| Part 63 Citation | Description | Explanation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 63.10(d)(5) .................... | If actions taken during a startup, shutdown and malfunction plan are consistent with the procedures in the startup, shutdown and malfunction plan, this information shall be included in a semi-annual startup, shutdown and malfunction plan report. Any time an action taken during a startup, shutdown and malfunction plan is not consistent with the startup, shutdown and malfunction plan, the source shall report actions taken within 2 working days after commencing such actions, followed by a letter 7 days after the event. |  |
| 63.12(a) $63.15$ | These provisions do not preclude the State from adopting and enforcing any standard, limitation, etc., requiring permits, or requiring emissions reductions in excess of those specified. Availability of information and confidentiality. |  |

## Subpart CCCC-National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants: Manufacturing of Nutritional Yeast

Source: 66 FR 27884, May 21, 2001, unless otherwise noted.

## What This Subpart Covers

## $\S 63.2130$ What is the purpose of this subpart?

This subpart establishes national emission limitations for hazardous air pollutants emitted from manufacturers of nutritional yeast. This subpart also establishes requirements to demonstrate initial and continuous compliance with the emission limitations.

## § 63.2131 Am I subject to this subpart?

(a) You are subject to this subpart if you own or operate a nutritional yeast manufacturing facility that is, is located at, or is part of a major source of hazardous air pollutants (HAP) emissions.
(1) A manufacturer of nutritional yeast is a facility that makes yeast for the purpose of becoming an ingredient in dough for bread or any other yeastraised baked product, or for becoming a nutritional food additive intended for consumption by humans. A manufacturer of nutritional yeast does not include production of yeast intended for consumption by animals, such as an additive for livestock feed
(2) A major source of HAP emissions is any stationary source or group of stationary sources located within a
contiguous area and under common control that emits or has the potential to emit, considering controls, any single HAP at a rate of 9.07 megagrams (10 tons) or more per year or any combination of HAP at a rate of 22.68 megagrams ( 25 tons) or more per year. (b) [Reserved]

## § 63.2132 What parts of my plant does this subpart cover?

(a) This subpart applies to each new, reconstructed, or existing 'affected source" that produces Saccharomyces cerevisiae at a nutritional yeast manufacturing facility.
(b) The affected source is the collection of equipment used in the manufacture of the nutritional yeast species Saccharomyces cerevisiae. This collection of equipment includes, but is not limited to, fermentation vessels (fermenters). The collection of equipment used in the manufacture of the nutritional yeast species Candida utilis (torula yeast) is not part of the affected source.
(c) The emission limitations in this subpart apply to fermenters in the affected source that meet all of the criteria listed in paragraphs (c)(1) through (2) of this section.
(1) The fermenters are "fed-batch" as defined in §63.2192.
(2) The fermenters are used to support one of the last three fermentation stages in a production run, which may be referred to as "stock, first generation, and trade," "seed, semi-seed, and commercial," or "CB4, CB5, and CB6", stages.

