Subpart G—Spousal Rights

1650.61 Spousal rights applicable to postemployment withdrawals.

1650.62 Spousal rights applicable to in-service with drawals.

1650.63 Executive Director's exception to the spousal notification requirement.1650.64 Executive Director's exception to

the spousal consent requirement.

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SOURCE: 68 FR 35503, June 13, 2003, unless otherwise noted

Subpart A—General

§ 1650.1 Definitions.

8474(b)(5), and 8474(c)(1).

- (a) Definitions generally applicable to the Thrift Savings Plan are set forth at 5 CFR 1690.1
 - (b) As used in this part:

In-service withdrawal means an agebased or financial hardship withdrawal from the TSP that may be available to a participant who has not yet separated from Government service.

Post-employment withdrawal means a withdrawal from the TSP that is available to a participant who is separated from Government service.

[68 FR 35503, June 13, 2003, as amended at 70 FR 32215, June 1, 2005]

§1650.2 Eligibility for a TSP with-drawal.

- (a) A participant who is separated from Government service can elect to withdraw a portion of his or her account balance in a single payment, or the entire account balance by one or a combination of the withdrawal methods described in subpart B of this part.
- (b) A post-employment withdrawal will not be paid unless TSP records indicate that the participant is separated from Government service. The TSP will cancel a post-employment withdrawal election upon receiving information from an employing agency that a participant is no longer separated.
- (c) A participant cannot make a postemployment withdrawal until any outstanding TSP loan has either been repaid in full or declared to be a taxable distribution. An outstanding TSP loan will not affect a participant's eligibility for an in-service withdrawal.

- (d) A separated participant who is reemployed in a position in which he or she is eligible to participate in the TSP is subject to the following rules:
- (1) A participant who is reemployed in a TSP-eligible position on or before the 31st full calendar day after separation is not eligible to withdraw his or her TSP account in accordance with subpart B of this part.
- (2) A participant who is reemployed in a TSP-eligible position more than 31 full calendar days after separation and who made a post-employment with-drawal while separated may not with-draw any remaining portion of his or her account balance in accordance with subpart B of this part until he or she again separates from Government service.
- (e) A participant who has not separated from Government service may be eligible to withdraw all or a portion of his or her account in accordance with subparts D and E of this part.
- (f) A participant can elect to have any portion of a single or monthly payment that is not transferred to an eligible employer plan or traditional IRA deposited directly, by electronic funds transfer, into a savings or checking account at a financial institution in the United States.
- (g) If a participant has a civilian TSP account and a uniformed services TSP account, the rules in this part apply to each account separately. For example, the participant is eligible to make one age-based in-service withdrawal from each account.

§ 1650.3 Frozen accounts.

- (a) All withdrawals from the TSP are subject to the rules relating to spousal rights (found in subpart G of this part) and to domestic relations orders, alimony and child support legal process, and child abuse enforcement orders (found in 5 CFR part 1653).
- (b) A participant may not withdraw any portion of his or her account balance if the account is frozen due to a pending retirement benefits court order, an alimony or child support enforcement order, or a child abuse enforcement order, or because a freeze has been placed on the account by the TSP for another reason.