#### WINDCHILL CHART IN NON-METRIC UNITS

APPENDIX A-1-WINDCHILL CHART

WINDCHILL CHART												
	Local Temperature (°F)											
Wind Speed (MPH)	32	23	14	5	-4	-13	-22	-31	-40	-49	-58	
Calm	32	23	14	5	-4	-13	-22	-31	-40	-49	-58	
5	29	20	10	1	-9	-18	-28	-37	-47	-56	-65	
10	18	7	-4	-25	-26	-37	-48	-59	-70	-81	-92	
15	13	-1	-13	-25	-37	-49	-61	-73	-85	-97	-109	
20	7	-6	-19	-32	-44	-57	-70	-83	-96	-109	-121	
25	3	-10	-24	-37	-50	-64	-77	-90	-104	-117	-130	
30	1	-13	-27	-41	-54	-68	-82	-97	-109	-123	-137	
35	-1	-15	-29	-43	-57	-71	-85	-99	-113	-127	-142	
40	-3	-17	-31	-45	-59	-74	-87	-102	-116	-131	-145	
45	-3	-18	-32	-46	-61	-75	-89	-104	-118	-132	-347	
50	-4	-18	-33	-47	-62	-76	-91	-105	-120	-134	-148	
	Little Danger Considerable Danger						Very Great Danger					
For Properly Clothed Perso	or Properly Clothed Persons Danger From Freezing of Exposed Flesh											

[33 FR 12458, Sept. 4, 1968, as amended at 58 FR 32277, June 9, 1993]

### Subpart J—Adjustment of Work Schedules for Religious Observances

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 5550a.

#### §550.1001 Coverage.

This subpart applies to each employee in or under an executive agency as defined by section 105 of title 5, United States Code.

 $[43\ \mathrm{FR}\ 46288,\ \mathrm{Oct.}\ 6,\ 1978,\ \mathrm{and}\ 51\ \mathrm{FR}\ 23036,\ \mathrm{June}\ 25,\ 1986]$ 

# § 550.1002 Compensatory time off for religious observances.

(a) These regulations are issued pursuant to title IV of Public Law 95–390, enacted September 29, 1978. Under the law and these regulations, an employee whose personal religious beliefs require the abstention from work during certain periods of time may elect to en-

gage in overtime work for time lost for meeting those religious requirements.

- (b) To the extent that such modifications in work schedules do not interfere with the efficient accomplishment of an agency's mission, the agency shall in each instance afford the employee the opportunity to work compensatory overtime and shall in each instance grant compensatory time off to an employee requesting such time off for religious observances when the employee's personal religious beliefs require that the employee abstain from work during certain periods of the workday or workweek.
- (c) For the purpose stated in paragraph (b) of this section, the employee may work such compensatory overtime before or after the grant of compensatory time off. A grant of advanced compensatory time off should be repaid

by the appropriate amount of compensatory overtime work within a reasonable amount of time. Compensatory overtime shall be credited to an employee on an hour for hour basis or authorized fractions thereof. Appropriate records will be kept of compensatory overtime earned and used.

(d) The premium pay provisions for overtime work in subpart A of part 550 of title 5, Code of Federal Regulations, and section 7 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, do not apply to compensatory overtime work performed by an employee for this purpose.

[43 FR 46288, Oct. 6, 1978, as amended at 51 FR 23036, June 25, 1986]

## Subpart K—Collection by Offset From Indebted Government Employees

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 5514; sec. 8(1) of E.O. 11609; redesignated in sec. 2-1 of E.O. 12107.

SOURCE: 49 FR 27472, July 3, 1984, unless otherwise noted

# § 550.1101 Purpose.

This subpart provides the standards to be used by Federal agencies to prepare regulations implementing 5 U.S.C. 5514 and by OPM to review and approve such agency regulations, and establishes procedural guidelines to recover debts from the current pay account of an employee when the employee's creditor and paying agencies are not the same

#### §550.1102 Scope.

- (a) Coverage. This subpart applies to agencies and employees defined by §550.1103.
- (b) Applicability. This subpart and 5 U.S.C. 5514 apply in recovering certain debts by administrative offset, except where the employee consents to the recovery, from the current pay account of the employee. Because salary offset is a type of administrative offset, debt collection procedures for salary offset which are not specified in 5 U.S.C. 5514 and these regulations should be consistent with the provisions of the Federal Claims Collections Standards (FCCS) (dealing with administrative offset generally) and 31 CFR part 285

(dealing with centralized administrative offset under 31 U.S.C. 3716). Section 550.1108 addresses the use of centralized administrative offset procedures to effect salary offset. Generally, the procedures under §550.1109 should apply only when centralized administrative offset cannot be accomplished.

- (1) Excluded debts. The procedures contained in this subpart do not apply to debts arising under the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. 1 et seq.) or the tariff laws of the United States or to any case where collection of a debt by salary offset is explicitly provided for or prohibited by another statute (e.g., travel advances in 5 U.S.C. 5705 and employee training expenses in 5 U.S.C. 4108)
- (2) Waiver requests. This subpart does not preclude an employee from requesting waiver of an erroneous payment under 5 U.S.C. 5584, 10 U.S.C. 2774, or 32 U.S.C. 716, or in any way questioning the amount or validity of a debt, in the manner prescribed by the head of the responsible agency. Similarly, this subpart does not preclude an employee from requesting waiver of the collection of a debt under any other applicable statutory authority.

[49 FR 27472, July 3, 1984, as amended at 63 FR 72099, Dec. 31, 1998]

### $\S 550.1103$ Definitions.

For purposes of this subpart—

Agency means an executive department or agency; a military department; the United States Postal Service; the Postal Regulatory Commission; any nonappropriated fund instrumentality described in 5 U.S.C. 2105(c); the United States Senate; the United States House of Representatives; any court, court administrative office, or instrumentality in the judicial or legislative branches of the Government; or a Government corporation. If an agency under this definition is a component of an agency, the broader definition of agency may be used in applying the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 5514(b) (concerning the authority to prescribe regulations).

Creditor Agency means the agency to which the debt is owed, including a debt collection center when acting in behalf of a creditor agency in matters