

§ 702.251

(e) If either portion of a combined compensation and medical benefits settlement application is disapproved the entire application is disapproved unless the parties indicate on the face of the application that they agree to settle either portion independently.

(f) When presented with a settlement, the adjudicator shall review the application and determine whether, considering all of the circumstances, including, where appropriate, the probability of success if the case were formally litigated, the amount is adequate. The criteria for determining the adequacy of the settlement application shall include, but not be limited to:

(1) The claimant's age, education and work history;

(2) The degree of the claimant's disability or impairment;

(3) The availability of the type of work the claimant can do;

(4) The cost and necessity of future medical treatment (where the settlement includes medical benefits).

(g) In cases being paid pursuant to a final compensation order, where no substantive issues are in dispute, a settlement amount which does not equal the present value of future compensation payments commuted, computed at the discount rate specified below, shall be considered inadequate unless the parties to the settlement show that the amount is adequate. The probability of the death of the beneficiary before the expiration of the period during which he or she is entitled to compensation shall be determined according to the most current United States Life Table, as developed by the United States Department of Health and Human Services, which shall be updated from time to time. The discount rate shall be equal to the coupon issue yield equivalent (as determined by the Secretary of the Treasury) of the average accepted auction price for the last auction of 52 weeks U.S. Treasury Bills settled immediately prior to the date of the submission of the settlement application.

[50 FR 399, Jan. 3, 1985, as amended at 51 FR 4284, Feb. 3, 1986; 60 FR 51348, Oct. 2, 1995]

20 CFR Ch. VI (4-1-12 Edition)

CONTROVERTED CLAIMS

§ 702.251 **Employer's controversion of the right to compensation.**

Where the employer controverts the right to compensation after notice or knowledge of the injury or death, or after receipt of a written claim, he shall give notice thereof, stating the reasons for controverting the right to compensation, using the form prescribed by the Director. Such notice, or answer to the claim, shall be filed with the district director within 14 days from the date the employer receives notice or has knowledge of the injury or death. The original notice shall be sent to the district director having jurisdiction, and a copy thereof shall be given or mailed to the claimant.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1215-0023)

(Pub. L. No. 96-511)

[38 FR 26861, Sept. 26, 1973, as amended at 49 FR 18294, Apr. 30, 1984]

§ 702.252 **Action by district director upon receipt of notice of controversion.**

Upon receiving the employer's notice of controversion, the district director shall forthwith commence proceedings for the adjudication of the claim in accordance with the procedures set forth in subpart C of this part.

CONTESTED CLAIMS

§ 702.261 **Claimant's contest of actions taken by employer or carrier with respect to the claim.**

Where the claimant contests an action by the employer or carrier reducing, suspending, or terminating benefits, including medical care, he should immediately notify the office of the district director having jurisdiction, in person or in writing, and set forth the facts pertinent to his complaint.

§ 702.262 **Action by district director upon receipt of notice of contest.**

Upon receipt of the claimant's notice of contest, the district director shall forthwith commence proceedings for adjudication of the claim in accordance with the procedures set forth in subpart C of this part.