- (c) Sport Fish Restoration—Aquatic Resource Education subprogram. Enhance the public's understanding of water resources, aquatic life forms, and sport fishing, and develop responsible attitudes and ethics toward the aquatic environment.
- (d) Sport Fish Restoration—Outreach and Communications subprogram.
- (1) Improve communications with anglers, boaters, and the general public on sport fishing and boating opportunities.
- (2) Increase participation in sport fishing and boating.
- (3) Advance the adoption of sound fishing and boating practices including safety.
- (4) Promote conservation and responsible use of the aquatic resources of the United States.

§ 80.52 May an activity be eligible for funding if it is not explicitly eligible in this part?

An activity may be eligible for funding even if this part does not explicitly designate it as an eligible activity if:

- (a) The State fish and wildlife agency justifies in the project statement how the activity will help carry out the purposes of the Pittman-Robertson Wildlife Restoration Act or the Dingell-Johnson Sport Fish Restoration Act; and
- (b) The Regional Director concurs with the justification.

§ 80.53 Are costs of State central services eligible for funding?

Administrative costs in the form of overhead or indirect costs for State central services outside of the State fish and wildlife agency are eligible for funding under the Acts and must follow an approved cost allocation plan. These expenses must not exceed 3 percent of the funds apportioned annually to the State under the Acts.

§80.54 What activities are ineligible for funding?

The following activities are ineligible for funding under the Acts, except when necessary to carry out project purposes approved by the Regional Director:

(a) Law enforcement activities.

- (b) Public relations activities to promote the State fish and wildlife agency, other State administrative units, or the State.
- (c) Activities conducted for the primary purpose of producing income.
- (d) Activities, projects, or programs that promote or encourage opposition to the regulated taking of fish, hunting, or the trapping of wildlife.

§ 80.55 May an agency receive a grant to carry out part of a larger project?

A State fish and wildlife agency may receive a grant to carry out part of a larger project that uses funds unrelated to the grant. The grant-funded part of the larger project must:

- (a) Result in an identifiable outcome consistent with the purposes of the grant program;
- (b) Be substantial in character and design;
- (c) Meet the requirements of §§80.130 through 80.136 for any real property acquired under the grant and any capital improvements completed under the grant; and
- (d) Meet all other requirements of the grant program.

§80.56 How does a proposed project qualify as substantial in character and design?

A proposed project qualifies as substantial in character and design if it:

- (a) Describes a need consistent with the Acts;
- (b) States a purpose and sets objectives, both of which are based on the
- (c) Uses a planned approach, appropriate procedures, and accepted principles of fish and wildlife conservation and management, research, or education; and
 - (d) Is cost effective.

Subpart F—Allocation of Funds by an Agency

§80.60 What is the relationship between the Basic Hunter Education and Safety subprogram and the Enhanced Hunter Education and Safety program?

The relationship between the Basic Hunter Education and Safety subprogram (Basic Hunter Education) and the