

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, HHS

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(2) Are not implemented in a budget neutral manner.

SOURCE: 44 FR 31142, May 30, 1979, unless otherwise noted.

[65 FR 18542, Apr. 7, 2000, as amended at 65 FR 67829, Nov. 13, 2000; 66 FR 59923, Nov. 30, 2001; 69 FR 832, Jan. 6, 2004; 69 FR 65863, Nov. 15, 2004; 71 FR 68228, Nov. 24, 2006; 72 FR 66933, Nov. 27, 2007; 73 FR 68814, Nov. 18, 2008; 74 FR 60681, Nov. 20, 2009; 75 FR 72265, Nov. 24, 2010]

PART 420—PROGRAM INTEGRITY: MEDICARE

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- 420.405 Rewards for information relating to Medicare fraud and abuse.
- 420.410 Establishment of a program to collect suggestions for improving Medicare program efficiency and to reward suggesters for monetary savings.

AUTHORITY: Secs. 1102 and 1871 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1302 and 1395hh).

Subpart A—General Provisions

§ 420.1 Scope and purpose.

This part sets forth requirements for Medicare providers, intermediaries, and carriers to disclose ownership and control information. It also deals with access to records pertaining to certain contracts entered into by Medicare providers. These rules are aimed at protecting the integrity of the Medicare program. The statutory basis for these requirements is explained in each of the other subparts.

[51 FR 34787, Sept. 30, 1986]

§ 420.3 Other related regulations.

(a) *Appeals procedures.* Part 498 of this chapter sets forth the appeals procedures available to providers whose provider agreements CMS terminates for failure to comply with the disclosure of information requirements set forth in subpart C of this part.

(b) *Exclusion, termination, or suspension.* Part 1001 of this title sets forth the rules applicable to exclusion, termination, or suspension from the Medicare program because of fraud or abuse or conviction of program-related crimes.

[51 FR 34787, Sept. 30, 1986, as amended at 52 FR 22454, June 12, 1987]

Subpart B [Reserved]

Subpart C—Disclosure of Ownership and Control Information

§ 420.200 Purpose.

This subpart implements sections 1124, 1124A, 1126, and 1861(v)(1)(i) of the Social Security Act. It sets forth requirements for providers, Part B suppliers, intermediaries, and carriers to disclose ownership and control information and the identities of managing employees. It also sets forth requirements for disclosure of information about a provider's or Part B supplier's owners, those with a controlling interest, or managing employees convicted of criminal offenses against Medicare, Medicaid, or the title V (Maternal and

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Child Health Services) and title XX (Social Services) programs.

[57 FR 27306, June 18, 1992, as amended at 60 FR 50442, Sept. 29, 1995]

§ 420.201 Definitions.

As used in this subpart unless the context indicates otherwise:

Agent means any person who has been delegated the authority to obligate or act on behalf of a provider.

Disclosing entity means:

(1) A provider of services, an independent clinical laboratory, a renal disease facility, a rural health clinic, a Federally qualified health center, or a health maintenance organization (as defined in section 1301(a) of the Public Health Service Act);

(2) A carrier or other agency or organization that is acting for one or more providers of services for purposes of part A and part B of Medicare; and

(3) A part B supplier, as defined in § 400.202 of this chapter.

Group of practitioners means two or more health care practitioners who practice their profession at a common location (whether or not they share common facilities, common supporting staff, or common equipment).

Indirect ownership interest means any ownership interest in an entity that has an ownership interest in the disclosing entity. The term includes an ownership interest in any entity that has an indirect ownership interest in the disclosing entity.

Managing employee means a general manager, business manager, administrator, director, or other individual that exercises operational or managerial control over, or who directly or indirectly conducts, the day-to-day operation of the institution, organization, or agency, either under contract or through some other arrangement, whether or not the individual is a W-2 employee.

Other disclosing entity means any other Medicare disclosing entity and any entity that does not participate in Medicare, but is required to disclose certain ownership and control information because of participation in any of the programs established under title V, XIX, or XX of the Act. This includes:

(1) An entity (other than an individual practitioner or group of practi-

tioners) that furnishes, or arranges for the furnishing of, items or services for which payment may be claimed by the entity under any plan or program established under title V of the Social Security Act or under an approved State Medicaid plan;

(2) An entity (other than an individual practitioner or group of practitioners) that furnishes, or arranges for the furnishing of, health-related services for which payment may be claimed by the entity under an approved State plan and services program under title XX of the Act; or

(3) A Medicaid fiscal agent.

Ownership interest means the possession of equity in the capital, the stock, or the profits of the disclosing entity.

Person with an ownership or control interest means a person or corporation that—

(1) Has an ownership interest totaling 5 percent or more in a disclosing entity;

(2) Has an indirect ownership interest equal to 5 percent or more in a disclosing entity;

(3) Has a combination of direct and indirect ownership interests equal to 5 percent or more in a disclosing entity;

(4) Owns an interest of 5 percent or more in any mortgage, deed of trust, note, or other obligation secured by the disclosing entity if that interest equals at least 5 percent of the value of the property or assets of the disclosing entity;

(5) Is an officer or director of a disclosing entity that is organized as a corporation; or

(6) Is a partner in a disclosing entity that is organized as a partnership.

Significant business transaction means any business transaction or series of transactions during any one fiscal year, the total of which exceeds the lesser of \$25,000 and 5 percent of the total operating expenses of the provider.

Subcontractor means—

(1) An individual, agency, or organization to which a disclosing entity has contracted or delegated some of its management functions or responsibilities of providing medical care to its patients; or

(2) An individual, agency, or organization with which an intermediary or