Public Health Service, HHS

§ 124.503 Compliance level.

(a) Annual compliance level. Subject to the provisions of this subpart, a facility is in compliance with its assurance to provide a reasonable volume of services to persons unable to pay if it provides for the fiscal year uncompensated services at a level not less than the lesser of—

(1) Three percent of its operating costs for the most recent fiscal year for which an audited financial statement is available; or

(2) Ten percent of all Federal assistance provided to or on behalf of the facility, adjusted by a percentage equal to the percentage change in the CPI between the year in which the facility received assistance or 1979, whichever is later, and the most recent year for which a published index is available.

(b) Deficits. If in any fiscal year a facility fails to meet its annual compliance level, it shall provide uncompensated services in an amount sufficient to make up that deficit in subsequent

and Economic Development Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. 3121, et seq.); the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965, as amended (40 U.S.C. App.); the Local Public Works Capital Development and Investment Act of 1976 (Pub. L. 94–369). In the case of a loan guaranteed by the Secretary with an interest subsidy, the amount of Federal assistance under title VI or title XVI for a fiscal year is the total amount of the interest subsidy that the Secretary will have paid by the close of that fiscal year, as well as any other payments which the Secretary has made as of the beginning of the fiscal year on behalf of the facility in connection with the loan guarantee or the direct loan which has been sold.

(g) Fiscal year means the facility’s fiscal year.

(h) Nursing home means a facility which received Federal assistance for and operates as a facility for long-term care as defined at, as applicable, section 645(h) or section 1624(6) of the Act.

(i) Operating costs for any fiscal year means the total operating expenses of a facility as set forth in an audited financial statement, minus the amount of reimbursement, if any, received (or if not received, claimed) in that year under titles XVIII and XIX of the Social Security Act.

(j) Persons unable to pay means persons who meet the eligibility criteria set out in §124.505.

(k) Request for uncompensated services means any indication by or on behalf of an individual seeking services of the facility of the individual’s inability to pay for services. A request for uncompensated services may be made at any time, including following institution of a collection action against the individual.

(l) Secretary means the Secretary of Health and Human Services or [his or her] delegatee.

(m) Uncompensated services means:

(1) For facilities other than those certified under §124.513, §124.514, §124.515, or §124.516, health services that are made available to persons unable to pay for them without charge or at a charge which is less than the allowable credit for those services. The amount of uncompensated services provided in a fiscal year is the total allowable credit for services less the amount charged for the services following an eligibility determination. Excluded are services provided more than 96 hours following notification to the facility by a quality improvement organization that it disapproved the services under section 1155(a)(1) or section 1154(a)(1) of the Social Security Act.

(2) For facilities certified under §124.513, §124.514, §124.515, or §124.516, services as defined in paragraph (m)(1) of this section and services that are made available to persons unable to pay for them under programs described by the documentation provided under §124.513(c)(2), §124.514(c)(2), or §124.516(c)(2), as applicable, or pursuant to the terms of the applicable grant or agreement as provided in §124.515. Except as provided in §124.516, excluded are services reimbursed by Medicare, Medicaid, or other third party programs, including services for which reimbursement was provided as payment in full, and services provided more than 96 hours following notification to the facility by a quality improvement organization that it disapproved the services under section 1155(a)(1) or section 1154(a)(1) of the Social Security Act.

years, and its period of obligation shall be extended until the deficit is made up.

(1) Types of deficits. For purposes of determining the timing and amount of any deficit make-up, there are two types of deficits:

(i) Justifiable deficits. A justifiable deficit is one in which the facility did not meet its annual compliance level due to either financial inability (as determined under §124.511(c)) or, although otherwise in compliance with this subpart, a lack of eligible applicants for uncompensated services during the fiscal year.

(ii) Noncompliance deficits. A noncompliance deficit is one in which the facility failed to meet its annual compliance level due to noncompliance with this subpart.

(2) Timing of deficit make-up—(i) Justifiable deficits. (A) A facility assisted under title VI of the Act may make up a justifiable deficit at any time during its period of obligation or in the year (or years, if necessary) immediately following its period of obligation.

(B) A facility assisted under title XVI of the Act is not required to make up a justifiable deficit.

(ii) Noncompliance deficits. (A) A facility must begin to make up a noncompliance deficit in the fiscal year following the finding of noncompliance by the Secretary.

(B) A facility which claimed financial inability under §124.509(a)(2)(iii) and is found by the Secretary, pursuant to §124.511(c), to have been financially unable to provide uncompensated services in the year in which the facility was incurred shall begin to make up the deficit beginning in the fiscal year following the Secretary’s finding.

(C) A facility required to make up a noncompliance deficit but which is determined by the Secretary, pursuant to §124.511(c), to be financially unable to do so in the year following the Secretary’s finding of noncompliance shall make up the deficit in accordance with a schedule set by the Secretary.

