Pt. 63, Subpt. UUU, Table 34

40 CFR Ch. I (7-1-09 Edition)

TABLE 34 TO SUBPART UUU OF PART 63—CONTINUOUS COMPLIANCE WITH HAP EMISSION LIMITS FOR SULFUR RECOVERY UNITS

As stated in 63.1568(c)(1), you shall meet each requirement in the following table that applies to you.

For	For this emission limit	You shall demonstrate continuous compliance by
1. Each new or existing Claus sulfur recovery unit part of a sulfur re- covery plant of 20 long tons per day or more and subject to the NSPS for sulfur oxides in 40 CFR 60.104(a)(2).	a. 250 ppmv (dry basis) of SO ₂ at zero percent excess air if you use an oxidation or reduction control system followed by incineration.	Collecting the hourly average SO_2 monitoring data (dry basis, percent excess air) according to §63.1572; determining and recording each 12-hour rolling average concentration of SO_2 ; maintaining each 12-hour rolling average concentration of SO_2 at or below the applicable emission limitation; and reporting any 12-hour rolling average concentration of SO_2 greater than the applicable emission limitation in the compliance report required by §63.1575.
	b. 300 ppmv of reduced sulfur compounds cal- culated as ppmv SO ₂ (dry basis) at zero per- cent excess air if you use a reduction control system without incineration.	Collecting the hourly average reduced sulfur (and air or O ₂ dilution and oxidation) moni- toring data according to §63.1572; deter- mining and recording each 12-hour rolling av- erage concentration of reduced sulfur; main- taining each 12-hour rolling average con- centration of reduced sulfur at or below the applicable emission limitation; and reporting any 12-hour rolling average concentration of reduced sulfur greater than the applicable emission limitation in the compliance report re- quired by §63.1575.
2. Option 1: Elect NSPS. Each new or existing sulfur recovery unit (Claus or other type, regardless of size) not subject to the NSPS for sulfur oxides in 40 CFR 60.104(a)(2).	a. 250 ppmv (dry basis) of SO ₂ at zero percent excess air if you use an oxidation or reduction control system followed by incineration.	Collecting the hourly average SO ₂ data (dry basis, percent excess air) according to \S 63.1572; determining and recording each 12-hour rolling average concentration of SO ₂ ; maintaining each 12-hour rolling average concentration of SO ₂ at or below the applicable emission limitation; and reporting any 12-hour rolling average concentration of SO ₂ greater than the applicable emission limitation in the compliance report required by §63.1575.
	b. 300 ppmv of reduced sulfur compounds cal- culated as ppmv SO ₂ (dry basis) at zero per- cent excess air if you use a reduction control system without incineration.	Collecting the hourly average reduced sulfur (and air or O ₂ dilution and oxidation) moni- toring data according to §63.1572; deter- mining and recording each 12-hour rolling av- erage concentration of reduced sulfur; main- taining each 12-hour rolling average con- centration of reduced sulfur at or below the applicable emission limitation; and reporting any 12-hour rolling average concentration of reduced sulfur greater than the applicable emission limitation in the compliance report re- quired by §63.1575.
3. Option 2: TRS limit. Each new or existing sulfur recovery unit (Claus or other type, regardless of size) not subject to the NSPS for sulfur oxides in 40 CFR 60 104(a)(2)	300 ppmv of TRS compounds, expressed as an SO ₂ concentration (dry basis) at zero percent oxygen or reduced sulfur compounds calculated as ppmv SO ₂ (dry basis) at zero percent excess air.	i. If you use continuous parameter monitoring systems, collecting the hourly average TRS monitoring data according to §63.1572 and maintaining each 12-hour average concentra- tion of TRS at or below the applicable emis- sion limitation; or
55.157(G)(E).		ii. If you use a continuous emission monitoring system, collecting the hourly average TRS monitoring data according to §63.1572, deter- mining and recording each 12-hour rolling av- erage concentration of TRS; maintaining each 12-hour rolling average concentration of TRS at or below the applicable emission limitation; and reporting any 12-hour rolling average TRS concentration greater than the applicable emission limitation in the compliance report re- quired by §63.1575.

[70 FR 6963, Feb. 9, 2005]