the other public and private health insurance programs. Coordination activities must be distinguished from other administrative activities common among different programs.

[65 FR 33622, May 24, 2000, as amended at 67 FR 61974, Oct. 2, 2002; 75 FR 48852, Aug. 11, 2010]

§457.626 Prevention of duplicate payments.

(a) *General rule*. No payment shall be made to a State for expenditures for child health assistance under its State child health plan to the extent that:

(1) A non-governmental health insurer would have been obligated to pay for those services but for a provision of its insurance contract that has the effect of limiting or excluding those obligations based on the actual or potential eligibility of the individual for child health assistance under the State child health insurance plan.

(2) Payment has been made or can reasonably be expected to be made promptly under any other Federally operated or financed health insurance or benefits program, other than a program operated or financed by the Indian Health Service.

(3) Services are for an unborn child and are payable under Medicaid as a service to an eligible pregnant woman under that program.

(b) *Definitions*. As used in paragraph (a) of this section—

Non-governmental health insurer includes any health insurance issuer, group health plan, or health maintenance organization, as those terms are defined in 45 CFR 144.103, which is not part of, or wholly owned by, a governmental entity.

Prompt payment can reasonably be expected when payment is required by applicable statute, or under an approved State plan.

Programs operated or financed by the Indian Health Service means health programs operated by the Indian Health Service, or Indian tribe or tribal organization pursuant to a contract, grant, cooperative agreement or compact with the Indian Health Service under the authority of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450, et seq.), or by an urban Indian organization in accord-

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ance with a grant or contract with the Indian Health Service under the authority of title V of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act (25 U.S.C. 1601, *et seq.*).

 $[65\ {\rm FR}\ 33622,\ {\rm May}\ 24,\ 2000,\ as\ amended\ at\ 67\ {\rm FR}\ 61974,\ {\rm Oct.}\ 2,\ 2002]$

§457.628 Other applicable Federal regulations.

Other regulations applicable to SCHIP programs include the following:

(a) HHS regulations in 42 Subpart B– 433.51-433.74 sources of non-Federal share and Health Care-Related Taxes and Provider-Related Donations; apply to States' SCHIP programs in the same manner as they apply to States' Medicaid programs.

(b) HHS Regulations in 45 CFR subtitle A:

- Part 16—Procedures of the Departmental Appeals Board.
- Part 74—Administration of Grants (except as specifically excepted).
- Part 80—Nondiscrimination Under Programs Receiving Federal Assistance Through the Department of Health and Human Services: Effectuation of title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964.
- Part 81—Practice and Procedure for Hearings Under 45 CFR part 80.
- Part 84—Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Handicap in Programs and activities Receiving or Benefiting From Federal Financial Assistance.
- Part 95—General Administration—grant programs (public assistance and medical assistance).

[66 FR 2670, Jan. 11, 2001, as amended at 72 FR 29836, May 29, 2007; 75 FR 73976, Nov. 30, 2010]

§457.630 Grants procedures.

(a) General provisions. Once CMS has approved a State child health plan, CMS makes quarterly grant awards to the State to cover the Federal share of expenditures for child health assistance, other child health assistance, other child health assistance, special health initiatives, outreach and administration.

(1) For fiscal year 1998, a State must submit a budget request in an appropriate format for the 4 quarters of the fiscal year. CMS bases the grant awards for the 4 quarters of fiscal year 1998 based on the State's budget requests for those quarters.