## Food and Drug Administration, HHS

from the nonpathogenic and nontoxicogenic bacterium *Alcaligenes faecalis* var. myxogenes.

- (b) Curdlan meets the following specifications when it is tested according to the methods described or referenced in the document entitled "Analytical Methods for Specification Tests for Curdlan," by Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., 12-10 Nihonbashi, 2-Chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, 103, Japan, 1996, which is incorporated by reference in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies are available from the Division of Petition Control (HFS-215), Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition, Food and Drug Administration, 5100 Paint Branch Pkwy., College Park, MD 20740, or may be examined at the Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition's Library, Food and Drug Administration, 5100 Paint Branch Pkwy., College Park, MD 20740, or at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202-741-6030, or go to: http:// www.archives.gov/federal register/  $code\_of\_federal\_regula\overline{ti}ons/$ ibr locations.html.
  - $\overline{(1)}$  Positive for curdlan.
- (2) Assay for curdlan (calculated as anhydrous glucose), not less than 80 percent.
- (3) pH of 1 percent aqueous suspension, 6.0-7.5.
  - (4) Lead, not more than 0.5 mg/kg.
- (5) Heavy metals (as Pb), not more than 0.002 percent.
- (6) Total nitrogen, not more than 0.2 percent.
- (7) Loss on drying, not more than 10 percent.
- (8) Residue on ignition, not more than 6 percent.
- (9) Gel strength of 2 percent aqueous suspension, not less than  $600\times10^3$  dyne per square centimeter.
- (10) Aerobic plate count, not more than  $10^3$  per gram.
- (11) Coliform bacteria, not more than 3 per gram.
- (c) Curdlan is used or intended for use in accordance with good manufacturing practice as a formulation aid, processing aid, stabilizer and thickener, and texturizer in foods for which standards of identity established under

section 401 of the act do not preclude such use.

[61 FR 65941, Dec. 16, 1996]

#### § 172.810 Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate.

The food additive dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate, which meets the specifications of the Food Chemicals Codex, 3d Ed. (1981), pp. 102–104, which is incorporated by reference (Copies may be obtained from the National Academy Press, 2101 Constitution Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20418, or may be examined at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202–741–6030, or go to: <a href="http://www.archives.gov/">http://www.archives.gov/</a>

federal\_register/ code\_of\_federal\_regulations/

*ibr\_locations.html.*), may be safely used in food in accordance with the following prescribed conditions:

- (a) As a wetting agent in the following fumaric acid-acidulated foods: Dry gelatin dessert, dry beverage base, and fruit juice drinks, when standards of identity do not preclude such use. The labeling of the dry gelatin dessert and dry beverage base shall bear adequate directions for use, and the additive shall be used in such an amount that the finished gelatin dessert will contain not in excess of 15 parts per million of the additive and the finished beverage or fruit juice drink will contain not in excess of 10 parts per million of the additive.
- (b) As a processing aid in sugar factories in the production of unrefined cane sugar, in an amount not in excess of 0.5 part per million of the additive per percentage point of sucrose in the juice, syrup, or massecuite being processed, and so used that the final molasses will contain no more than 25 parts per million of the additive.
- (c) As a solubilizing agent on gums and hydrophilic colloids to be used in food as stabilizing and thickening agents, when standards of identity do not preclude such use. The additive is used in an amount not to exceed 0.5 percent by weight of the gums or hydrophilic colloids.
- (d) As an emulsifying agent for cocoa fat in noncarbonated beverages containing cocoa, whereby the amount of

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the additive does not exceed 25 parts per million of the finished beverage.

- (e) As a dispersing agent in "cocoa with dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate for manufacturing" that conforms to the provisions of \$163.117 of this chapter and the use limitations prescribed in \$172.520, in an amount not to exceed 0.4 percent by weight thereof.
- (f) As a processing aid and wetting agent in combination with α-hydroomega -hydroxy - poly(oxyethylene) poly-(oxypropylene) (53-59)moles) poly(oxyethylene) (14-16 moles) block copolymer, having a molecular weight range of 3,500-4,125 and a cloud point of 9 °C-12 °C in 10 percent aqueous solution, for fumaric acid used in fumaric acid-acidulated dry beverage base and in fumaric acid-acidulated fruit juice drinks, when standards of identity do not preclude such use. The labeling of the dry beverage base shall bear adequate directions for use, and the additives shall be used in such an amount that the finished beverage or fruit juice drink will contain not in excess of a total of 10 parts per million of the dioctvl sodium sulfosuccinate-block copolymer combination.

[42 FR 14491, Mar. 15, 1977, as amended at 49 FR 10105, Mar. 19, 1984]

# $\S 172.811$ Glyceryl tristearate.

The food additive glyceryl tristearate may be safely used in food in accordance with the following prescribed conditions:

- (a) The food additive (CAS Reg. No. 555-43-1) is prepared by reacting stearic acid with glycerol in the presence of a suitable catalyst.
- (b) The food additive meets the following specifications:

Acid number: Not to exceed 1.0.
Iodine number: Not to exceed 1.0.
Saponification number: 186–192.
Hydroxyl number: Not to exceed 5.0.
Free glycerol content: Not to exceed 0.5 percent.
Unsaponifiable matter: Not to exceed 0.5 per-

Unsaponifiable matter: Not to exceed 0.5 percent.

Melting point (Class II): 69 °C-73 °C.

(c) The additive is used or intended for use as follows when standards of identity established under section 401 of the Act do not preclude such use:

Uses	Limitations
As a crystallization accelerator in cocoa products, in imitation chocolate, and in compound coatings.	Not to exceed 1 percent of the combined weight of the formulation.
<ol> <li>As a formulation aid as defined in § 170.3(o)(14) of this chapter, lubricant and release agent as defined in § 170.3(o)(18) of this chapter, and surface-finishing agent as defined in § 170.3(o)(30) of this chapter in food.</li> </ol>	Not to exceed 0.5 percent
<ol> <li>As a formulation aid as defined in § 170.3(o)(14) of this chapter in confections.</li> </ol>	Not to exceed 3.0 percent of the combined weight of the formulation.
<ol> <li>As a formulation aid as defined in § 170.3(o)(14) of this chapter in fats and oils as defined in § 170.3 (n)(12) of this chapter.</li> </ol>	Not to exceed 1.0 percent of the combined weight of the formulation.
<ol><li>As a winterization and frac- tionation aid in fat and oil processing.</li></ol>	Not to exceed 0.5 percent by weight of the proc- essed fat or oil.

- (d) To assure safe use of the additive:
- (1) In addition to the other information required by the act, the label or labeling of the additive shall bear the name of the additive.
- (2) The label of the additive shall bear adequate directions to provide a final product that complies with the limitations prescribed in paragraph (c) of this section.

[53 FR 21632, June 9, 1988, as amended at 59 FR 24924, May 13, 1994]

### §172.812 Glycine.

The food additive glycine may be safely used for technological purposes in food in accordance with the following prescribed conditions:

(a) The additive complies with the specifications of the "Food Chemicals Codex," 3d Ed. (1981), p. 140, which is incorporated by reference. Copies may be obtained from the National Academy Press, 2101 Constitution Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20418, or may be examined at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202-741-6030, or 20 to: http://www.archives.gov/ federal register/ code of federal regulations/ ibr locations.html.

 $\overline{(b)}$  The additive is used or intended for use as follows: