Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA

996.60 Safeguard procedures for imported peanuts.

REPORTS AND RECORDS

996.71	Reports and recordkeeping
996.72	Confidential information.
996.73	Verification of reports.
006 74	Commission

996.74 Compliance. 996.75 Effective time.

AUTHORITY: 7 U.S.C. 7958

SOURCE: 67 FR 57140, Sept. 9, 2002, unless otherwise noted.

DEFINITIONS

§ 996.1 Act and scope.

Act means Public Law 107–171, or the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002, enacted May 13, 2002. None of the definitions or provisions of this part shall apply to any other part or program (including, but not limited to, any program providing for payments or loans to peanut producers or other persons interested in peanuts or peanut quotas) unless explicitly adopted in such other part or program.

§ 996.2 Conditional release.

Conditional release means release from U.S. Customs Service custody to the importer for purposes of handling and USDA required sampling, inspection and chemical analysis.

[68 FR 1157, Jan. 9, 2003]

§ 996.3 Crop year.

Crop year means the 12-month period beginning with July 1 of any year and ending with June 30 of the following year, or other period established by USDA.

§ 996.4 Handle.

Handle means to engage in the receiving or acquiring, cleaning and shelling, cleaning inshell, or crushing of domestic or imported peanuts and in the shipment (except as a common or contract carrier of peanuts owned by another) or sale of cleaned-inshell or shelled peanuts or other activity causing peanuts to enter into human consumption channels of commerce: Provided, That this term does not include sales or deliveries of peanuts by a producer to a handler or to an intermediary person engaged in delivering peanuts to handler(s): And provided fur-

ther, That this term does not include sales or deliveries of peanuts by such intermediary person(s) to a handler.

§ 996.5 Handler.

Handler means any person who handles peanuts, in a capacity other than that of a custom cleaner or dryer, an assembler, a warehouseman or other intermediary between the producer and the person handling peanuts.

§996.6 Importation.

Importation means the arrival of foreign produced peanuts at a port-ofentry with the intent to enter the peanuts into channels of commerce of the United States.

§996.7 Importer.

Importer means a person who engages in the importation of foreign produced peanuts into the United States.

[68 FR 1157, Jan. 9, 2003]

§ 996.8 Incoming inspection.

Incoming inspection means the sampling, inspection, and certification of farmers stock peanuts to determine segregation and grade quality.

§ 996.9 Inshell peanuts.

Inshell peanuts means peanuts, the kernels or edible portions of which are contained in the shell.

§ 996.10 Inspection Service.

Inspection Service means the Federal Inspection Service, Fruit and Vegetable Programs, Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA or the Federal-State Inspection Service.

§ 996.11 Negative aflatoxin content.

Negative aflatoxin content means 15 parts per billion (ppb) or less for peanuts that have been certified as meeting edible quality grade standards.

§996.12 Outgoing inspection.

Outgoing inspection means the sampling, inspection, and certification of either: shelled peanuts which have been cleaned, sorted, sized and otherwise prepared for human consumption markets; or inshell peanuts which have been cleaned, sorted, and otherwise