(3) Deficit make-up amount. (i) The amount of a deficit in any fiscal year is the difference between the facility’s annual compliance level for that year and the amount of uncompensated services provided in that year.

(ii) The amount of a justifiable deficit must be adjusted by a percentage equal to the percentage change in the CPI between the CPI available in the fiscal year in which the deficit was incurred and the CPI available in the fiscal year in which it was made up.

(iii) An amount equal to the result of dividing the amount of any noncompliance deficit for a fiscal year by the number of years of obligation remaining and adjusting it by a percentage equal to the percentage change in the CPI between the CPI available in the fiscal year in which the deficit was incurred and the CPI available in the fiscal year in which it was made up shall be added to a facility’s annual compliance level for each fiscal year following the fiscal year of the finding of noncompliance.

(4) Affirmative action plan for preventing future deficits. Except where a facility reports to the Secretary in accordance with §124.509(a)(2)(iii) that it was financially unable to provide uncompensated services at the annual compliance level, a facility that fails to meet its annual compliance level in any fiscal year shall, in the following year, develop and implement a plan of action that can reasonably be expected to enable the facility to meet its annual compliance level. Such actions may include special notice to the community through newspaper, radio, and television, or expansion of service to Category B, or, with respect to nursing homes, Category C, persons. The Secretary may require changes to the plan. Where a facility fails to comply with this section, the Secretary may require it to make up the deficit in the fiscal year following the year in which it was required to institute the plan.

(c) Excesses. (1) Except for facilities certified under §124.513, §124.514, §124.515, §124.516, or §124.517, if a facility provides in a fiscal year uncompensated services in an amount exceeding its annual compliance level, it may apply the amount of excess to reduce its annual compliance level in any subsequent fiscal year. The facility may use any excess amount to reduce its annual compliance level only if the services in excess of the annual compliance level are provided in accordance with the requirements of this subpart.
(2) Calculation and adjustment of excess. (i) The amount of an excess in uncompensated services in any fiscal year is the difference between the amount of uncompensated services the facility provided in that year and the facility’s annual compliance level for that year. (ii) The amount of any excess compliance applied to reduce a facility’s annual compliance level must be adjusted by a percentage equal to the percentage change in the CPI between the CPI available in the fiscal year in which the facility provided the excess, and the CPI available in the fiscal year in which the facility applies the excess to reduce its annual compliance level or satisfy its remaining obligation.

(3) Except as provided in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph, a facility assisted under title VI may in any fiscal year apply the amount of excess credited under this paragraph to satisfy the remainder of its obligation to provide uncompensated services. A facility’s remaining obligation is determined as follows:

(i) Where the annual compliance level in such fiscal year is established under paragraph (a)(2) of this section, the remaining obligation is:

(A) For grant assistance, 10 percent of each grant under obligation, multiplied by the number of years remaining in its period of obligation, adjusted as provided for in paragraph (a)(2) of this section, plus any deficits required to be made up and less any unused excesses accrued in prior years; and

(B) For loan assistance, the facility’s annual compliance level multiplied by the number of years remaining in the scheduled life of the loan, plus the sum of 10 percent of each year’s cumulative total of additional interest subsidy or other payments (which the Secretary will have made in connection with the guaranteed loan or a direct loan which has been sold) in each subsequent year remaining in the scheduled life of the loan, plus any deficits required to be made up, and less any unused excesses accrued in prior years; and

(ii) Where the annual compliance level in such fiscal year is established under paragraph (a)(1) of this section, the remaining obligation is the average of the facility’s annual compliance levels in the previous three years, multiplied by the number of years remaining in its period of obligation, plus any deficits required to be made up under this section, and less any unused excesses accrued in prior years.


§ 124.504 Notice of availability of uncompensated services.

(a) Published notice. A facility shall publish in a newspaper of general circulation in its area notice of its uncompensated services obligation before the beginning of its fiscal year. The notice shall include:

(1) The plan of allocation the facility proposes to adopt;

(2) The amount of uncompensated services the facility intends to make available in the fiscal year or a statement that the facility will provide uncompensated services to all persons unable to pay who request uncompensated services;

(3) An explanation, if the amount of uncompensated services the facility intends to make available in a fiscal year is less than the annual compliance level. If a facility has satisfied its remaining uncompensated services obligation since the last published notice under this paragraph, or will satisfy the remaining obligation during the fiscal year, the explanation must include this information; and

(4) A statement inviting interested parties to comment on the allocation plan.

(b) Posted notice. (1) The facility shall post notices, which the Secretary supplies in English and Spanish, in appropriate areas in the facility, including but not limited to the admissions areas, the business office, and the emergency room.

(2) If in the service area of the facility the “usual language of households” of ten percent or more of the population according to the most recent figures published by the Bureau of the Census is other than English or Spanish, the facility shall translate the notice into that language and post the translated notice on signs substantially similar in size and legibility to those supplied under paragraph (b)(1) of this section.