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- (1) Established by a State educational agency (SEA) or local educational agency (LEA) and recognized as a rigorous secondary school program of study by the Secretary through the process described in 34 CFR 691.16(a) through (c) for the Academic Competitiveness Grant (ACG) Program;
- (2) An advanced or honors secondary school program established by States and in existence for the 2004–2005 school year or later school years:
- (3) Any secondary school program in which a student successfully completes at a minimum the following courses:
 - (i) Four years of English.
- (ii) Three years of mathematics, including algebra I and a higher-level class such as algebra II, geometry, or data analysis and statistics.
- (iii) Three years of science, including one year each of at least two of the following courses: biology, chemistry, and physics.
 - (iv) Three years of social studies.
- (v) One year of a language other than English;
- (4) A secondary school program identified by a State-level partnership that is recognized by the State Scholars Initiative of the Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education (WICHE), Boulder, Colorado;
- (5) Any secondary school program for a student who completes at least two courses from an International Baccalaureate Diploma Program sponsored by the International Baccalaureate Organization, Geneva, Switzerland, and receives a score of a "4" or higher on the examinations for at least two of those courses; or
- (6) Any secondary school program for a student who completes at least two Advanced Placement courses and receives a score of "3" or higher on the College Board's Advanced Placement Program Exams for at least two of those courses.

Secondary school means a school that provides secondary education as determined under State law.

Target area means a discrete local or regional geographical area designated by the applicant as the area to be served by an Upward Bound project.

Target school means a school designated by the applicant as a focus of project services.

Veteran means a person who-

- (1) Served on active duty as a member of the Armed Forces of the United States for a period of more than 180 days and was discharged or released under conditions other than dishonorable:
- (2) Served on active duty as a member of the Armed Forces of the United States and was discharged or released because of a service connected disability;
- (3) Was a member of a reserve component of the Armed Forces of the United States and was called to active duty for a period of more than 30 days; or
- (4) Was a member of a reserve component of the Armed Forces of the United States who served on active duty in support of a contingency operation (as that term is defined in section 101(a)(13) of title 10, United States Code) on or after September 11, 2001.

Veteran who has a high risk for academic failure means a veteran who—

- (1) Has been out of high school or dropped out of a program of postsecondary education for five or more years:
- (2) Has scored on standardized tests below the level that demonstrates a likelihood of success in a program of postsecondary education; or
- (3) Meets the definition of an individual with a disability as defined in §645.6(b).

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1001 et seq., 1070a-11, 1070a-13, 1088, 1141, 1141a, and 3283(a)).

[60 FR 4748, Jan. 24, 1995, as amended at 75 FR 65784, Oct. 26, 2010]

Subpart B—What Kinds of Projects and Services Does the Secretary Assist Under This Program?

§ 645.10 What kinds of projects are supported under the Upward Bound Program?

The Secretary provides grants to the following three types of Upward Bound projects:

- (a) Regular Upward Bound projects designed to prepare high school students for programs of postsecondary education.
- (b) Upward Bound Math and Science Centers designed to prepare high school

students for postsecondary education programs that lead to careers in the fields of math and science.

(c) Veterans Upward Bound projects designed to assist veterans to prepare for a program of postsecondary education.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1070a-11 and 1070a-13)

§645.11 What services do all Upward Bound projects provide?

- (a) Any project assisted under this part must provide—
- (1) Academic tutoring to enable students to complete secondary or post-secondary courses, which may include instruction in reading, writing, study skills, mathematics, science, and other subjects;
- (2) Advice and assistance in secondary and postsecondary course selection:
- (3) Assistance in preparing for college entrance examinations and completing college admission applications;
- (4)(i) Information on the full range of Federal student financial aid programs and benefits (including Federal Pell Grant awards and loan forgiveness) and resources for locating public and private scholarships; and
- (ii) Assistance in completing financial aid applications, including the Free Application for Federal Student Aid:
 - (5) Guidance on and assistance in-
 - (i) Secondary school reentry;
- (ii) Alternative education programs for secondary school dropouts that lead to the receipt of a regular secondary school diploma;
- (iii) Entry into general educational development (GED) programs; or
- (iv) Entry into postsecondary education; and
- (6) Education or counseling services designed to improve the financial and economic literacy of students or the students' parents, including financial planning for postsecondary education.
- (b) Any project that has received funds under this part for at least two years must include as part of its core curriculum in the next and succeeding years, instruction in—
- (1) Mathematics through pre-calculus;
- (2) Laboratory science;
- (3) Foreign language:

- (4) Composition; and
- (5) Literature.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1070a-13)

[75 FR 65785, Oct. 26, 2010]

§ 645.12 What services may regular Upward Bound and Upward Bound Math-Science projects provide?

Any project assisted under this part may provide such services as—

- (a) Exposure to cultural events, academic programs, and other activities not usually available to disadvantaged youth:
- (b) Information, activities, and instruction designed to acquaint youth participating in the project with the range of career options available to the youth:
 - (c) On-campus residential programs;
- (d) Mentoring programs involving elementary school or secondary school teachers or counselors, faculty members at institutions of higher education, students, or any combination of these persons:
- (e) Work-study positions where youth participating in the project are exposed to careers requiring a postsecondary degree;
- (f) Programs and activities as described in §645.11 that are specially designed for participants who are limited English proficient, participants from groups that are traditionally underrepresented in postsecondary education, participants who are individuals with disabilities, participants who are homeless children and youths, participants in or who are aging out of foster care, or other disconnected participants; and
- (g) Other activities designed to meet the purposes of the Upward Bound program in §645.1.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1070a-13)

[75 FR 65785, Oct. 26, 2010]

§ 645.13 How are regular Upward Bound projects organized?

- (a) Regular Upward Bound projects—
- (1) Must provide participants with a summer instructional component that is designed to simulate a college-going experience for participants, and an academic year component; and