### **Environmental Protection Agency**

- (i) The owner or operator of an affected facility may conduct a repeat performance test within 30 days of violation of applicable operating parameter(s) to demonstrate that the affected facility is not in violation of the applicable emissions limit(s). Repeat performance tests conducted pursuant to this paragraph shall be conducted using the identical operating parameters that indicated a violation under paragraph (e), (f), (g), or (h) of this section.
- (j) The owner or operator of an affected facility using an air pollution control device other than a dry scrubber followed by a fabric filter, a wet scrubber, a dry scrubber followed by a fabric filter and a wet scrubber, or selective noncatalytic reduction technology to comply with the emissions limits under  $\S60.52c$  shall petition the Administrator for other site-specific operating parameters to be established during the initial performance test and continuously monitored thereafter. The owner or operator shall not conduct the initial performance test until after the petition has been approved by the Administrator.
- (k) The owner or operator of an affected facility may conduct a repeat performance test at any time to establish new values for the operating parameters. The Administrator may request a repeat performance test at any time.

[62 FR 48382, Sept. 15, 1997, as amended at 65 FR 61753, Oct. 17, 2000; 74 FR 51409, Oct. 6, 2009]

#### § 60.57c Monitoring requirements.

- (a) Except as provided in §60.56c(c)(4) through (c)(7), the owner or operator of an affected facility shall install, calispecificabrate (to manufacturers' tions), maintain, and operate devices (or establish methods) for monitoring the applicable maximum and minimum operating parameters listed in Table 3 to this subpart (unless CEMS are used as a substitute for certain parameters as specified) such that these devices (or methods) measure and record values for these operating parameters at the frequencies indicated in Table 3 of this subpart at all times.
- (b) The owner or operator of an affected facility as defined in §60.50c(a)(3)

- and (4) that uses selective noncatalytic reduction technology shall install, calibrate (to manufacturers' specifications), maintain, and operate devices (or establish methods) for monitoring the operating parameters listed in §60.56c(h) such that the devices (or methods) measure and record values for the operating parameters at all times. Operating parameter values shall be measured and recorded at the following minimum frequencies:
- (1) Maximum charge rate shall be measured continuously and recorded once each hour;
- (2) Minimum secondary chamber temperature shall be measured continuously and recorded once each minute; and
- (3) Minimum reagent flow rate shall be measured hourly and recorded once each hour.
- (c) The owner or operator of an affected facility shall install, calibrate (to manufacturers' specifications), maintain, and operate a device or method for measuring the use of the bypass stack including date, time, and duration.
- (d) The owner or operator of an affected facility using an air pollution control device other than a dry scrubber followed by a fabric filter, a wet scrubber, a dry scrubber followed by a fabric filter and a wet scrubber, or selective noncatalytic reduction technology to comply with the emissions limits under §60.52c shall install, calibrate (to manufacturers' specifications), maintain, and operate the equipment necessary to monitor the site-specific operating parameters developed pursuant to §60.56c(j).
- (e) The owner or operator of an affected facility shall obtain monitoring data at all times during HMIWI operation except during periods of monitoring equipment malfunction, calibration, or repair. At a minimum, valid monitoring data shall be obtained for 75 percent of the operating hours per day for 90 percent of the operating days per calendar quarter that the affected facility is combusting hospital waste and/or medical/infectious waste.
- (f) The owner or operator of an affected facility as defined in  $\S 60.50c(a)(3)$  and (4) shall ensure that each HMIWI subject to the emissions limits in

#### §60.57c

§60.52c undergoes an initial air pollution control device inspection that is at least as protective as the following:

- (1) At a minimum, an inspection shall include the following:
- (i) Inspect air pollution control device(s) for proper operation, if applicable:
- (ii) Ensure proper calibration of thermocouples, sorbent feed systems, and any other monitoring equipment; and
- (iii) Generally observe that the equipment is maintained in good operating condition.
- (2) Within 10 operating days following an air pollution control device inspection, all necessary repairs shall be completed unless the owner or operator obtains written approval from the Administrator establishing a date whereby all necessary repairs of the designated facility shall be completed.
- (g) The owner or operator of an affected facility as defined in  $\S 60.50c(a)(3)$  and (4) shall ensure that each HMIWI subject to the emissions limits under  $\S 60.52c$  undergoes an air pollution control device inspection annually (no more than 12 months following the previous annual air pollution control device inspection), as outlined in paragraphs (f)(1) and (f)(2) of this section.
- (h) For affected facilities as defined in §60.50c(a)(3) and (4) that use an air pollution control device that includes a fabric filter and are not demonstrating compliance using PM CEMS, determine compliance with the PM emissions limit using a bag leak detection system and meet the requirements in paragraphs (h)(1) through (h)(12) of this section for each bag leak detection system.
- (1) Each triboelectric bag leak detection system may be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained according to the "Fabric Filter Bag Leak Detection Guidance," (EPA-454/R-98-015, September 1997). This document is available from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA); Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards; Sector Policies and Programs Division; Measurement Policy Group (D-243-02), Research Triangle Park, NC 27711. This document is also available on the Technology Transfer Network (TTN) under Emissions Measurement Center

Continuous Emissions Monitoring. Other types of bag leak detection systems shall be installed, operated, calibrated, and maintained in a manner consistent with the manufacturer's written specifications and recommendations.

