

(3) A written determination is not required if all of the following conditions are present:

(i) The acquisition was conducted through use of full and open competition.

(ii) The acquisition was synopsisized in accordance with 5.201.

(iii) No offer for a domestic end product was received.

(c) *Unreasonable cost.* The contracting officer may determine that the cost of a domestic end product would be unreasonable, in accordance with 25.105 and Subpart 25.5.

(d) *Resale.* The contracting officer may purchase foreign end products specifically for commissary resale.

(e) *Information technology that is a commercial item.* The restriction on purchasing foreign end products does not apply to the acquisition of information technology that is a commercial item, when using fiscal year 2004 or subsequent fiscal year funds (Section 535(a) of Division F, Title V, Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2004, and similar sections in subsequent appropriations acts).

[64 FR 72419, Dec. 27, 1999, as amended at 70 FR 11742, Mar. 9, 2005; 71 FR 224, Jan. 3, 2006]

25.104 Nonavailable articles.

(a) The following articles have been determined to be nonavailable in accordance with 25.103(b)(1)(i):

Acetylene, black.
 Agar, bulk.
 Anise.
 Antimony, as metal or oxide.
 Asbestos, amosite, chrysotile, and crocidolite.
 Bamboo shoots.
 Bananas.
 Bauxite.
 Beef, corned, canned.
 Beef extract.
 Bephenium hydroxynapthoate.
 Bismuth.
 Books, trade, text, technical, or scientific; newspapers; pamphlets; magazines; periodicals; printed briefs and films; not printed in the United States and for which domestic editions are not available.
 Brazil nuts, unroasted.
 Cadmium, ores and flue dust.
 Calcium cyanamide.
 Capers.
 Cashew nuts.
 Castor beans and castor oil.
 Chalk, English.

Chestnuts.
 Chiclé.
 Chrome ore or chromite.
 Cinchona bark.
 Cobalt, in cathodes, rondelles, or other primary ore and metal forms.
 Cocoa beans.
 Coconut and coconut meat, unsweetened, in shredded, desiccated, or similarly prepared form.
 Coffee, raw or green bean.
 Colchicine alkaloid, raw.
 Copra.
 Cork, wood or bark and waste.
 Cover glass, microscope slide.
 Crane rail (85-pound per foot).
 Cryolite, natural.
 Dammar gum.
 Diamonds, industrial, stones and abrasives.
 Emetine, bulk.
 Ergot, crude.
 Erythrityl tetranitrate.
 Fair linen, altar.
 Fibers of the following types: abaca, abace, agave, coir, flax, jute, jute burlaps, palmyra, and sisal.
 Goat hair canvas.
 Goat and kidskins.
 Grapefruit sections, canned.
 Graphite, natural, crystalline, crucible grade.
 Hand file sets (Swiss pattern).
 Handsewing needles.
 Hemp yarn.
 Hog bristles for brushes.
 Hyoscyne, bulk.
 Ipecac, root.
 Iodine, crude.
 Kaurigum.
 Lac.
 Leather, sheepskin, hair type.
 Lavender oil.
 Manganese.
 Menthol, natural bulk.
 Mica.
 Microprocessor chips (brought onto a Government construction site as separate units for incorporation into building systems during construction or repair and alteration of real property).
 Modacrylic fiber.
 Nickel, primary, in ingots, pigs, shots, cathodes, or similar forms; nickel oxide and nickel salts.
 Nitroguanidine (also known as picrite).
 Nux vomica, crude.
 Oiticica oil.
 Olive oil.
 Olives (green), pitted or unpitted, or stuffed, in bulk.
 Opium, crude.
 Oranges, mandarin, canned.
 Petroleum, crude oil, unfinished oils, and finished products.
 Pineapple, canned.
 Pine needle oil.

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Platinum and related group metals, refined, as sponge, powder, ingots, or cast bars.
Pyrethrum flowers.
Quartz crystals.
Quebracho.
Quinidine.
Quinine.
Rabbit fur felt.
Radium salts, source and special nuclear materials.
Rosettes.
Rubber, crude and latex.
Rutile.
Santonin, crude.
Secretin.
Shellac.
Silk, raw and unmanufactured.
Spare and replacement parts for equipment of foreign manufacture, and for which domestic parts are not available.
Spices and herbs, in bulk.
Sugars, raw.
Swords and scabbards.
Talc, block, steatite.
Tantalum.
Tapioca flour and cassava.
Tartar, crude; tartaric acid and cream of tartar in bulk.
Tea in bulk.
Thread, metallic (gold).
Thyme oil.
Tin in bars, blocks, and pigs.
Triprolidine hydrochloride.
Tungsten.
Vanilla beans.
Venom, cobra.
Water chestnuts.
Wax, carnauba.
Wire glass.
Woods; logs, veneer, and lumber of the following species: Alaskan yellow cedar, angelique, balsa, ekki, greenheart, lignum vitae, mahogany, and teak.
Yarn, 50 Denier rayon.
Yeast, active dry and instant active dry.

(b) This list will be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER for public comment no less frequently than once every five years. Unsolicited recommendations for deletions from this list may be submitted at any time and should provide sufficient data and rationale to permit evaluation (see 1.502).

[64 FR 72419, Dec. 27, 1999, as amended at 69 FR 34241, June 18, 2004; 70 FR 11743, Mar. 9, 2005; 75 FR 34283, June 16, 2010]

25.105 Determining reasonableness of cost.

(a) The contracting officer—

(1) Must use the evaluation factors in paragraph (b) of this section unless the head of the agency makes a written determination that the use of higher fac-

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tors is more appropriate. If the determination applies to all agency acquisitions, the agency evaluation factors must be published in agency regulations; and

(2) Must not apply evaluation factors to offers of eligible products if the acquisition is subject to a trade agreement under Subpart 25.4.

(b) If there is a domestic offer that is not the low offer, and the restrictions of the Buy American Act apply to the low offer, the contracting officer must determine the reasonableness of the cost of the domestic offer by adding to the price of the low offer, inclusive of duty—

(1) 6 percent, if the lowest domestic offer is from a large business concern; or

(2) 12 percent, if the lowest domestic offer is from a small business concern. The contracting officer must use this factor, or another factor established in agency regulations, in small business set-asides if the low offer is from a small business concern offering the product of a small business concern that is not a domestic end product (see Subpart 19.5).

(c) The price of the domestic offer is reasonable if it does not exceed the evaluated price of the low offer after addition of the appropriate evaluation factor in accordance with paragraph (a) or (b) of this section. (See evaluation procedures at Subpart 25.5.)

Subpart 25.2—Buy American Act—Construction Materials

25.200 Scope of subpart.

(a) This subpart implements—

(1) The Buy American Act (41 U.S.C. 10a - 10d);

(2) Executive Order 10582, December 17, 1954; and

(3) Waiver of the component test of the Buy American Act for acquisitions of commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) items in accordance with 41 U.S.C. 431.

(b) It applies to contracts for the construction, alteration, or repair of any public building or public work in the United States.

(c) When using funds appropriated or otherwise provided by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009