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(iii) Part 79 (Intergovernmental Review of Department of Education Programs and Activities);

(iv) Part 80 (Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants and Cooperative Agreements to State and Local Governments);

(v) Part 81 (Grants and Cooperative Agreements under the General Education Provisions Act—Enforcement);

(vi) Part 82 (New Restrictions on Lobbying); and

(vii) Part 85 (Governmentwide Debarment and Suspension (Nonprocurement) and Governmentwide Requirements for Drug-Free Work Place (Grants)).

(2) The regulations in this part 303.


(b) In applying the regulations cited in paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(3) of this section, any reference to—

(1) State educational agency means the lead agency under this part;

(2) Special education, related services, free appropriate public education, free public education, or education means “early intervention services” under this part;

(3) Participating agency, when used in reference to a local educational agency or an intermediate educational agency, means a local service provider under this part;

(4) Section 300.128 means §§ 303.164 and 303.321; and

(5) Section 300.129 means § 303.460.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1401, 1416, 1417)

[58 FR 40959, July 30, 1993, as amended at 63 FR 18294, Apr. 14, 1998, 64 FR 12535, Mar. 12, 1999]

DEFINITIONS

NOTE: Sections 303.6–303.24 contain definitions, including a definition of “natural environments” in §303.18, that are used throughout these regulations. Other terms are defined in the specific subparts in which they are used. Below is a list of those terms and the specific sections in which they are defined:

Appropriate professional requirements in the State (§303.361(a)(1))

Assessment (§303.322(b)(2))

Consent (§303.401(a))

Evaluation (§303.322(b)(1))

Frequency and intensity (§303.346(d)(2)(i))

Highest requirements in the State applicable to a profession or discipline (§303.361(a)(2))

Individualized family service plan and IFSP (§303.346(b))

Impartial (§303.421(b))

Location (§303.346(d)(3))

Method (§303.346(d)(2)(ii))

Native language (§303.401(b))

Personally identifiable (§303.401(c))

Primary referral sources (§303.321(d)(3))

Profession or discipline (§303.361(a)(3))

Special definition of “aggregate amount” (§303.200(b)(1))

Special definition of “infants and toddlers” (§303.200(b)(2))

Special definition of “State” (§303.200(b)(3))

State approved or recognized certification, licensing, registration, or other comparable requirements (§303.361(a)(4))

§ 303.6 Act.

As used in this part, Act means the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1400)

§ 303.7 Children.

As used in this part, children means infants and toddlers with disabilities as that term is defined in §303.16.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1432(5))

§ 303.8 Council.

As used in this part, Council means the State Interagency Coordinating Council.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1432(2))

§ 303.9 Days.

As used in this part, days means calendar days.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1431–1445)

§ 303.10 Developmental delay.

As used in this part, “developmental delay,” when used with respect to an individual residing in a State, has the meaning given to that term under §303.300.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1432(3))

[64 FR 12535, Mar. 12, 1999]

§ 303.11 Early intervention program.

As used in this part, early intervention program means the total effort in a State that is directed at meeting the
§ 303.12 Early intervention services.
(a) General. As used in this part, early intervention services means services that—
(1) Are designed to meet the developmental needs of each child eligible under this part and the needs of the family related to enhancing the child’s development;
(2) Are selected in collaboration with the parents;
(3) Are provided—
   (i) Under public supervision;
   (ii) By qualified personnel, as defined in §303.21, including the types of personnel listed in paragraph (e) of this section;
   (iii) In conformity with an individualized family service plan; and
   (iv) At no cost, unless, subject to §303.520(b)(3), Federal or State law provides for a system of payments by families, including a schedule of sliding fees; and
(4) Meet the standards of the State, including the requirements of this part.
(b) Natural environments. To the maximum extent appropriate to the needs of the child, early intervention services must be provided in natural environments, including the home and community settings in which children without disabilities participate.
(c) General role of service providers. To the extent appropriate, service providers in each area of early intervention services included in paragraph (d) of this section are responsible for—
(1) Consulting with parents, other service providers, and representatives of appropriate community agencies to ensure the effective provision of services in that area;
(2) Training parents and others regarding the provision of those services; and
(3) Participating in the multidisciplinary team’s assessment of a child and the child’s family, and in the development of integrated goals and outcomes for the individualized family service plan.
(d) Types of services; definitions. Following are types of services included under “early intervention services,” and, if appropriate, definitions of those services:
(1) Assistive technology device means any item, piece of equipment, or product system, whether acquired commercially off the shelf, modified, or customized, that is used to increase, maintain, or improve the functional capabilities of children with disabilities.
(1) Assistive technology service means a service that directly assists a child with a disability in the selection, acquisition, or use of an assistive technology device. Assistive technology services include—
   (i) The evaluation of the needs of a child with a disability, including a functional evaluation of the child in the child’s customary environment;
   (ii) Purchasing, leasing, or otherwise providing for the acquisition of assistive technology devices by children with disabilities;
   (iii) Selecting, designing, fitting, customizing, adapting, applying, maintaining, repairing, or replacing assistive technology devices;
   (iv) Coordinating and using other therapies, interventions, or services with assistive technology devices, such as those associated with existing education and rehabilitation plans and programs;
   (v) Training or technical assistance for a child with disabilities or, if appropriate, that child’s family; and
   (vi) Training or technical assistance for professionals (including individuals providing early intervention services) or other individuals who provide services to or are otherwise substantially involved in the major life functions of individuals with disabilities.
(2) Audiology includes—
   (i) Identification of children with auditory impairment, using at risk criteria and appropriate audiological screening techniques;
   (ii) Determination of the range, nature, and degree of hearing loss and communication functions, by use of audiological evaluation procedures;
   (iii) Referral for medical and other services necessary for the habilitation or rehabilitation of children with auditory impairment;
   (iv) Provision of auditory training, aural rehabilitation, speech reading...