of this chapter, but may require bioequivalency and safety information.

[40 FR 13838, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 47
FR 51564, Nov. 16, 1982; 48 FR 32342, July 15, 1983; 53 FR 40727, Oct. 18, 1988; 62 FR 35076, June 30, 1997]

§520.763b Dithiazanine iodide powder.

(a) Chemical name. 3-Ethyl-2-[5-(3-ethyl-2-benzothiazolinylidene)-1,3-pentadienyl]-benzothiazoliumiodide.

(b) *Specifications*. Dithiazanine iodide powder contains 200 milligrams of dithiazanine iodide per level standard tablespoon.

(c) Sponsor. See No. 000010 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

(d) Conditions of use. (1) Dithiazanine iodide powder is administered to dogs by mixing the proper dosage in the dog's food, using the following dosage schedule for various parasite infestations:

	Milligrams per pound of body weight	Length of treatment— days
Large roundworms (<i>Toxocara canis, Toxascaris leonina</i>)	10	3–5
Hookworms (Ancylostoma caninum. Uncinaria		
stenocephala)	10	7
Whipworms (Trichuris vulpis)	10	7
Strongyloides (Strongyloides canis, Strongyloides		
stercoralis)	10	10–12
Heartworm microfilariae (Dirofilaria immitus)	3–5	7–10

Note: Treatment with dithiazanine iodide for heartworm microfilariae should follow 6 weeks after therapy for adult worms.

(2) The drug is contraindicated in animals sensitive to dithiazanine iodide and should be used cautiously, if at all, in dogs with reduced renal function.

(3) Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

(e) Use for treating dogs for large roundworms, hookworms, whipworms, and strongyloides as provided for in this section has been NAS/NRC reviewed and deemed effective. Applications for these uses need not include effectiveness data as specified by §514.111 21 CFR Ch. I (4–1–12 Edition)

of this chapter, but may require bioequivalency and safety information.

[40 FR 13838, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 47
FR 51564, Nov. 16, 1982; 48 FR 32342, July 15, 1983; 53 FR 40727, Oct. 18, 1988; 62 FR 35076, June 30, 1997]

§ 520.763c Dithiazanine iodide and piperazine citrate suspension.

(a) *Specifications*. Each milliliter of the drug contains 69 milligrams of dithiazanine iodide and 83 milligrams of piperazine base (as piperazine citrate).

(b) Sponsor. See 000010 in 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) *NAS/NRC status*. The conditions of use are NAS/NRC reviewed and found effective. Applications for these uses need not include effectiveness data as specified by §514.111 of this chapter, but may require bioequivalency and safety information.

(d) Conditions of use—(1) Amount. 1 ounce (30 milliliters) per 100 pounds of body weight for the first 500 pounds; $\frac{3}{4}$ ounce for each 100 pounds thereafter, up to 1,200 pounds; $10\frac{1}{4}$ ounces to animals over 1,200 pounds.

(2) Indications for use. For control of large roundworms, Parascaris equorum; small strongyles; large strongyles, Strongylus vulgaris; and pinworms, Oxyuris equi.

(3) Limitations. Administer by drench or mixed with the daily ration as a single dose. Treatment is recommended in spring and fall. In a heavily infested environment, treatment may be repeated every 30 days. Not for use in horses intended for food purposes. Severely debilitated animals should not be wormed except on the advice of a veterinarian. If the drug is for administration by stomach tube, it shall be labeled: "Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian."

[47 FR 52696, Nov. 23, 1982, as amended at 48
 FR 32342, July 15, 1983; 53 FR 40727, Oct. 18, 1988; 62 FR 35076, June 30, 1997]

§520.766 Domperidone.

(a) *Specifications*. Each milliliter of gel contains 110 milligrams (mg) domperidone.

(b) Sponsor. See No. 043264 in \$510.600 of this chapter.

Food and Drug Administration, HHS

(c) Conditions of use in horses—(1) Amount. Administer 0.5 mg per pound (mg/lb) (1.1 mg/kilogram (kg)) by mouth once daily starting 10 to 15 days prior to the expected foaling date. Treatment may be continued for up to 5 days after foaling if mares are not producing adequate milk.

(2) *Indications for use.* For prevention of fescue toxicosis in periparturient mares.

(3) *Limitations*. Do not use in horses intended for human consumption. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[75 FR 67031, Nov. 1, 2010]

§ 520.784 Doxylamine succinate tablets.

(a) *Specifications*. The drug is in tablet form and contains doxylamine succinate as the active drug ingredient.

(b) Sponsor. See No. 000061 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) Conditions of use. (1) The drug is used in conditions in which antihistaminic therapy may be expected to alleviate some signs of disease in horses, dogs, and cats.¹

(2) It is administered orally to horses at a dosage level of 1 to 2 milligrams per pound of body weight per day divided into 3 or 4 equal doses. It is administered orally to dogs and cats at a dosage level of 2 to 3 milligrams per pound of body weight per day divided into 3 or 4 equal doses.¹

(3) Not for use in horses intended for food. $^{\rm 1}$

(4) Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian. 1

[40 FR 13838, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 42
FR 60140, Nov. 25, 1977; 46 FR 48642, Oct. 2, 1981; 61 FR 8873, Mar. 6, 1996; 62 FR 61624, Nov. 19, 1997]

§ 520.804 Enalapril tablets.

(a) *Specifications*. Each tablet contains either 1.0, 2.5, 5.0, 10.0, or 20.0 milligrams of enalapril maleate.

(b) Sponsor. See 050604 in \$510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) Conditions of use—(1) Dogs—(i) Amount. 0.5 to 1.0 milligram of enalapril maleate per kilogram of body weight per day.

(ii) *Indications for use.* Treatment of mild, moderate, and severe (modified New York Heart Association Class II, III, IV) heart failure in dogs.

(iii) *Limitations*. Use 0.5 milligram per kilogram once daily. In the absence of adequate clinical response within a 2week period, use may be increased to twice daily (a total of 1.0 milligram per kilogram). Enalapril maleate is administered as conjunctive therapy with furosemide and digoxin in the treatment of dilated cardiomyopathy and furosemide with or without digoxin in the treatment of chronic valvular disease. The safety of enalapril for use in breeding dogs has not been established. Use in pregnant bitches is not recommended. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

(2) [Reserved]

[59 FR 17694, Apr. 14, 1994, as amended at 62 FR 63270, Nov. 28, 1997]

§ 520.812 Enrofloxacin tablets.

(a) *Specifications*. Each tablet contains either 22.7, 68.0, or 136.0 milligrams of enrofloxacin.

(b) Sponsor. See No. 000859 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) [Reserved]

(d) Conditions of use—(1) Amount. 5 to 20 milligrams per kilogram (2.27 to 9.07 milligrams per pound) of body weight.

(2) Indications for use. Dogs and cats for management of diseases associated with bacteria susceptible to enrofloxacin.

(3) Limitations. Administer orally as a single dose or divided into 2 equal doses at 12 hour intervals, daily. Administer for at least 2 to 3 days beyond cessation of clinical symptoms, for a maximum of 30 days. Safety in breeding or pregnant cats has not been established. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[54 FR 3444, Jan. 24, 1989, as amended at 55
FR 43327, Oct. 29, 1990; 62 FR 38906, July 21, 1997; 64 FR 48295, Sept. 3, 1999]

¹These conditions are NAS/NRC reviewed and deemed effective. Applications for these uses need not include effectiveness data as specified by §514.111 of this chapter.