### § 157.500

### §157.500 Purpose and applicability.

- (a) The purpose of this subpart is to establish mandatory safety and operational requirements to reduce environmental damage resulting from the discharge of animal fat or vegetable oil.
- (b) This subpart applies to each tank vessel specified in §157.01 of this part that—
  - (1) Is 5,000 gross tons or more;
- (2) Carries animal fat or vegetable oil in bulk as cargo or cargo residue; and
- (3) Is not equipped with a double hull meeting §157.10d of this part, or an equivalent to the requirements of §157.10d, but required to be equipped with a double hull at a date set forth in 46 U.S.C. 3703a (b)(3) and (c)(3).

### §157.510 Operational measures.

An owner or operator of a tank vessel that carries animal fat or vegetable oil in bulk as cargo or cargo residue shall comply with the requirements in all sections of subpart G of this part.

## Subpart I—Interim Measures for Certain Tank Vessels Without Double Hulls Carrying Other Non-Petroleum Oil

SOURCE: CGD 91-045, 61 FR 39791, July 30, 1996, unless otherwise noted.

# §157.600 Purpose and applicability.

- (a) The purpose of this subpart is to establish mandatory safety and operational requirements to reduce environmental damage resulting from the discharge of other non-petroleum oil.
- (b) This subpart applies to each tank vessel specified in §157.01 of this part that—
  - (1) Is 5,000 gross tons or more;

- (2) Carries other non-petroleum oil in bulk as cargo or cargo residue; and
- (3) Is not equipped with a double hull meeting §157.10d of this part, or an equivalent to the requirements of §157.10d, but required to be equipped with a double hull at a date set forth in 46 U.S.C. 3703a (b)(3) and (c)(3).

### § 157.610 Operational measures.

An owner or operator of a tank vessel that carries other non-petroleum oil in bulk as cargo or cargo residue shall comply with the requirements in all sections of subpart G of this part.

APPENDIX A TO PART 157—DAMAGE ASSUMPTIONS, HYPOTHETICAL OUTFLOWS, AND CARGO TANK SIZE AND ARRANGEMENTS

- 1. Source. The procedures for the damage assumption calculations contained in this Appendix conform to Regulations 24, 25, and 26 of Annex I of the International Convention for the Prevention of the Pollution from Ships, 1973, done at London, November 2, 1973
- 2. Assumptions. For the purpose of calculating hypothetical outflow from tank vessels, three dimensions of the extent of damage of a parallelepiped on the side and bottom of the vessel are assumed.
- (a) For side damage, the conditions are as follows:

Damage	Conditions
(1) Longitudinal extent I <sub>c</sub>	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>3</sub> L <sup>2</sup> / <sub>3</sub> or 14.5 m, which- ever is less.
(2) Transverse extent (t <sub>c</sub> ) (inboard	B/5
from the vessel's side at right angles to the centerline at the level corresponding to the as- signed summer freeboard).	—or 11.5 m, whichever is less.
(3) Vertical extent (v <sub>c</sub> )	From the base line up- wards without limit.

(b) For bottom damage, two conditions to be applied individually to the stated portions of the vessel, as follows:

Domogo	Conditions		
Damage	For 0.3L from the forward perpendicular of ship	Any other part of ship	
	L/10	L/10 or 5 meters, whichever is less. 5 meters.	
(3) Vertical extent from the base line $(v_s)$ .	B/15 or 6 meters, whichever is less	B/15 or 6 meters, whichever is less.	

3. Hypothetical Outflow of Oil. (a) The hypothetical outflow of oil in the case of side damage  $(O_c)$  and bottom damage  $(O_s)$  is cal-

culated by the following formula with respect to compartments breached by damage to all conceivable locations along the length