§ 404.1350 Limits on granting World War II and post-World War II wage credits.

(a) You get wage credits for World War II or post-World War II active service only if the use of the wage credits results in entitlement to a monthly benefit, a higher monthly benefit, or a lump-sum death payment.

(b) You may get wage credits for active service in July 1947 for either the World War II period or the post-World War II period but not for both. If your active service is before and on or after July 25, 1947, we add the $160 wage credit to the period which is most advantageous to you.

(c) You do not get wage credits for the World War II period if another Federal benefit (other than one payable by the Veterans Administration) is determined by a Federal agency or an instrumentality owned entirely by the United States to be payable to you, even though the Federal benefit is not actually paid or is paid and then terminated, based in part on your active service during the World War II period except as explained in §404.1343.

(d) You do not get wage credits for the post-World War II period if another Federal benefit (other than one payable by the Veterans Administration) is determined by a Federal agency or an instrumentality owned entirely by the United States to be payable to you, even though the Federal benefit is not actually paid or is paid and then terminated, based in part on your active service during the post-World War II period except as explained in §404.1343.

§ 404.1343 When the limits on granting World War II and post-World War II wage credits do not apply.

The limits on granting wage credits described in §404.1342 (c) and (d) do not apply—

(a) If the wage credits are used solely to meet the insured status and quarters of coverage requirements for a period of disability as described in §§404.132 and 404.133;

(b) If you are the surviving spouse or child of a veteran of the World War II period or post-World War II period and you are entitled under the Civil Service Retirement Act of 1930 to a survivor’s annuity based on the veteran’s active service and—

1. You give up your right to receive the survivor’s annuity;

2. A benefit under the Civil Service Retirement Act of 1930 based on the veteran’s active service was not payable to the veteran; and

3. Another Federal benefit is not payable to the veteran or his or her survivors except as described in paragraph (c) of this section; or

(c) For the years 1951 through 1956, if another Federal benefit is payable by the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Coast and Geodetic Survey, or the Public Health Service based on post-World War II active service but only if the veteran was also paid wages as a member of a uniformed service after 1956.

§ 404.1350 Deemed insured status.

(a) When deemed insured status applies.

If you are the survivor of a World War II veteran, we consider the veteran to have died fully insured as discussed in §404.111 and we include wage credits in determining your monthly benefit or lump-sum death payment if—

1. The veteran was separated from active service of the United States before July 27, 1951; and

2. The veteran died within 3 years after separation from active service and before July 27, 1954.

(b) Amount of credit given for deemed insured World War II veterans. (1) When we compute a survivor’s benefit or lump-sum death payment, we give credit for—

   (i) $200 (for increment year purposes) for each calendar year in which the veteran had at least 30 days of active service during the post-World War II period beginning September 16, 1940, through 1950; and

   (ii) An average monthly wage of $160.

   (2) If the World War II veteran was fully or currently insured without the