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Medicare enrollee, when it receives that information from CMS.

(8) If the HMO or CMP accepts applications while it is enrolled to capacity, its procedures ensure that vacancies are filled in chronological order by date of application of beneficiaries who are still eligible to enroll, unless that would result in failure to comply with any of the qualifying conditions set forth in §417.413.

[50 FR 1346, Jan. 10, 1985, as amended at 58 FR 38082, July 15, 1993; 60 FR 45677, Sept. 1, 1995; 76 FR 21560, Apr. 15, 2011]

§ 417.432 Conversion of enrollment.

- (a) Basic rule. An HMO or CMP must accept as a Medicare enrollee any individual who is enrolled in the HMO or CMP for the month immediately before the month in which he or she is entitled to both Medicare Parts A and B or Part B only.
- (b) Effective date of conversion. Unless the individual chooses to disenroll from the HMO or CMP the individual's conversion to a Medicare enrollee is effective the month in which he or she is entitled to both Medicare Parts A and B or Part B only.
- (c) Prohibition against disenrollment. An HMO or CMP may not disenroll an individual who is converting under the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section unless one of the conditions specified in §417.460 is met.
- (d) Application form. The individual who is converting must sign an application form as described in §417.430(a).
- (e) Expedited submittal of information to CMS. The HMO or CMP must notify CMS, within the following time frames, of the enrollee's authorization for disclosure and exchange of information and the information necessary for CMS to include the enrollee in its records as a Medicare enrollee of the HMO or CMP:
- (1) At least 30, but no earlier than 90, days before the enrollee—
 - (i) Attains age 65; or
- (ii) Reaches his or her 25th month of entitlement to social security disability benefits under title II of the Act or railroad retirement disability benefits under section 7(d) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974.
- (2) Within 30 days after the enrollee initiates a course of renal dialysis, or

on or before the day he or she enters a hospital in anticipation of a kidney transplant.

[50 FR 1346, Jan. 10, 1985, as amended at 56 FR 46570, Sept. 13, 1991; 58 FR 38082, July 15, 1993; 60 FR 45677, Sept. 1, 1995]

§417.434 Reenrollment.

If an HMO or CMP requires periodic reenrollment, it must reenroll Medicare enrollees unless there is a basis for disenrollment as set forth in §417.460.

[50 FR 1346, Jan. 10, 1985, as amended at 58 FR 38082, July 15, 1993]

§417.436 Rules for enrollees.

- (a) Maintaining rules. An HMO or CMP must maintain written rules that deal with, but need not be limited to the following:
- (1) All benefits provided under the contract, as described in §417.440.
- (2) How and where to obtain services from or through the HMO or CMP.
- (3) The restrictions on coverage for services furnished from sources outside a risk HMO or CMP, other than emergency services and urgently needed services (as defined in §417.401).
- (4) The obligation of the HMO or CMP to assume financial responsibility and provide reasonable reimbursement for emergency services and urgently needed services as required by §417.414(c).
- (5) Any services other than the emergency or urgently needed services that the HMO or CMP chooses to provide as permitted by this part, from sources outside the HMO or CMP. A cost HMO or CMP must disclose that the enrollee may receive services through any Medicare providers and suppliers.
- (6) Premium information, including the amount (or if the amount cannot be included, the telephone number of the source from which this information may be obtained) and the procedures for paying premiums and other charges for which enrollees may be liable.
 - (7) Grievance and appeal procedures.
 - (8) Disenrollment rights.
- (9) The obligation of an enrollee who is leaving the HMO's or CMP's geographic area for more than 90 days to notify the HMO or CMP of the move or extended absence and the HMO's or CMP's policies concerning retention of