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- (i) As specified in §63.8(c)(4)(ii), each CEMS must complete a minimum of one cycle of operation (sampling, analyzing, and data recording) for each successive 15-minute period.
- (ii) You must reduce CEMS data as specified in §63.8(g)(2).
- (iii) Each CEMS must determine and record the 3-hour average emissions using all the hourly averages collected for periods during which the CEMS is not out-of-control.
- (iv) Record the results of each inspection, calibration, and validation check. [69 FR 21923, Apr. 22, 2004, as amended at 73 FR 7221, Feb. 7, 2008]

§ 63.7742 How do I monitor and collect data to demonstrate continuous compliance?

- (a) Except for monitoring malfunctions, associated repairs, and required quality assurance or control activities (including as applicable, calibration checks and required zero and span adjustments), you must monitor continuously (or collect data at all required intervals) any time a source of emissions is operating.
- (b) You may not use data recorded during monitoring malfunctions, associated repairs, and required quality assurance or control activities in data averages and calculations used to report emissions or operating levels or to fulfill a minimum data availability requirement, if applicable. You must use all the data collected during all other periods in assessing compliance.
- (c) A monitoring malfunction is any sudden, infrequent, not reasonably preventable failure of the monitoring system to provide valid data. Monitoring failures that are caused in part by poor maintenance or careless operation are not malfunctions.

§63.7743 How do I demonstrate continuous compliance with the emissions limitations that apply to me?

(a) You must demonstrate continuous compliance by meeting the applicable conditions in paragraphs (a)(1) through (12) of this section. When alternative emissions limitations are provided for a given emissions source, you must comply with the alternative emissions limitation most recently selected as your compliance alternative.

- (1) For each electric arc metal melting furnace, electric induction metal melting furnace, or scrap preheater at an existing iron and steel foundry,
- (i) Maintaining the average PM concentration in the exhaust stream at or below 0.005 gr/dscf; or
- (ii) Maintaining the average total metal HAP concentration in the exhaust stream at or below 0.0004 gr/dscf.
- (2) For each cupola metal melting furnace at an existing iron and steel foundry,
- (i) Maintaining the average PM concentration in the exhaust stream at or below 0.006 gr/dscf; or
- (ii) Maintaining the average total metal HAP concentration in the exhaust stream at or below 0.0005 gr/dscf;
- (iii) Maintaining the average PM mass emissions rate at or below 0.10 pound of PM per ton (lb/ton) of metal charged; or
- (iv) Maintaining the average total metal HAP mass emissions rate at or below 0.008 pound of total metal HAP per ton (lb/ton) of metal charged.
- (3) For each cupola metal melting furnace or electric arc metal melting furnace at new iron and steel foundry, (i) Maintaining the average PM concentration in the exhaust stream at or below 0.002 gr/dscf; or
- (ii) Maintaining the average total metal HAP concentration in the exhaust stream at or below 0.0002 gr/dscf.
- (4) For each electric induction metal melting furnace or scrap preheater at a new iron and steel foundry,
- (i) Maintaining the average PM concentration in the exhaust stream at or below 0.001 gr/dscf; or
- (ii) Maintaining the average total metal HAP concentration in the exhaust stream at or below 0.00008 gr/dscf.
- (5) For each pouring station at an existing iron and steel foundry,
- (i) Maintaining the average PM concentration in the exhaust stream at or below 0.010 gr/dscf; or
- (ii) Maintaining the average total metal HAP concentration in the exhaust stream at or below 0.0008 gr/dscf.
- (6) For each pouring area or pouring station at a new iron and steel foundry,
- (i) Maintaining the average PM concentration in the exhaust stream at or below $0.002~{
 m gr/dsef};$ or

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- (ii) Maintaining the average total metal HAP concentration in the exhaust stream at or below 0.0002 gr/dscf.
- (7) For each building or structure housing any iron and steel foundry emissions source at the iron and steel foundry, maintaining the opacity of any fugitive emissions from foundry operations discharged to the atmosphere at or below 20 percent opacity (6-minute average), except for one 6-minute average per hour that does not exceed 27 percent opacity.
- (8) For each cupola metal melting furnace at a new or existing iron and steel foundry, maintaining the average VOHAP concentration in the exhaust stream at or below 20 ppmv corrected to 10 percent oxygen.
- (9) For each scrap preheater at an existing new iron and steel foundry that does not comply with the work practice standard in §63.7700(e)(1) or (2) and for each scrap preheater at a new iron and steel foundry that does not comply with the work practice standard in §63.7700(f), maintaining the average VOHAP concentration in the exhaust stream at or below 20 ppmv.
- (10) For one or more automated conveyor and pallet cooling lines or automated shakeout lines that use a sand mold system at a new iron and steel foundry,
- (i) Maintaining the 3-hour flowweighted average VOHAP concentration in the exhaust stream at or below 20 ppmv;
- (ii) Inspecting and maintaining each CEMS according to the requirements of §63.7741(g) and recording all information needed to document conformance with these requirements; and
- (iii) Collecting and reducing monitoring data for according to the requirements of §63.7741(g) and recording all information needed to document conformance with these requirements.
- (11) For each TEA cold box mold or core making line at a new or existing iron and steel foundry, maintaining a 99 percent reduction in the VOHAP concentration in the exhaust stream or maintaining the average VOHAP concentration in the exhaust stream at or below 1 ppmv.
- (12) Conducting subsequent performance tests at least every 5 years for each emissions source subject to an

