§ 184.1595 Pepsin.

(a) Pepsin (CAS Reg. No. 9001–75–6) is an enzyme preparation obtained from the glandular layer of hog stomach. It is a white to light tan powder, amber paste, or clear amber to brown liquid. Its characterizing enzyme activity is that of a peptide hydrolase (EC 3.4.23.1).

(b) The ingredient meets the general requirements and additional requirements for enzyme preparations in the Food Chemicals Codex, 3d ed. (1981), p. 110, which is incorporated by reference in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies are available from the National Academy Press, 2101 Constitution Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20418, or available for inspection at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202–741–6030, or go to: http://www.archives.gov/federal_register/code_of_federal_regulations/ibr_locations.html.

(c) In accordance with §184.1(b)(1), the ingredient is used in food with no limitation other than current good manufacturing practice. The affirmation of this ingredient as GRAS as a direct food ingredient is based upon the following current good manufacturing practice conditions of use:

1. The ingredient is used as an enzyme as defined in §170.3(n)(9) of this chapter to hydrolyze proteins or polypeptides.

2. The ingredient is used in food at levels not to exceed current good manufacturing practice.

(60 FR 32911, June 26, 1995)

§ 184.1610 Potassium alginate.

(a) Potassium alginate (CAS Reg. No. 9005–36–1) is the potassium salt of alginic acid, a natural polyuronide constituent of certain brown algae. Potassium alginate is prepared by the neutralization of purified alginic acid with appropriate pH control agents.

(b) The ingredient meets the specifications of the Food Chemicals Codex, 3d Ed. (1981), p. 239, which is incorporated by reference. Copies are available from the National Academy Press, 2101 Constitution Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20418, or available for inspection at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202–741–6030, or go to: http://www.archives.gov/federal_register/code_of_federal_regulations/ibr_locations.html.

(c) In accordance with §184.1(b)(2), the ingredient is used in food only within the following specific limitations:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category of food</th>
<th>Maximum level of use in food (as served) (percent)</th>
<th>Functional use</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Confections and frostings, § 170.3(n)(9) of this chapter</td>
<td>0.1 stabilization, thickener, § 170.3(o)(28) of this chapter</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gelatins and puddings, § 170.3(n)(22) of this chapter</td>
<td>0.7 Do.</td>
<td>Do.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Processed fruits and fruit juices, § 170.3(n)(35) of this chapter</td>
<td>0.25 Do.</td>
<td>Do.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All other food categories</td>
<td>0.01 Do.</td>
<td>Do.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(d) Prior sanctions for potassium alginate different from the uses established in this section do not exist or have been waived.

(47 FR 29951, July 9, 1982)

§ 184.1613 Potassium bicarbonate.

(a) Potassium bicarbonate (KHCO₃, CAS Reg. No. 298–14–6) is made by the following processes:

1. By treating a solution of potassium hydroxide with carbon dioxide;

2. By treating a solution of potassium carbonate with carbon dioxide.

(b) The ingredient meets the specifications of the Food Chemicals Codex, 3d Ed. (1981), p. 239, which is incorporated by reference. Copies are available from the National Academy Press,