§ 180.1074

tolerance in or on all the raw agricultural commodities (food and feed) including, peach; quince; nectarine; and nut, macadamia when used in orchards with encapsulated polyethylene tubing to control oriental fruit moth.

[74 FR 26534, June 3, 2009]

§ 180.1074 F.D.&C. Blue No. 1; exemption from the requirement of a tolerance.

F.D.&C. Blue No. 1 is exempted from the requirement of a tolerance when used as an aquatic plant control agent.

[47 FR 25963, June 16, 1982]

§ 180.1075 Colletotrichum gloeosporioides f. sp. aeschynomene; exemption from the requirement of a tolerance.

An exemption from the requirement of a tolerance is established for residues of the mycoherbicide Colletotrichum gloeosporioides f. sp. aeschynomene in or on the following raw agricultural commodities:

COMMODITY

Aspirated grain fractions Rice, grain Soybean, forage Soybean, hay Soybean, seed

 $[47 \ FR \ 25742, \ June \ 15, \ 1982, \ as \ amended \ at \ 74 \ FR \ 26534, \ June \ 3, \ 2009]$

§ 180.1076 Viable spores of the microorganism *Bacillus popilliae*; exemption from the requirement of a tolerance.

- (a) For the purposes of this section the microbial insecticide for which exemption from the requirement of a tolerance is being established shall have the following specifications:
- (1) The microorganism shall be an authentic strain of *Bacillus popilliae* conforming to the morphological and biochemical characteristics of *Bacillus popilliae* as described in Bergey's Manual of Determinative Bacteriology, Eighth Edition.
- (2) Spore preparations of *Bacillus* popilliae shall be produced by an extraction process from diseased Japanese beetles, and may contain a small percentage of the naturally occurring milky disease bacterium *Bacillus* lentimorbus.

(3) Each lot of spore preparation, prior to the addition of other materials, shall be tested by subcutaneous injection of at least 1 million spores into each of five laboratory test mice weighing 17 grams to 23 grams. Such test shall show no evidence of infection of injury in the test animals when observed for 7 days following injection.

(b) Exemption from the requirement of a tolerance is established for residues of the microbial insecticide *Bacillus popilliae*, as specified in paragraph (a) of this section in or on grass, pasture, forage and grass, rangeland, forage when it is applied to growing crops in accordance with good agricultural practices.

[47 FR 38535, Sept. 1, 1982, as amended at 74 FR 26535, June 3, 2009]

§ 180.1080 Plant volatiles and pheromone; exemptions from the requirement of a tolerance.

An exemption from the requirement of a tolerance is established for residues of the plant volatiles cyclic decadiene. cvclic cyclic decene. pentadecatriene, and decatriene and pheromone Z-2-isopropenyl-1methylcyclobutaneethanol; Z-3.3-dimethyl- $\Delta 1,\beta$ -cyclohexaneethanol; Z-3,3dimethyl- $\Delta 1, \alpha$ -cyclohexaneethanal; E-3,3-dimethyl- Δ 1, α -cyclohexaneethanal combination when applied to cotton in hollow synthetic fibers.

[48 FR 28442, June 22, 1983]

§ 180.1083 Dimethyl sulfoxide; exemption from the requirement of a tolerance.

Dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO) [CAS Registry Number 67–68–5] is exempted from the requirement of a tolerance when used as an inert solvent or cosolvent in formulations with the following pesticides when used in accordance with good agricultural practices in or on the following raw agricultural commodities:

(a) Carbaryl (1-naphthyl methyl-carbamate)

Pea, dry, seed Pea, succulent

(b) $O\text{-}O\text{-}\mathrm{Diethyl}$ $O\text{-}(2\text{-}\mathrm{isopropyl}\text{-}6\text{-}\mathrm{methyl}\text{-}4\text{-}\mathrm{pyrimidinyl})$ phosphorothioate