PART 609—CONTRACTOR QUALIFICATIONS

Subpart 609.2—Qualifications Requirements

Sec.
609.202 Policy.
609.206 Acquisitions subject to qualification requirements.
609.206-1 General.

Subpart 609.4—Debarment, Suspension, and Ineligibility

609.403 Definitions.
Debarring official means the Procurement Executive.
Suspending official means the Procurement Executive.

609.403–70 DOSAR definitions.
Fact-finding official means the chairperson of a three member fact-finding panel. The panel comprises one representative each from the Office of the Legal Adviser, the contracting activity, and the requirements office. The representative from the Office of the Legal Adviser is the panel chairperson.
Notice means a written communication sent by certified mail (return receipt requested) to the last known address of the party, its identified counsel, or its agent. In the case of a business, such notice may be sent to any partner, principal officer, director, owner or co-owner, or joint venturer. If no return receipt is received within 10 calendar days of mailing, receipt shall then be presumed. This definition applies to the notice requirements in FAR 9.406–3 and FAR 9.407–3.

609.404 Excluded parties list system.
A/OPE shall accomplish the agency responsibilities prescribed in FAR 9.404(c)(1) through (c)(3). The authority to establish procedures prescribed in FAR 9.404(c)(7) is delegated, without power of redelegation, to the head of the contracting activity.

609.404–70 Specially Designated Nationals List.
Contracting officers shall not award to any of the entities listed on the Specially Designated Nationals (SDN) List, available on the Department of Treasury’s Office of Foreign Assets Control Web site at http://www.treas.gov/oeac/. Contracting officers shall consult this list prior to award for any dollar amount. This list

AUTHORITY: 40 U.S.C. 486(c); 22 U.S.C. 2658.
SOURCE: 53 FR 26165, July 11, 1988, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart 609.5—Organizational and Consultant Conflicts of Interests

609.503 Waiver.

609.202 Policy.
The authority prescribed in FAR 9.202(a)(1) is delegated, without power of redelegation, to the head of the contracting activity.

609.206 Acquisitions subject to qualification requirements.
609.206–1 General.

(b) The authority prescribed in FAR 9.206–1(b) is delegated, without power of redelegation, to the head of the contracting activity.

[64 FR 43622, Aug. 11, 1999]
may also be accessed through the EPLS Web site at http://www.epls.gov.


609.405 Effect of listing.

(a) The Procurement Executive is the agency head’s designee for the purposes of FAR 9.405(a).

(d)(3) The Procurement Executive is the agency head’s designee for the purposes of FAR 9.405(d)(3).


609.405–1 Continuation of current contracts.

The Procurement Executive is the agency head’s designee for the purposes of FAR 9.405–1. The decision whether to terminate a current contract shall be made in consideration of the circumstances listed in 609.405–70.

609.405–2 Restrictions on subcontracting.

The Procurement Executive is the agency head’s designee for the purposes of FAR 9.405–2.

609.405–70 Termination action decision.

(a) Prior to making a decision to terminate, based on the consideration listed below, the contracting officer shall have the proposed action reviewed and approved by:

(1) The Office of the Legal Adviser;

(2) An individual one level above the contracting officer; and

(3) For overseas posts, A/OPE.

(b) Termination for default. Termination for default under a contract’s default clause is appropriate when the circumstances giving rise to the debarment or suspension also constitute a default in the contractor’s performance of that contract. Debarment or suspension of the contractor for reasons unrelated to the performance of that contract may not support a termination for default.

(c) Termination for convenience or cancellation. Termination for convenience or cancellation under appropriate contract clauses should be considered when the contractor presents a significant risk to the Government in completing a current contract and when such termination for convenience or cancellation is determined to be in the Government’s best interests. In making this determination, the contracting officer should consider such factors as the—

(1) Seriousness of the cause for debarment or suspension;

(2) Extent of contract performance;

(3) Potential costs to the Government;

(4) Urgency of the requirement and the impact of the delay; and/or

(5) Availability of other safeguards to protect the Government’s interests.


609.406 Debarment.

609.406–1 General.

The Procurement Executive is the agency head’s designee for the purposes of FAR 9.406–1(c).

609.406–3 Procedures.

(a) Investigation and referral. (1) DOS employees aware of any cause that may serve as the basis for debarment shall immediately refer those cases through the contracting officer to the debarring official. The debarring official shall immediately refer to the Office of the Inspector General all reported cases that involve possible criminal or fraudulent activities for investigation by that office. The Office of the Inspector General shall investigate the matter, as appropriate, and provide a copy of its investigation report to the Procurement Executive for consideration of debarment action, if and when appropriate. The contracting officer shall provide to the Procurement Executive and the Office of the Inspector General a copy of his or her intended actions in response to the Office of the Inspector General report.

(2) Referrals for consideration of debarment shall include—

(i) The cause for debarment (see FAR 9.406–2);

(ii) A statement of facts;

(iii) Copies of supporting documentary evidence and a list of all necessary or probable witnesses, including addresses and telephone numbers, together with a statement concerning