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- e. Projected Life-Cycle Savings. For each PIF project provide the estimated amount of savings the project is projected to earn over the project's economic life.
- f. Projected Life-Cycle Cost Avoidance. For each PIF project provide the estimated amount of cost avoidance the project is projected to achieve.
- 2. PEIF. Each DoD Component that has funded PEIF projects must annually report summary information that includes:
 - a. Total Number of Projects.
 - b. Total Funds Provided.
- c. Total Amount Obligated.
- ${\tt d.}\ \textit{Total Projected Life-Cycle Savings}.$
- e. Total Projected Life-Cycle Cost Avoidance.
- 3. CSI. Each DoD Component that has funded CSI projects must annually report summary information that includes:
 - a. Total Number of Projects.
 - b. Total Funds Provided.
- c. Total Amount Obligated.
- d. Total Projected Life-Cycle Savings.
- e. Total Projected Life-Cycle Cost Avoidance.
- 4. PIA Post-Investment assessments, articles, pictures, and brief description of projects and their results are encouraged and may be attached to the annual report or submitted throughout the year.

PART 165—RECOUPMENT OF NON-RECURRING COSTS ON SALES OF U.S. ITEMS

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§165.1 Purpose.

This part updates policy to conform with Public Law 90-629, "Arms Export Control Act," October 22, 1968, as amended for calculating and assessing nonrecurring cost recoupment charges on sales of items developed for or by the Department of Defense to non-U.S. Government customers.

§ 165.2 Applicability and scope.

(a) This part applies to the Office of the Secretary of Defense, the Military Departments, the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the Joint Staff, the Unified and Specified Commands, the Defense Agencies, and the DoD Field Activities (hereafter referred to collectively as "the DoD Components").

- (b) The provisions of this part do not apply to sales of excess property when accountability has been transferred to property disposal activities and the property is sold in open competition to the highest bidder.
- (c) The policies and procedures provided for in this part shall apply to all sales on or after January 13, 1993, and supersede application thresholds and charges previously established. Previous versions continue to govern sales made during applicable effective dates. Such previously established non-recurring cost recoupment thresholds and charges shall be eliminated or revised in accordance with this part.

§ 165.3 Definitions.

- (a) Cost pool. Represents the total cost to be distributed across the specific number of units. The nonrecurring research, development, test, and evaluation cost pool comprises the costs described in paragraph (f), of this section. The nonrecurring production cost pool comprises costs described in paragraph (e), of this section.
- (b) Foreign military sale. A sale by the U.S. Government of defense items or defense services to a foreign government or international organization under authority of the "Arms Export Control Act," Public Law No. 90-629 (1968) as amended. Except as waived by the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy, Foreign Military Sales are the only sales subject to nonrecurring cost recoupment charges.
- (c) Major defense equipment. Any item of significant military equipment on the United States Munitions List having a nonrecurring research, development, test, and evaluation cost of more than 50 million dollars or a total production cost of more than 200 million dollars. The determination of whether an item meets the major defense equipment dollar threshold for research, development, test, and evaluation shall be based on DoD obligations recorded to the date the equipment is offered for sale. Production costs shall include costs incurred by the Department of

Defense. Production costs for the foreign military sales program and known direct commercial sales production are excluded.

- (d) *Model*. A basic alpha-numeric designation in a weapon system series; e.g., a ship hull series, an equipment or system series, an airframe series, or a vehicle series. For example, the F5A and the F5F are different models in the same F-5 system series.
- $(e) \quad \textit{Nonrecurring} \quad \textit{production} \quad \textit{costs}.$ Those one-time costs incurred in support of previous production of the model specified and those costs specifically incurred in support of the total projected production run. Those nonrecurring cost include DoD expenditures for preproduction engineering; rate and special tooling; special test equipment; production engineering; product improvement; destructive testing; and pilot model production, testing, and evaluation. That includes costs of any engineering change proposals initiated before the date of calculations of the nonrecurring costs recoupment charge. Nonrecurring production costs do not include DoD expenditures for machine tools, capital equipment, or facilities for which contractor rental payments are made or waived in accordance with the DoD FAR Supplement.
- (f) Nonrecurring research, development, test, and evaluation costs. Those costs funded by a research, development, test, and evaluation appropriation to develop or improve the product or technology under consideration either through contract or in-house DoD effort. This includes costs of any engineering change proposal started before the date of calculation of the nonrecurring cost recoupment charges as well as projections of such costs, to the extent additional effort applicable to the sale model or technology is necessary or planned. It does not include costs funded by either procurement or operation and maintenance appropriations.
- (g) Pro rata recovery of nonrecurring costs. Equal distribution (proration) of a pool of nonrecurring cost to a specific number of units that benefit from the investment so that a DoD Component shall collect from a customer a fair (pro rata) share of the investment in

- the product being sold. The production quantity base used to determine the pro rata calculation of major defense equipment includes total production.
- (h) Significant change in nonrecurring cost recoupment charge. A significant change occurs as follows:
- (1) A new calculation shows a change of 30 percent of the current system nonrecurring cost charge.
- (2) The nonrecurring cost unit charge increases or decreases by 50,000 dollars or more; or
- (3) Where the potential for a 5 million dollars change in recoupment exists. The total collections may be estimated based on the projected sales quantities. When potential collections increase or decrease by 5 million dollars, a significant change occurs.
- (i) "Special" research, development, test, and evaluation and nonrecurring production costs. Costs incurred under a foreign military sale at the request of, or for the benefit of, a foreign customer to develop a special feature or unique or joint requirement. Those costs must be paid by the customer as they are incurred.

§ 165.4 Policy.

It is DoD policy that:

- (a) A nonrecurring cost recoupment charge shall be imposed for sales of major defense equipment only as required by Act of Congress (e.g., Arms Export Control Act).
- (b) The Under Secretary of Defense for Policy may grant a waiver to recoupment charges in accordance with §165.7.
- (c) Nonrecurring cost charges shall be based on the amount of the DoD nonrecurring investment in an item.

§ 165.5 Responsibilities.

- (a) The Comptroller of the Department of Defense shall provide necessary financial management guidance.
- (b) The Under Secretary of Defense (Acquisition) shall take appropriate action to revise the DoD Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement in accordance with this part.
- (c) The Under Secretary of Defense for Policy shall:
- (1) Monitor the application of this part.