comparable in point or period of time and methodology employed.

- (b) Use of statistics on boundaries. The boundary of a rural area nominated for designation as an Empowerment Zone or Enterprise Community must coincide with the boundaries of Census tracts, or, where tracts are not defined, with block numbering areas, except:
- (1) Nominated areas in Alaska and Hawaii shall coincide with the boundaries of census tracts or block groups as such term is used for purposes of the 1990 Census:
- (2) Developable sites are not required to coincide with the boundaries of Census tracts; and
- (3) Nominated areas wholly within an Indian reservation are not required to adhere to census tract boundaries if sufficient credible data are available to show compliance with other requirements of this part. The requirements of § 25.103 are otherwise applicable.

 $[63 \ FR \ 19114, \ Apr. \ 16, \ 1998, \ as \ amended \ at \ 63 \ FR \ 53780, \ Oct. \ 7, \ 1998]$

§ 25.102 Pervasive poverty, unemployment and general distress.

- (a) Pervasive poverty. Conditions of poverty must be reasonably distributed throughout the entire nominated area. The degree of poverty shall be demonstrated by citing available statistics on low-income population, levels of public assistance, numbers of persons or families in poverty or similar data.
- (b) Unemployment. The degree of unemployment shall be demonstrated by the provision of information on the number of persons unemployed, underemployed (those with only a seasonal or part-time job) or discouraged workers (those capable of working but who have dropped out of the labor market—hence are not counted as unemployed), increase in unemployment rate, job loss, plant or military base closing, or other relevant unemployment indicators having a direct effect on the nominated area.
- (c) General distress. General distress shall be evidenced by describing adverse conditions within the nominated area other than those of pervasive poverty and unemployment. Below average or decline in per capita income, earnings per worker, per capita property tax base, average years of school com-

pleted; outmigration and population decline, a high or rising incidence of crime, narcotics use, abandoned housing, deteriorated infrastructure, school dropouts, teen pregnancy, incidents of domestic violence, incidence of certain health conditions and illiteracy are examples of appropriate indicators of general distress. The data and methods used to produce such indicators that are used to describe general distress must all be stated.

§ 25.103 Area size and boundary requirements

- (a) General eligibility requirements. A nominated area:
- (1) May not exceed one thousand square miles in total land area;
- (2) Must have one continuous boundary if located in more than one State or may consist of not more than three noncontiguous parcels if located in only one State;
- (3) If located in more than one State, must be located within no more than three contiguous States;
- (4) May not include any portion of a central business district (as such term is used for purposes of the most recent Census of Retail Trade) unless the poverty rate for each Census tract in such district is not less than 35 percent for an Empowerment Zone (30 percent in the case of an Enterprise Community);
- (5) Subject to paragraph (b)(4) of this section, may not include any portion of an area already included in an Empowerment Zone or Enterprise Community or included in an area otherwise nominated to be designated under this section:
- (b) Eligibility requirements specific to different rounds.
- (1) For purposes of Round I designations only, a nominated area may not include any area within an Indian reservation;
- (2) For purposes of applying paragraph (a)(1) of this section to Round II, Round IIS and Round III designations:
- (i) A Census tract larger than 1,000 square miles shall be reduced to a 1,000 square mile area with a continuous boundary, if necessary, after application of §§ 25.103(b)(2) (ii) and (iii);
- (ii) Land owned by the Federal, State or local government may (and in the event the Census tract exceeds 1,000

§ 25.104

square miles, will) be excluded in determining the square mileage of a nominated area; and

- (iii) Developable sites, in the aggregate not exceeding 2,000 acres, may (and in the event the Census tract exceeds 1,000 square miles, will) be excluded in determining the square mileage of the nominated area;
- (3) For purposes of applying paragraph (a)(2) of this section to Round II, Round IIS and Round III designations, the following shall not be treated as violating the continuous boundary requirement nor the limit on the number of noncontiguous parcels:
- (i) Exclusion of excess area pursuant to paragraph (b)(2)(i) of this section;
- (ii) Exclusion of government owned land pursuant to paragraph (b)(2)(ii) of this section; or
- (iii) Exclusion of developable sites pursuant to paragraph (b)(2)(iii) of this section; and
- (4) Paragraph (a)(5) of this section shall not apply where a Round I Enterprise Community is applying either in its entirety or together with an additional area for a Round II Empowerment Zone designation.
- [63 FR 19114, Apr. 16, 1998, as amended at 63 FR 53780, Oct. 7, 1998; 67 FR 13557, Mar. 25, 2002]

§25.104 Poverty rate.

- (a) General. Eligibility of an area on the basis of poverty shall be established in accordance with the following poverty rate criteria specific to Round I, Round II, Round IIS and Round III nominated areas:
- (1) Round I—(i) In each Census tract, the poverty rate may not be less than 20 percent;
- (ii) For at least 90 percent of the Census tracts within the nominated area, the poverty rate may not be less than 25 percent; and
- (iii) For at least 50 percent of the Census tracts within the nominated area, the poverty rate may not be less than 35 percent.
- (2) Round II, Round IIS and Round III—(i) In each Census tract, the poverty rate may not be less than 20 percent;
- (ii) For at least 90 percent of the Census tracts within the nominated area,

the poverty rate may not be less than 25 percent;

- (iii) Up to three noncontiguous developable sites, in the aggregate not exceeding 2,000 acres, may be excluded in determining whether the requirements of paragraphs (a)(2)(i) and (a)(2)(ii) of this section are met; and
- (iv) The Secretary may designate not more than one rural Empowerment Zone without regard to paragraphs (a)(2)(i) and (a)(2)(ii) of this section if such nominated area satisfies the emigration criteria specified in paragraph (b)(2)(iii) of this section.
- (b) Special rules. The following special rules apply to the determination of poverty rate for Round I, Round II, Round IIS and Round III nominated areas:
- (1) Round I—(i) Census tracts with no population. Census tracts with no population shall be treated as having a poverty rate that meets the requirements of paragraphs (a)(1)(i) and (a)(1)(ii) of this section, but shall be treated as having a zero poverty rate for purposes of applying paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of this section:
- (ii) Census tracts with populations of less than 2,000. A Census tract with a population of less than 2,000 shall be treated as having a poverty rate which meets the requirements of paragraphs (a)(1) (i) and (ii) of this section if more than 75 percent of the tract is zoned for commercial or industrial use;
- (iii) Adjustment of poverty rates for Round I Enterprise Communities. For Round I Enterprise Communities only, the Secretary may, where necessary to carry out the purposes of this part, apply one of the following alternatives:
- (A) Reduce by 5 percentage points one of the following thresholds for not more than 10 percent of the Census tracts (or, if fewer, five Census tracts) in the nominated area:
- (1) The 20 percent threshold in paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section;
- (2) The 25 percent threshold in paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of this section;
- (3) The 35 percent threshold in paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of this section; or
- (B) Reduce the 35 percent threshold in paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of this section by 10 percentage points for three Census tracts.