§ 27.1391

specified in §§27.1391 and 27.1393, if the overlap intensities in relation to the main beam intensities do not adversely affect signal clarity. When the peak intensity of the forward position lights is greater than 100 candles, the maximum overlap intensities between them may exceed the values in §27.1395 if the overlap intensity in Area A is not more than 10 percent of peak position light intensity and the overlap intensity in Area B is not more than 2.5 percent of peak position light intensity.

§ 27.1391 Minimum intensities in the horizontal plane of forward and rear position lights.

Each position light intensity must equal or exceed the applicable values in the following table:

Dihedral angle (light in- cluded)	Angle from right or left of longitudinal axis, measured from dead ahead	Intensity (candles)
L and R (forward red and green).	10° to 10° 10° to 20° 20° to 110°	40 30
A (rear white)	110° to 180°	20

§ 27.1393 Minimum intensities in any vertical plane of forward and rear position lights.

Each position light intensity must equal or exceed the applicable values in the following table:

Angle above or below the horizontal plane	Intensity, I
0°	1.00
0° to 5°	0.90
5° to 10°	0.80
10° to 15°	0.70
15° to 20°	0.50
20° to 30°	0.30
30° to 40°	0.10
40° to 90°	0.05

§ 27.1395 Maximum intensities in overlapping beams of forward and rear position lights.

No position light intensity may exceed the applicable values in the following table, except as provided in §27.1389(b)(3).

	Maximum Intensity	
Overlaps	Area A (candles)	Area B (candles)
Green in dihedral angle L	10	1
Red in dihedral angle R	10]
Green in dihedral angle A	5	1
Red in dihedral angle A	5	1
Rear white in dihedral angle L	5	1

	Maximum Intensity	
Overlaps	Area A (candles)	Area B (candles)
Rear white in dihedral angle R	5	1

Where-

- (a) Area A includes all directions in the adjacent dihedral angle that pass through the light source and intersect the common boundary plane at more than 10 degrees but less than 20 degrees, and
- (b) Area B includes all directions in the adjacent dihedral angle that pass through the light source and intersect the common boundary plane at more than 20 degrees.

§27.1397 Color specifications.

Each position light color must have the applicable International Commission on Illumination chromaticity coordinates as follows:

- (a) Aviation red-
- y is not greater than 0.335; and z is not greater than 0.002.
- (b) Aviation green—
- x is not greater than 0.440-0.320y; x is not greater than y-0.170; and y is not less than 0.390-0.170x.
- (c) Aviation white—
- x is not less than 0.300 and not greater than 0.540;
- y is not less than $x\!-\!0.040\text{''}$ or $y_{\mathrm{c}}\!-\!0.010,$ whichever is the smaller; and
- y is not greater than x+0.020 nor 0.636-0.400x;
- Where y_c is the y coordinate of the Planckian radiator for the value of x considered.

[Doc. No. 5074, 29 FR 15695, Nov. 24, 1964, as amended by Amdt. 27–6, 36 FR 12972, July 10, 1971]

§ 27.1399 Riding light.

- (a) Each riding light required for water operation must be installed so that it can—
- (1) Show a white light for at least two nautical miles at night under clear atmospheric conditions; and
- (2) Show a maximum practicable unbroken light with the rotorcraft on the water.