- emissions limit for PM, total metal HAP, VOHAP, or TEA in §63.7690(a) and subsequent performance tests at least every 6 months for each building or structure subject to the opacity limit in §63.7690(a)(7).
- (b) You must demonstrate continuous compliance for each capture system subject to an operating limit in $\S63.7690(b)(1)$ by meeting the requirements in paragraphs (b)(1) and (2) of this section.
- (1) Operating the capture system at or above the lowest values or settings established for the operating limits in your operation and maintenance plan; and
- (2) Monitoring the capture system according to the requirements in §63.7740(a) and collecting, reducing, and recording the monitoring data for each of the operating limit parameters according to the applicable requirements in this subpart.
 - (c) For each baghouse,
- (1) Inspecting and maintaining each baghouse according to the requirements of §63.7740(c)(1) through (8) and recording all information needed to document conformance with these requirements; and
- (2) If the baghouse is equipped with a bag leak detection system, maintaining records of the times the bag leak detection system sounded, and for each valid alarm, the time you initiated corrective action, the corrective action taken, and the date on which corrective action was completed.
- (d) For each wet scrubber that is subject to the operating limits in §63.7690(b)(2), you must demonstrate continuous compliance by:
- (1) Maintaining the 3-hour average pressure drop and 3-hour average scrubber water flow rate at levels no lower than those established during the initial or subsequent performance test;
- (2) Inspecting and maintaining each CPMS according to the requirements of §63.7741(c) and recording all information needed to document conformance with these requirements; and
- (3) Collecting and reducing monitoring data for pressure drop and scrubber water flow rate according to

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the requirements of §63.7741(f) and recording all information needed to document conformance with these requirements.

- (e) For each combustion device that is subject to the operating limit in $\S63.7690(b)(3)$, you must demonstrate continuous compliance by:
- (1) Maintaining the 15-minute average combustion zone temperature at a level no lower than 1,300 °F;
- (2) Inspecting and maintaining each CPMS according to the requirements of §63.7741(d) and recording all information needed to document conformance with these requirements; and
- (3) Collecting and reducing monitoring data for combustion zone temperature according to the requirements of §63.7741(f) and recording all information needed to document conformance with these requirements.
- (f) For each combustion device that is subject to the operating limit in §63.7690(b)(4), you must demonstrate continuous compliance by:
- (1) Maintaining the 3-hour average combustion zone temperature at a level no lower that established during the initial or subsequent performance test;
- (2) Inspecting and maintaining each CPMS according to the requirements of §63.7741(d) and recording all information needed to document conformance with these requirements; and
- (3) Collecting and reducing monitoring data for combustion zone temperature according to the requirements of §63.7741(f) and recording all information needed to document conformance with these requirements.
- (g) For each acid wet scrubber subject to the operating limits in §63.7690(b)(5), you must demonstrate continuous compliance by:
- (1) Maintaining the 3-hour average scrubbing liquid flow rate at a level no lower than the level established during the initial or subsequent performance test:
- (2) Maintaining the 3-hour average pH of the scrubber blowdown at a level no higher than 4.5 (if measured by a CPMS) or maintaining the pH level of the scrubber blowdown during each production shift no higher than 4.5;
- (3) Inspecting and maintaining each CPMS according to the requirements of §63.7741(e) and recording all informa-

tion needed to document conformance with these requirements; and

(4) Collecting and reducing monitoring data for scrubbing liquid flow rate and scrubber blowdown pH according to the requirements of \$63.7741(f) and recording all information needed to document conformance with these requirements. If the pH level of the scrubber blowdown is measured by a probe and meter, you must demonstrate continuous compliance by maintaining records that document the date, time, and results of each sample taken for each production shift.

[69 FR 21923, Apr. 22, 2004, as amended at 73 FR 7222, Feb. 7, 2008]

§ 63.7744 How do I demonstrate continuous compliance with the work practice standards that apply to me?

- (a) You must maintain records that document continuous compliance with the certification requirements in §63.7700(b) or with the procedures in your scrap selection and inspection plan required in §63.7700(c). Your records documenting compliance with the scrap selection and inspection plan must include a copy (kept onsite) of the procedures used by the scrap supplier for either removing accessible mercury switches or for purchasing automobile bodies that have had mercury switches removed, as applicable.
- (b) You must keep records of the chemical composition of all catalyst binder formulations applied in each furan warm box mold or core making line at a new or existing iron and steel foundry to demonstrate continuous compliance with the requirements in §63.7700(d).
- (c) For a scrap preheater at an existing iron and steel foundry, you must operate and maintain each gas-fired preheater such that the flame directly contacts the scrap charged to demonstrate continuous compliance with the requirement §63.7700(e)(1). If you choose to meet the work practice standard in §63.7700(e)(2), you must keep records to document that the scrap preheater charges only material that is subject to and in compliance with the scrap certification requirements in §63.7700(b).