§ 98.301

- (4) Gas containers such as pressurized cylinders.
 - (5) Gas carts.
 - (6) Electric power transformers.
 - (7) Other containers of SF₆ or PFC.

§ 98.301 Reporting threshold.

- (a) You must report GHG emissions from an electric power system if the total nameplate capacity of SF_6 and PFC containing equipment (excluding hermetically sealed-pressure equipment) located within the facility, when added to the total nameplate capacity of SF_6 and PFC containing equipment (excluding hermetically sealed-pressure equipment) that is not located within the facility but is under common ownership or control, exceeds 17,820 pounds and the facility meets the requirements of $\S98.2(a)(1)$.
- (b) A facility other than an electric power system that is subject to this part because of emissions from any other source category listed in Table A-3 or A-4 in subpart A of this part is not required to report emissions under

subpart DD of this part unless the total nameplate capacity of SF₆ and PFC containing equipment located within that facility exceeds 17,820 pounds.

§ 98.302 GHGs to report.

You must report total SF₆ and PFC emissions from your facility (including emissions from fugitive equipment leaks, installation, servicing, equipment decommissioning and disposal, and from storage cylinders) resulting from the transmission and distribution servicing inventory and equipment listed in $\S98.300(a)$. For acquisitions of equipment containing or insulated with SF₆ or PFCs, you must report emissions from the equipment after the title to the equipment is transferred to the electric power transmission or distribution entity.

§ 98.303 Calculating GHG emissions.

(a) Calculate the annual SF_6 and PFC emissions using the mass-balance approach in Equation DD-1 of this section:

User Emissions = (Decrease in SF_6 Inventory) + (Acquisitions of SF_6) - (Disbursements of SF_6) - (Net Increase in Total Nameplate Capacity of Equipment Operated)

(Eq. DD-1)

Where:

Decrease in SF₆ Inventory = (pounds of SF₆ stored in containers, but not in energized equipment, at the beginning of the year)—(pounds of SF₆ stored in containers, but not in energized equipment, at the end of the year).

Acquisitions of SF_6 = (pounds of SF_6 purchased from chemical producers or distributors in bulk) + (pounds of SF_6 purchased from equipment manufacturers or distributors with or inside equipment, including hermetically sealed-pressure switchgear) + (pounds of SF_6 returned to facility after off-site recycling).

Disbursements of SF_6 = (pounds of SF_6 in bulk and contained in equipment that is sold to other entities) + (pounds of SF_6 returned to suppliers) + (pounds of SF_6 sent off site for recycling) + (pounds of SF_6 sent off-site for destruction).

Net Increase in Total Nameplate Capacity of Equipment Operated = (The Nameplate Capacity of new equipment in pounds, including hermetically sealed-pressure switchgear)—(Nameplate Capacity of retiring equipment in pounds, including hermetically sealed-pressure switchgear). (Note that Nameplate Capacity refers to the full and proper charge of equipment rather than to the actual charge, which may reflect leakage).

(b) Use Equation DD–1 of this section to estimate emissions of PFCs from power transformers, substituting the relevant PFC(s) for ${\rm SF_6}$ in the equation.

§ 98.304 Monitoring and QA/QC requirements.

(a) For calendar year 2011 monitoring, you may follow the provisions of §98.3(d)(1) through (d)(2) for best available monitoring methods rather than follow the monitoring requirements of this section. For purposes of this subpart, any reference in