### §440.1

- 440.370 Economy and efficiency.
- 440.375 Comparability.
- 440.380 Statewideness.
- 440.385 Delivery of benchmark and benchmark-equivalent coverage through managed care entities.
- $440.390 \quad {\rm Assurance \ of \ transportation}.$

AUTHORITY: Sec. 1102 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1302).

SOURCE: 43 FR 45224, Sept. 29, 1978, unless otherwise noted.

## Subpart A—Definitions

### §440.1 Basis and purpose.

This subpart interprets and implements the following sections of the Act:

1902(a)(70), State option to establish a nonemergency medical transportation program. 1905(a) Services included in the term

"medical assistance."

1905 (c), (d), (f) through (i), (l), and (m) Definitions of institutions and services that are included in the term "medical assistance."

1913 "Swing-bed" services. (See §§447.280 and 482.66 of this chapter for related provisions on "swing-bed" services.)

1915(c) Home and community-based services listed as "medical assistance" and furnished under waivers under that section to individuals who would otherwise require the level of care furnished in a hospital, NF, or ICF/MR.

1915(d) Home and community-based services listed as "medical assistance" and furnished under waivers under that section to individuals age 65 or older who would otherwise require the level of care furnished in a NF.

[57 FR 29155, June 30, 1992, as amended at 61 FR 38398, July 24, 1996; 73 FR 77530, Dec. 19, 2008]

# § 440.2 Specific definitions; definitions of services for FFP purposes.

(a) Specific definitions.

*Inpatient* means a patient who has been admitted to a medical institution as an inpatient on recommendation of a physician or dentist and who—

(1) Receives room, board and professional services in the institution for a 24 hour period or longer, or

(2) Is expected by the institution to receive room, board and professional services in the institution for a 24 hour period or longer even though it later develops that the patient dies, is discharged or is transferred to another fa-

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cility and does not actually stay in the institution for 24 hours.

Outpatient means a patient of an organized medical facility, or distinct part of that facility who is expected by the facility to receive and who does receive professional services for less than a 24-hour period regardless of the hour of admission, whether or not a bed is used, or whether or not the patient remains in the facility past midnight.

Patient means an individual who is receiving needed professional services that are directed by a licensed practitioner of the healing arts toward the maintenance, improvement, or protection of health, or lessening of illness, disability, or pain. (See also § 435.1010 of this chapter for definitions relating to institutional care.)

(b) Definitions of services for FFP purposes. Except as limited in part 441, FFP is available in expenditures under the State plan for medical or remedial care and services as defined in this subpart.

[43 FR 45224, Sept. 29, 1978, as amended at 52 FR 47934, Dec. 17, 1987; 71 FR 39229, July 12, 2006]

#### § 440.10 Inpatient hospital services, other than services in an institution for mental diseases.

(a) Inpatient hospital services means services that—

(1) Are ordinarily furnished in a hospital for the care and treatment of inpatients:

(2) Are furnished under the direction of a physician or dentist; and

(3) Are furnished in an institution that—

(i) Is maintained primarily for the care and treatment of patients with disorders other than mental diseases;

(ii) Is licensed or formally approved as a hospital by an officially designated authority for State standardsetting:

(iii) Meets the requirements for participation in Medicare as a hospital; and

(iv) Has in effect a utilization review plan, applicable to all Medicaid patients, that meets the requirements of §482.30 of this chapter, unless a waiver has been granted by the Secretary.

(b) Inpatient hospital services do not include SNF and ICF services furnished