program or agency, unless otherwise specified in State statute or regulation. The coordinator serves *ex officio*, unless otherwise specified in State statute or regulation. The coordinator is not deemed to be an official or employee of the Federal Government and receives no Federal compensation for such service.

(c) Replacement. In the absence of a deputy coordinator, the State board may select an acting coordinator until another coordinator is appointed, in order to conduct the necessary business of the board.

[71 FR 27624, May 12, 2006, as amended at 75 FR 66318, Oct. 28, 2010]

#### § 1206.43 What are the duties of the deputy State coordinator?

The coordinator may designate a deputy State coordinator to assist in carrying out the duties and responsibilities of the coordinator and to serve as an acting coordinator at the coordinator's direction or upon the coordinator's resignation or inability to serve.

[71 FR 27624, May 12, 2006, as amended at 75 FR 66318, Oct. 28, 2010]

### § 1206.44 Who is eligible for subgrants?

All organizations located within a State that has an active State historical records board and entities defined in §1206.54 may be eligible, as determined by the board.

[75 FR 66318, Oct. 28, 2010]

# § 1206.45 What rules govern sub-grant distribution, cost sharing, grant administration, and reporting?

- (a) The Commission will annually establish guidance published in the grant opportunity announcement for State grants regarding:
  - (1) The distribution of re-grant funds;
- (2) Cost sharing and matching requirements; and
  - (3) Reporting.
- (b) Each participating State is responsible for ensuring that the subgrantees comply with Federal grant administration and reporting requirements.
- (c) Each participating State must annually prepare a report to the NHPRC

on its sub-grant program, following the requirements outlined in \$1206.80.

[71 FR 27624, May 12, 2006, as amended at 75 FR 66318, Oct. 28, 2010]

## Subpart E—Applying for NHPRC Grants

## §1206.50 What types of funding and cost sharing arrangements does the Commission make?

- (a) Types of grants. (1) Matching grant. A matching grant is a Federal grant awarded only after the applicant raises its share of non-Federal support for a project. We will match only funds raised from non-Federal sources, either monies provided by the applicant's own institution specifically for the project or from a non-Federal third-party source. The Commission does not ordinarily make matching grants.
- (2) Outright grant. Outright grants are those awards we make without any matching requirement. However, outright grants usually include a cost-sharing requirement.
- (b) Cost sharing. (1) Cost sharing consists of the applicant's contribution to the cost of the project. The Commission ordinarily expects the applicant to provide cost sharing in an amount equal to the amount of the Federal grant award. Exceptions to the one-to-one cost sharing requirement may be set by the Commission in specific grant opportunity announcements.
- (2) Cost sharing may include cash or in-kind contributions provided by the applicant or by a non-Federal third party.
- (3) We prefer the applicant cover indirect costs through cost sharing.

[71 FR 27624, May 12, 2006, as amended at 75 FR 66318, Oct. 28, 2010]

## § 1206.52 Does the Commission ever place conditions on its grants?

Yes, the Commission may place certain conditions on its grants. The Commission describes applicable conditions in each grant opportunity announcement.

[71 FR 27624, May 12, 2006, as amended at 75 FR 66318, Oct. 28, 2010]