§ 150.305 Determination of entity liable for civil money penalty.

If a failure to comply is established under this Part, the responsible entity, as determined under this section, is liable for any civil money penalty imposed.

(a) Health insurance issuer is responsible entity—(1) Group health insurance policy. To the extent a group health insurance policy issued, sold, renewed, or offered to a private plan sponsor or a non-Federal governmental plan sponsor is subject to applicable HIPAA requirements, a health insurance issuer is subject to a civil money penalty, irrespective of whether a civil money penalty is imposed under paragraphs (b) or (c) of this section, if the policy itself or the manner in which the policy is marketed or administered fails to comply with an applicable HIPAA requirement.

(2) Individual health insurance policy. To the extent an individual health insurance policy is subject to an applicable HIPAA requirement, a health insurance issuer is subject to a civil money penalty if the policy itself, or the manner in which the policy is marketed or administered, violates any applicable HIPAA requirement.

(b) Non-Federal governmental plan is responsible entity—(1) Basic rule. If a non-Federal governmental plan is sponsored by two or more employers and fails to comply with an applicable HIPAA requirement, the plan is subject to a civil money penalty, irrespective of whether a civil money penalty is imposed under paragraph (a) of this section. The plan is the responsible entity irrespective of whether the plan is administered by a health insurance issuer, the employer, or a third-party administrator.

(2) Exception. In the case of a non-Federal governmental plan that is not provided through health insurance coverage, this paragraph (c) does not apply to the extent the non-Federal governmental employer has elected under §146.180 to exempt the plan from applicable HIPAA requirements.

(d) Actions or inactions of agent. A principal is liable for penalties assessed for the actions or inactions of its agent.

§ 150.307 Notice to responsible entities.

If an investigation under §150.303 indicates a potential violation, CMS provides written notice to the responsible entity or entities identified under §150.305. The notice does the following:

(a) Describes the substance of any complaint or other information.

(b) Provides 30 days from the date of the notice for the responsible entity or entities to respond with additional information, including documentation of compliance as described in §150.311.

(c) States that a civil money penalty may be assessed.

[64 FR 45795, Aug. 20, 1999, as amended at 70 FR 71023, Nov. 25, 2005]

§ 150.309 Request for extension.

In circumstances in which an entity cannot prepare a response to CMS within the 30 days provided in the notice, the entity may make a written request for an extension from CMS detailing the reason for the extension request and showing good cause. If CMS grants the extension, the responsible entity must respond to the notice within the time frame specified in CMS’s letter granting the extension of time. Failure to respond within 30 days, or within the extended time frame, may result in CMS’s imposition of a civil money penalty based upon the complaint or other information alleging or indicating a violation of HIPAA requirements.