§ 86.03 Limits of fundamental frequencies.

To ensure a wide variety of whistle characteristics, the fundamental frequency of a whistle shall be between the following limits:

(a) 70–200 Hz, for a vessel 200 meters or more in length;
(b) 130–350 Hz, for a vessel 75 meters but less than 200 meters in length;
(c) 250–525 Hz, for a vessel less than 75 meters in length.

§ 86.05 Sound signal intensity and range of audibility.

A whistle on a vessel shall provide, in the direction of the forward axis of the whistle and at a distance of 1 meter from it, a sound pressure level in at least one ⅓-octave band of not less than the appropriate figure given in Table 86.05 within the following frequency ranges (±1 percent):

(a) 130–1200 Hz, for a vessel 75 meters or more in length;
(b) 250–1600 Hz, for a vessel 20 meters but less than 75 meters in length;
(c) 250–2100 Hz, for a vessel 12 meters but less than 20 meters in length.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Length of vessel in meters</th>
<th>Fundamental frequency range (Hz)</th>
<th>1/3-octave band level at 1 meter in 2×10⁻¹¹ N/m²</th>
<th>Audibility range in nautical miles</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>200 or more ..................</td>
<td>70–200</td>
<td>130–180</td>
<td>145</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75 but less than 200 ........</td>
<td>130–350</td>
<td>180–250</td>
<td>143</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 but less than 75 ........</td>
<td>250–525</td>
<td>250–1200</td>
<td>140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 but less than 20 ..........</td>
<td>250–525</td>
<td>250–1200</td>
<td>138</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE. The range of audibility in the table above is for information and is approximately the range at which a whistle may usually be heard on its forward axis in conditions of still air on board a vessel having average background noise level at the listening posts (taken to be 68 dB in the octave band centered on 250 Hz and 63 dB in the octave band centered on 500 Hz).

In practice the range at which a whistle may be heard is extremely variable and depends critically on weather conditions; the values given can be regarded as typical but under conditions of strong wind or high ambient noise level at the listening post the range may be much reduced.

§ 86.07 Directional properties.

The sound pressure level of a directional whistle shall be not more than 4 dB below the sound pressure level specified in § 86.05 in any direction in the horizontal plane within ±45 degrees of the forward axis. The sound pressure level of the whistle in any other direction in the horizontal plane shall not be more than 10 dB less than the sound pressure level specified for the forward axis, so that the range of audibility in any direction will be at least half the range required on the forward axis. The sound pressure level shall be measured in that one-third octave band which determines the audibility range.

§ 86.09 Positioning of whistles.

(a) When a directional whistle is to be used as the only whistle on the vessel and is permanently installed, it shall be installed with its forward axis directed forward.

(b) A whistle shall be placed as high as practicable on a vessel, in order to reduce interception of the emitted sound by obstructions and also to minimize hearing damage risk to personnel. The sound pressure level of the vessel’s own signal at listening posts shall not exceed 110 dB(A) and so far as practicable should not exceed 100 dB(A).