- (2) The bag leak detection system shall be certified by the manufacturer to be capable of detecting PM emissions at concentrations of 10 milligrams per actual cubic meter (0.0044 grains per actual cubic foot) or less.
- (3) The bag leak detection system sensor shall provide an output of relative PM loadings.
- (4) The bag leak detection system shall be equipped with a device to continuously record the output signal from the sensor.
- (5) The bag leak detection system shall be equipped with an audible alarm system that will sound automatically when an increase in relative PM emissions over a preset level is detected. The alarm shall be located where it is easily heard by plant operating personnel.
- (6) For positive pressure fabric filter systems, a bag leak detector shall be installed in each baghouse compartment or cell.
- (7) For negative pressure or induced air fabric filters, the bag leak detector shall be installed downstream of the fabric filter.
- (8) Where multiple detectors are required, the system's instrumentation and alarm may be shared among detectors
- (9) The baseline output shall be established by adjusting the range and the averaging period of the device and establishing the alarm set points and the alarm delay time according to section 5.0 of the "Fabric Filter Bag Leak Detection Guidance."
- (10) Following initial adjustment of the system, the sensitivity or range, averaging period, alarm set points, or alarm delay time may not be adjusted. In no case may the sensitivity be increased by more than 100 percent or decreased more than 50 percent over a 365-day period unless such adjustment follows a complete fabric filter inspection that demonstrates that the fabric filter is in good operating condition. Each adjustment shall be recorded.

## **Environmental Protection Agency**

- (11) Record the results of each inspection, calibration, and validation check.
- (12) Initiate corrective action within 1 hour of a bag leak detection system alarm; operate and maintain the fabric filter such that the alarm is not engaged for more than 5 percent of the total operating time in a 6-month block reporting period. If inspection of the fabric filter demonstrates that no corrective action is required, no alarm time is counted. If corrective action is required, each alarm is counted as a minimum of 1 hour. If it takes longer than 1 hour to initiate corrective action, the alarm time is counted as the actual amount of time taken to initiate corrective action.

[62 FR 48382, Sept. 15, 1997, as amended at 74 FR 51412, Oct. 6, 2009]

# § 60.58c Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

- (a) The owner or operator of an affected facility shall submit notifications, as provided by §60.7. In addition, the owner or operator shall submit the following information:
- (1) Prior to commencement of construction:
- (i) A statement of intent to construct:
- (ii) The anticipated date of commencement of construction; and
- (iii) All documentation produced as a result of the siting requirements of  $\S 60.54c$ .
  - (2) Prior to initial startup;
- (i) The type(s) of waste to be combusted;
- (ii) The maximum design waste burning capacity;
- (iii) The anticipated maximum charge rate; and
- (iv) If applicable, the petition for site-specific operating parameters under §60.56c(j).
- (b) The owner or operator of an affected facility shall maintain the following information (as applicable) for a period of at least 5 years:
  - (1) Calendar date of each record;
  - (2) Records of the following data:
- (i) Concentrations of any pollutant listed in §60.52c or measurements of opacity as determined by the continuous emission monitoring system (if applicable);

- (ii) Results of fugitive emissions (by EPA Reference Method 22) tests, if applicable;
- (iii) HMIWI charge dates, times, and weights and hourly charge rates;
- (iv) Fabric filter inlet temperatures during each minute of operation, as applicable:
- (v) Amount and type of dioxin/furan sorbent used during each hour of operation, as applicable;
- (vi) Amount and type of Hg sorbent used during each hour of operation, as applicable;
- (vii) Amount and type of HCl sorbent used during each hour of operation, as applicable;
- (viii) For affected facilities as defined in 60.50c(a)(3) and (4), amount and type of  $NO_X$  reagent used during each hour of operation, as applicable;
- (ix) Secondary chamber temperatures recorded during each minute of operation:
- (x) Liquor flow rate to the wet scrubber inlet during each minute of operation, as applicable;
- (xi) Horsepower or amperage to the wet scrubber during each minute of operation, as applicable;
- (xii) Pressure drop across the wet scrubber system during each minute of operation, as applicable,
- (xiii) Temperature at the outlet from the wet scrubber during each minute of operation, as applicable;
- (xiv) pH at the inlet to the wet scrubber during each minute of operation, as applicable.
- (xv) Records indicating use of the bypass stack, including dates, times, and durations, and
- (xvi) For affected facilities complying with §60.56c(j) and §60.57c(d), the owner or operator shall maintain all operating parameter data collected;
- (xvii) For affected facilities as defined in §60.50c(a)(3) and (4), records of the annual air pollution control device inspections, any required maintenance, and any repairs not completed within 10 days of an inspection or the time-frame established by the Administrator.
- (xviii) For affected facilities as defined in §60.50c(a)(3) and (4), records of each bag leak detection system alarm,