud:
- (ii) Concealment or withholding of evidence or information;
- (iii) False, incomplete, or inaccurate statements or representations;
- (iv) Mistake, wrongdoing, or deception; or
- (v) Violation of 18 U.S.C. 287 (false, fictitious, or fraudulent claims), 1001 (false statements), or 1621 (perjury), or 42 U.S.C. 3795a (falsification or concealment of facts).

(i) A public safety officer's response to an emergency call from his public agency for him to perform public safety activity (including emergency response activity the agency is authorized to perform) shall constitute prima facie evidence of such response's nonroutine character.

[73 FR 76531, Dec. 17, 2008]

## §32.6 Payment and repayment.

- (a) No payment shall be made to (or on behalf of) more than one individual, on the basis of being a particular public safety officer's spouse. If more than one should qualify, payment shall be made to the one with whom the officer considered himself, as of the injury date, to have the closest relationship, except that the individual (if any) who was a member of the officer's household (as of such date) shall be presumed rebuttably to be such one, unless legal proceedings (by the officer against such member, or vice versa) shall have been pending then in any court.
  - (b) No payment shall be made, save—
- (1) To (or on behalf of) a living beneficiary; and
  - (2) Pursuant to—
- (i) A written claim filed by (or on behalf of) such beneficiary; and
- (ii) Except as provided in the Act, at 42 U.S.C. 3796(c), approval of such claim.
- (c) Any amounts that would be paid but for the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section shall be retained by the United States and not paid.
- (d) With respect to the amount paid to a payee (or on his behalf) pursuant to a claim, the payee shall repay the following, unless, for good cause shown, the Director grants a full or partial waiver pursuant to the Act, at 42 U.S.C. 3796(m):
- (1) The entire amount, if approval of the claim was based, in whole or in material part, on the payee's (or any other person's or entity's) fraud, concealment or withholding of evidence or information, false, incomplete, or inaccurate statements or representations, mistake, wrongdoing, or deception; or
- (2) The entire amount subject to divestment, if the payee's entitlement to such payment is divested, in whole or

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in part, such as by the subsequent discovery of individuals entitled to make equal or superior claims.

(e) At the discretion of the Director, repayment of amounts owing or collectable under the Act or this part may, as applicable, be executed through setoffs against future payments on financial claims under subpart D of this part.

[73 FR 76532, Dec. 17, 2008]

## § 32.7 Fees for representative services.

- (a) A person seeking to receive any amount from (or with respect to) a claimant for representative services provided in connection with any claim may petition the PSOB Office for authorization under this section. Such petition shall include—
- (1) An itemized description of the services:
- (2) The total amount sought to be received, from any source, as consideration for the services;
- (3) An itemized description of any representative or other services provided to (or on behalf of) the claimant in connection with other claims or causes of action, unrelated to the Act, before any public agency or non-public entity (including any insurer), arising from the public safety officer's death, disability, or injury;
- (4) The total amount requested, charged, received, or sought to be received, from any source, as consideration for the services described in paragraph (a)(3) of this section:
- (5) A statement of whether the petitioner has legal training or is licensed to practice law, and a description of any special qualifications possessed by the petitioner (other than legal training or a license to practice law) that increased the value of his services to (or on behalf of) the claimant;
- (6) A certification that the claimant was provided, simultaneously with the filing of the petition, with—
  - (i) A copy of the petition; and
- (ii) A letter advising the claimant that he could file his comments on the petition, if any, with the PSOB Office, within thirty-three days of the date of that letter; and
- (7) A copy of the letter described in paragraph (a)(6)(ii) of this section.

- (b) Unless, for good cause shown, the Director extends the time for filing, no petition under paragraph (a) of this section shall be considered if the petition is filed with the PSOB Office later than one year after the date of the final agency determination of the claim.
- (c) Subject to paragraph (d) of this section, an authorization under paragraph (a) of this section shall be based on consideration of the following factors:
- (1) The nature of the services provided by the petitioner;
  - (2) The complexity of the claim;
- (3) The level of skill and competence required to provide the petitioner's services;
- (4) The amount of time spent on the claim by the petitioner;
- (5) The results achieved as a function of the petitioner's services;
- (6) The level of administrative or judicial review to which the claim was pursued and the point at which the petitioner entered the proceedings;
- (7) The ordinary, usual, or customary fee charged by other persons (and by the petitioner) for services of a similar nature; and
- (8) The amount authorized by the PSOB Office in similar cases.
- (d) No amount shall be authorized under paragraph (a) of this section for—
- (1) Any stipulated-, percentage-, or contingency fee;
- (2) Services at a rate in excess of that specified in 5 U.S.C. 504(b)(1)(A)(ii) (Equal Access to Justice Act); or
- (3) Services provided in connection with—  $\,$
- (i) Obtaining or providing evidence or information previously obtained by the PSOB determining official;
  - (ii) Preparing the petition; or
- (iii) Explaining or delivering an approved claim to the claimant.
- (e) Upon a petitioner's failure (without reasonable justification or excuse) to pursue in timely fashion his filed petition under paragraph (a) of this section, the Director may, at his discretion, deem the same to be abandoned, as though never filed. Not less than thirty-three days prior thereto, the PSOB Office shall serve the petitioner