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- and (e) of this section, if the facility achieves substantial compliance, CMS resumes payment prospectively from the date that it verifies as the date that the facility achieved substantial compliance.
- (c) Restriction on payment after denial of payment is imposed. If payment to the facility or to the State resumes after denial of payment for all residents, no payment is made for the period between the date that—
- (1) Denial of payment was imposed; and
- (2) CMS verifies as the date that the facility achieved substantial compliance.
- (d) Retroactive resumption of payment. Except when a facility has repeated instances of substandard quality of care, as specified in paragraph (e) of this section, when CMS or the State finds that the facility was in substantial compliance before the date of the revisit, or before CMS or the survey agency received credible evidence of such compliance, payment is resumed on the date that substantial compliance was achieved, as determined by CMS.
- (e) Resumption of payment—repeated instances of substandard care. When CMS denies payment for all Medicare residents for repeated instances of substandard quality of care, payment is resumed when—
- (1) The facility achieved substantial compliance, as indicated by a revisit or written credible evidence acceptable to CMS: and
- (2) CMS believes that the facility will remain in substantial compliance.

§ 488.422 State monitoring.

- (a) A State monitor—
- (1) Oversees the correction of deficiencies specified by CMS or the State survey agency at the facility site and protects the facility's residents from harm;
- (2) Is an employee or a contractor of the survey agency:
- (3) Is identified by the State as an appropriate professional to monitor cited deficiencies:
 - (4) Is not an employee of the facility;
- (5) Does not function as a consultant to the facility; and

- (6) Does not have an immediate family member who is a resident of the facility to be monitored.
- (b) A State monitor must be used when a survey agency has cited a facility with substandard quality of care deficiencies on the last 3 consecutive standard surveys.
- (c) State monitoring is discontinued when— $\,$
- (1) The facility has demonstrated that it is in substantial compliance with the requirements, and, if imposed for repeated instances of substandard quality of care, will remain in compliance for a period of time specified by CMS or the State; or
- (2) Termination procedures are completed.

[59 FR 56243, Nov. 10, 1994; 60 FR 50119, Sept. 28, 1995]

§ 488.424 Directed plan of correction.

CMS, the State survey agency, or the temporary manager (with CMS or State approval) may develop a plan of correction and CMS, the State, or the temporary manager require a facility to take action within specified time-frames.

§ 488.425 Directed inservice training.

- (a) Required training. CMS or the State agency may require the staff of a facility to attend an inservice training program if—
- (1) The facility has a pattern of deficiencies that indicate noncompliance; and
- (2) Education is likely to correct the deficiencies.
- (b) Action following training. After the staff has received inservice training, if the facility has not achieved substantial compliance, CMS or the State may impose one or more other remedies specified in § 488.406.
- (c) Payment. The facility pays for directed inservice training.
- [59 FR 56243, Nov. 10, 1994; 60 FR 50119, Sept. 28, 1995]

§ 488.426 Transfer of residents, or closure of the facility and transfer of residents.

(a) Transfer of residents, or closure of the facility and transfer of residents in an emergency. In an emergency, the State has the authority to—