

Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA

§ 993.518

shall, subject to the limitation prescribed in §993.516, be according to those commercially recognized size categories as are listed in paragraph (a) of this section by numerical designation or in paragraph (b) of this section by nomenclature designation.

(a) *Numerical designations.* Each of the following is a numerical size category described by the range of the size counts of prunes per pounds included in the respective size categories expressed as follows or in an applicable equivalent range expressed in the metric system per 500 grams: 15/20, 15/22, 18/24, 20/30, 25/35, 30/40, 35/45, 40/50, 50/60, 60/70, 70/80, 75/85, 80/90, and 90/100.

(b) *Nomenclature designations.* Each of the following is a nonnomenclature size category:

- (1) Extra large;
- (2) Large;
- (3) Medium; and
- (4) Small, breakfast, petite, or economy.

(c) *Nomenclature designations defined.* As used in paragraph (b) of this section:

- (1) *Extra large* means any size count which falls within the range of 25 to 40 prunes, inclusive, per pound;
- (2) *Large* means any size count which falls within the range of 40 to 60 prunes, inclusive, per pound;
- (3) *Medium* means any size count which falls within the range of 60 to 85 prunes, inclusive, per pound; and
- (4) *Small, breakfast, petite, or economy* means any size count which falls within the range of 85 to 100 prunes, inclusive, per pound.

[26 FR 8281, Sept. 2, 1961, as amended at 49 FR 35930, Sept. 13, 1984]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 70 FR 30613, May 27, 2005, §993.515 was suspended indefinitely.

§ 993.516 Tolerances and limitations.

With respect to in-line inspections and floor inspections, prunes in a particular lot shall, subject to the other applicable requirements of this section, be considered as being according to a particular size category prescribed in §993.515 if the average size count of the prunes in such lot falls within the range of the size counts specified for such size category, and the count per pound of 10 ounces of the smallest prunes in a sample of 100 ounces varies

from the count per pound of 10 ounces of the largest prunes in such sample by no more than 45 points.

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 70 FR 30613, May 27, 2005, §993.516 was suspended indefinitely.

LABELING

§ 993.517 Identification.

The size category of the prunes in any lot shall be clearly marked by the handler on each consumer package of such prunes, on the parts or panels of the package or label which are normally presented in retail display, in terms of the applicable numerical or nomenclature designation prescribed in §993.515, which designation shall not be lacking in prominence and conspicuousness. Any handler may, at his option, clearly mark on such consumer package additional information describing in numerical terms the average size count, or particular range of size counts, of the prunes in such lot so long as such numerical terms fall within the range of the size counts of the applicable numerical or nomenclature designation and do not tend to be deceptive as to the actual average size count, or range of the size counts, of the prunes in such lot. Descriptive terms other than synonyms of the prescribed nomenclature designation or words of like connotation, describing the style of pack, variety of prune, or other item of commercial significance may also be marked on the consumer package. Prunes in any lot of which the maximum size count is less than 25 shall be clearly marked by the handler in terms of the applicable numerical designation prescribed in §993.515(a); and the handler may use nomenclature terms descriptive of size other than the nomenclature designations prescribed in §993.515(b).

[26 FR 8281, Sept. 2, 1961, as amended at 46 FR 38070, July 24, 1981]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 70 FR 30613, May 27, 2005, §993.517 was suspended indefinitely.

COMPLIANCE

§ 993.518 Compliance.

Whenever the season average price to producers for prunes is below the parity level specified in section 2(1) of the act, no handler shall ship consumer

§ 993.601

packages of prunes unless such prunes are packed and labeled in accordance with the specifications prescribed in this subpart; and whether prices are above or below parity, no handler shall use the nomenclature designations in § 993.515(b) to describe size categories other than those prescribed pursuant to § 993.515(c).

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 70 FR 30613, May 27, 2005, § 993.518 was suspended indefinitely.

Subpart—Grade Regulations

§ 993.601 More restrictive grade regulation.

(a) *Incoming and outgoing regulation.* Whenever the estimated season average price to producers for prunes does not exceed the parity level specified in section 2(1) of the act, the minimum standards which handlers' receipts of natural condition prunes are required to meet pursuant to § 993.49(a) shall be the standards specified in §§ 993.49(a) and 993.97(I), and the minimum standards which handlers' shipments or other final dispositions of prunes are required to meet pursuant to § 993.50(a) shall be the applicable standards set forth in § 993.97 *Exhibit A; minimum standards*, except that the following revised tolerance allowances shall apply in lieu of the tolerance allowances prescribed in paragraphs I C(2), II C(3), I C(5) and II C(6) of § 993.97 as follows:

(1) The combined tolerance allowance for off-color, inferior meat condition, end cracks, fermentation, skin or flesh damage, scab, burned, mold, imbedded dirt, insect infestation, and decay shall not exceed fifteen percent (15%), except that the first eight percent (8%) of end cracks shall be given one-half value and any additional percentage of end cracks shall be given full value.

(2) The combined tolerance allowance for mold, brown rot, imbedded dirt, insect infestation, and decay shall not exceed five percent (5%), and, within such tolerance, brown rot shall not exceed three percent (3%).

(b) *Above parity situations.* Whenever the estimated season average price to producers for prunes exceeds the parity level specified in section 2(1) of the act,

7 CFR Ch. IX (1–11 Edition)

the minimum standards set forth in § 993.97 shall apply in their entirety.

[27 FR 7540, Aug. 1, 1962, as amended at 59 FR 38113, July 27, 1994]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 70 FR 30613, May 27, 2005, § 993.601 was suspended indefinitely.

§ 993.602 Maximum tolerances.

In lieu of the provision prescribed in I C of § 993.97 that the tolerance allowances prescribed therein shall be on a weight basis, the tolerance allowance percentage for each defect or group of defects in I C of § 993.97 shall be derived by dividing the number of prunes in the applicable sample affected with the applicable defect(s) by the total number of prunes in such sample.

[39 FR 30344, Aug. 22, 1974]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 70 FR 30613, May 27, 2005, § 993.602 was suspended indefinitely.

PART 996—MINIMUM QUALITY AND HANDLING STANDARDS FOR DOMESTIC AND IMPORTED PEANUTS MARKETING IN THE UNITED STATES

DEFINITIONS

Sec.	
996.1	Act and scope.
996.2	Conditionally released.
996.3	Crop year.
996.4	Handle.
996.5	Handler.
996.6	Importation.
996.7	Importer.
996.8	Incoming inspection.
996.9	Inshell peanuts.
996.10	Inspection Service.
996.11	Negative aflatoxin content.
996.12	Outgoing inspection.
996.13	Peanuts.
996.14	Person.
996.15	Positive lot identification.
996.16	Producer.
996.17	Quota year.
996.18	Secretary.
996.19	Shelled peanuts.
996.20	USDA.
996.21	USDA laboratory.
996.22	USDA-approved laboratory.

QUALITY AND HANDLING STANDARDS

996.30	Incoming quality standards.
996.31	Outgoing quality standards.
996.40	Handling standards.
996.50	Reconditioning failing quality peanuts.