provide for final compliance after the final compliance date in the applicable compliance schedule of this paragraph. If promulgated by the Administrator, such schedule shall satisfy the requirements of this paragraph for the affected source.

(iv) The requirements of this paragraph shall not apply to the following sources for which a request for a postponement of the applicability of regulation X had been submitted pursuant to section 110(f) of the Act prior to the date of publication of this regulation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kammer Station, Ohio Power Company</td>
<td>Moundsville.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mitchell Station, Ohio Power Company</td>
<td>Do.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harrison Station, Monongahela Power Company</td>
<td>Haywood.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Martin Station, Monongahela Power Company</td>
<td>Malsville.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(10) Nothing in this paragraph shall preclude the Administrator from promulgating a separate schedule for any source to which the application of the compliance schedule in paragraph (b) (2), (3), (5), or (6) of this section fails to satisfy the requirements of §§51.261 and 51.262(a) of this chapter.


§ 52.2525 Control strategy: Sulfur dioxide.

(a) The provisions of §51.112(a) are not met because the State did not adequately demonstrate that the deletion of section 3.03(b) of West Virginia regulation X as it applies to the Rivesville plant would not interfere with attainment and maintenance of the national ambient air quality standard.

(b) EPA approves the attainment demonstration State Implementation Plan for the City of Weirton, including the Clay and Butler Magisterial Districts area in Hancock County, West Virginia, submitted by the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection on December 29, 2003.


§ 52.2526 Control strategy: Particulate matter.

(a) EPA approves West Virginia’s November 15, 1991 SIP submittal for fulfilling the PM10-specific requirement of part D for contingency measures required under section 172(c)(9) of the Clean Air Act applicable to the Follansbee, West Virginia PM10 non-attainment area.

(b) Determinations of Attainment. EPA has determined, as of November 20, 2009, the Martinsburg-Hagerstown, WV-MD, the Parkersburg-Marietta, WV-OH and the Wheeling, WV-OH PM2.5 non-attainment areas have attained the 1997 PM2.5 NAAQS. These determinations, in accordance with 40 CFR 52.1004(c), suspend the requirements for these areas to submit an attainment demonstration, associated reasonably available control measures, a reasonable further progress plan, contingency measures, and other planning SIPs related to attainment of the standard for as long as these areas continue to meet the 1997 PM2.5 NAAQS.

[68 FR 51464, Aug. 27, 2003, as amended at 74 FR 60203, Nov. 20, 2009]

§ 52.2527 Significant deterioration of air quality.

(a) The requirements of Sections 160 through 165 of the Clean Air Act are met since the plan includes approvable procedures for the Prevention of Significant Air Quality Deterioration.

(b) Regulations for Preventing Significant Deterioration of Air Quality, the provisions of §52.21(p) (4), (5), (6), and (7) are hereby incorporated and made a part of the applicable state plan for the state of West Virginia.

[51 FR 12518, Apr. 11, 1986]

§§ 52.2529–52.2530 [Reserved]

§ 52.2531 1990 base year emission inventory.

EPA approves as a revision to the West Virginia State Implementation Plan the 1990 base year emission inventories for the Greenbrier county ozone nonattainment area submitted by the Secretary, West Virginia Department of Commerce, Labor & Environmental Resources on December 22, 1992. These